

## IN MEMORIAM PRIVATE LOWELL E. HARTSHORN CO. A, MASSACHUSETTS 56<sup>TH</sup> VETERAN VOLUNTEERS OF WALPOLE, MASSACHUSETTS

Private Hartshorn grew up on Back Street, Walpole, Mass., later renamed “Lincoln Road” some time after the Civil War. His home was approximately at the intersection of Lincoln Road and Sleepy Hollow Lane. He first served in the Massachusetts 44<sup>th</sup> Regiment in Newbern, North Carolina. He later re-enlisted in the newly organized Massachusetts 56<sup>th</sup> Veteran Volunteers Regiment, and participated in General Grant’s overland campaign in Virginia, taking part in the battle of the Wilderness (May 5-7, 1864). He was taken prisoner on May 24, 1864 at the Battle of North Anna while acting as a skirmisher against enemy Rebel forces. He perished from disease and mistreatment at the infamous Rebel prison camp at Andersonville, Georgia, on December 16, 1864, at approx. age 20, along with approx. 13,000 other Union prisoners, nearly 750 from Massachusetts. He is buried in Grave No. 12299 at Andersonville National Cemetery.

Excerpt from remarks by Massachusetts Lieutenant Governor John L. Bates at Andersonville Prison Cemetery on December 16, 1901, at the dedication of the monument to the nearly 750 Massachusetts men who perished at the infamous Rebel Prison:

***“....with no opportunity to fight for life or feel that their country was to gain by their death, yet with resolution that was steadfast, and loyalty that was glorious, and patriotism that was sublime, they yielded not to tempting offers involving desertion of the Union cause, but, in the words of the legend on this stone, “They Chose Death rather than Dishonor.” They were heroes. They served Massachusetts, America, liberty, humanity. The State that sent them forth, and whose honor they defended, has not forgotten them, nor will she forget, nor will remembrance pass away, so long as patriotism is honored and liberty cherished among men, for they are immortal.”***

Michael E. Amaral  
Chairman, Walpole Historical Commission  
Walpole, Massachusetts

Image: Massachusetts Monument at Andersonville, made with granite from Quincy, Massachusetts  
Signature: Lowell Ebenezer Hartshorn, age 18, from Pay Roster, Mass. 44<sup>th</sup> Volunteer Militia, 1862

*Lowell E. Hartshorn*

Commonwealth of Massachusetts



R E P O R T  
OF THE COMMISSION ON

*Andersonville Monument*

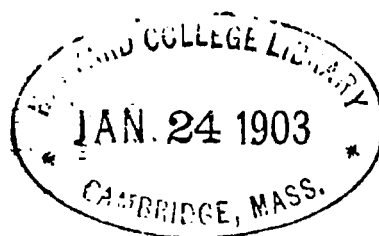


**Commissioners**

CHARLES G. DAVIS    THADDEUS H. NEWCOMB

FRANCIS C. CURTIS

LEVI G. McKNIGHT    EVERETT S. HORTON



BOSTON:  
WRIGHT & POTTER PRINTING CO., STATE PRINTERS.  
1902.

[CHAPTER 77.]

RESOLVE TO PROVIDE FOR THE ERECTION OF TABLETS OR MONUMENTS AT ANDERSONVILLE, GEORGIA, ON GROUNDS FORMERLY OCCUPIED AS A CONFEDERATE PRISON.

*Resolved*, That a commission composed of Charles G. Davis, Thaddeus H. Newcomb, Francis C. Curtis, Levi G. McKnight and Everett S. Horton, are hereby authorized to acquire, in the name of and for the Commonwealth, by purchase or otherwise, sufficient land on the site formerly occupied as a confederate prison at Andersonville, Georgia, and to erect thereon, or on land owned by the United States, suitable tablets, monuments, or a monument, to the memory of those Massachusetts soldiers who died at that place. The commission shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for necessary expenses actually incurred. The design for the tablets, monuments or monument shall be submitted to and approved by the governor and council, who shall approve all bills contracted hereunder before they are sent to the auditor for payment. The total expenditure under this resolve shall not exceed the sum of eight thousand dollars. [*Approved May 28, 1900.*]

## REPORT OF THE COMMISSION.

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To His Excellency W. MURRAY CRANE, *Governor*, and the HONORABLE COUNCIL.

SIRS : — The commissioners, appointed under the foregoing resolve, held their first meeting at the State House on Wednesday, June 6, 1900. Charles G. Davis was chosen chairman and secretary. The following committees were appointed : —

Committee on location of monument, and to secure title of land :  
CHARLES G. DAVIS, LEVI G. MCKNIGHT, FRANCIS C. CURTIS.

Committee on designs for monument : LEVI G. MCKNIGHT, THADDEUS H. NEWCOMB, EVERETT S. HORTON.

Since that date ten meetings have been held in Boston and one in Quincy, Mass. The commission decided to erect one monument, with five marking posts. Several designs were submitted, and the one drawn by William A. Richards of Quincy was selected. The Troy Granite Company of Worcester, Mass., Miller & Clark of Americus, Ga., McGillvray & Jones, McGrath Brothers and John Thompson & Sons of Quincy, Mass., were invited to submit estimates for building the monument. Each estimate was carefully examined, and, a majority of the commission favoring the proposal of John Thompson & Sons, the chairman was instructed to transmit the bids to the Governor and Council, with the commission's choice, asking for approval of the same, if, in

their judgment, it was for the best interests of the Commonwealth. They endorsed the action taken by the commission, and the firm of John Thompson & Sons was accordingly awarded the contract for the sum of \$3,400.

The prison property is now owned by the National Woman's Relief Corps, and at their eighteenth national convention the following recommendation, made by Mrs. Elizabeth A. Turner, chairman of the Board of Control, was adopted: —

That the National Woman's Relief Corps shall, by deed or gift, signed by the Board of Control of Andersonville prison property and national officers of the Woman's Relief Corps, assign land enough inside the prison stockade for the erection of monuments or tablets that any State or association may desire to erect in memory of the men who died for their country in Andersonville prison pen.

During the month of November, 1900, Levi G. McKnight and Everett S. Horton (*vice* Francis C. Curtis, unable to leave State) visited the prison grounds for the purpose of selecting a site. They chose a plot of ground on high land, equally distant between the north-west corner of the prison and the north gate, and 42 feet from the lot selected by the State of Ohio. The lot is bounded and described as follows: —

Beginning at a stone set in the ground 250 feet southerly from the stone boundary marking the north-westerly corner of the old stockade; thence running easterly in a straight line 85 feet to a stone set in the ground; thence turning by a right angle and running southerly in a straight line 50 feet to a stone set in the ground; thence turning by a right angle and running westerly in a straight line 85 feet to a stone set in the westerly line of the old stockade; thence northerly in the line of the old stockade 50 feet to the point of beginning.

The lot contains 4,250 square feet, and was purchased for a nominal sum from the Woman's Relief Corps, through Mrs. Elizabeth A. Turner, chairman of the Board of Control. The deed of the property is filed in the office of the Treasurer and Receiver-General of this Commonwealth.

The contract called for the completion of the monument on Oct. 15, 1901, but, owing to a defect in the die block, it became necessary to cut another stone, causing several weeks' delay.

The monument is built of Quincy granite, and is 14 feet high. There are three base stones, the lower one 10 feet 6 inches by 7 feet 6 inches by 1 foot 6 inches, the second 8 feet 6 inches by 5 feet 6 inches by 1 foot 2 inches, both having fine ten cut washes, exposed side faces rock and broken. The third base, on which the tablet rests, is 7 feet 6 inches by 4 feet 6 inches by 1 foot 10 inches, and has fine ten cut washes, front face also fine ten cut, with the name "MASSACHUSETTS" in raised letters, polished faces, other three exposed faces rock and broken.

The tablet is made of one piece of granite. The die is 6 feet by 3 feet by 7 feet, front panelled, the same bearing the coat-of-arms of the Commonwealth raised in relief; and below said coat-of-arms is the following inscription, in raised letters, polished faces: "ERECTED BY THE COMMONWEALTH IN MEMORY OF HER SONS WHO DIED IN ANDERSONVILLE, 1864-1865." On the reverse side a polished panel, similar in dimensions to front panel, bears the following inscription, in sunken letters: "RESOLVES 1900, CHAPTER 77. APPROVED MAY 28, W. MURRAY CRANE, GOVERNOR." Then follow the names of the commissioners. The remaining exposed faces of this die block are rock and broken.

The key-stone is polished on front and back. On the front appear, in polished raised letters, the words "DEATH

BEFORE DISHONOR;" and on the back, in sunken letters, the following: "NUMBER OF KNOWN DEAD, 767." The structure is surmounted by a ball 2 feet 6 inches in diameter, highly polished.

Four stone marking posts have been provided, of the following dimensions: 5 feet long, 1 foot square, 1 foot out of ground; the edges broken to a line, the top hammered; the word "MASS." (abbreviated) cut in the top, in sunken letters. One of these posts has been placed at each corner of the lot. A fifth post, 8 feet long and 1 foot square, 4 feet out of ground, with edges broken to a line, has been placed at the north-west corner of the stockade.

During the session of 1901 a resolve providing for the appointment of a committee to attend the dedication of the monument was introduced in the Legislature by John H. Casey, Esq., of Lee, Mass. It received the Governor's signature June 19, 1901, and reads as follows:—

[CHAPTER 115.]

RESOLVE RELATIVE TO THE DEDICATION OF TABLETS OR MONUMENTS AT ANDERSONVILLE, GEORGIA, ON GROUNDS FORMERLY OCCUPIED AS A CONFEDERATE PRISON.

*Resolved,* That there be allowed and paid out of the treasury of the Commonwealth a sum not exceeding thirty-eight hundred dollars, to be expended under the direction of the governor and council, to enable the Commonwealth to be properly represented at the dedication of the tablets or monuments erected under the provisions of chapter seventy-seven of the resolves of the year nineteen hundred, at Andersonville, Georgia, on grounds formerly occupied as a confederate prison, through the following officials:—His excellency the governor, or his honor the lieutenant governor, two members of the governor's staff, two members of the executive council, the secretary of the Commonwealth, the president of the senate, the speaker of the house of representatives, and a special committee of two members of the senate and six members of the



house, to be appointed by the presiding officers of the two branches, respectively, the members of the commission appointed under authority of chapter seventy-seven of the resolves of the year nineteen hundred, the chairman of the board of managers of the woman's relief corps, and the joint committee on military affairs.  
*[Approved June 19, 1901.]*

In accordance therewith the following were chosen to represent the Commonwealth : —

HIS HONOR JOHN L. BATES, *Lieutenant Governor.*  
 Brig-Gen. ROBERT A. BLOOD, *Surgeon General, Staff.*  
 Maj. GEORGE E. HAGAR, *Aide-de-Camp, Staff.*  
 Hon. GEORGE F. HARWOOD, *Councillor.*  
 Hon. ARTHUR A. MAXWELL, *Councillor.*  
 Hon. WILLIAM M. OLIN, *Secretary of the Commonwealth.*<sup>1</sup>  
 Hon. RUFUS A. SOULE, *President of the Senate.*  
 Hon. JAMES J. MYERS, *Speaker of the House of Representatives.*

*Joint Special Committee of Legislature.*

Senator JOHN T. SPARKS, Dracut.  
 Senator CHESTER B. WILLIAMS, Wayland.  
 Representative JOHN H. CASEY, Lee.  
 Representative CHARLES H. ALLEN, Spencer.  
 Representative HOMER R. KING, Worcester.  
 Representative JOSEPH E. BUSWELL, Methuen.  
 Representative GEORGE H. STACKPOLE, Lynn.  
 Representative ISAAC C. DAY, Boxford.

*Commission.*

CHARLES G. DAVIS, Boston.  
 THADDEUS H. NEWCOMB, Quincy.  
 FRANCIS C. CURTIS, Marlborough.  
 LEVI G. MCKNIGHT, West Gardner.  
 EVERETT S. HORTON, Attleborough.

Mrs. LIZABETH A. TURNER, *Chairman*, Board of Control,  
 Woman's Relief Corps, New Britain, Conn.

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<sup>1</sup> Was unable to accompany the party.

*Joint Committee on Military Affairs.*

Senator AUGUSTUS P. GARDNER, Hamilton.<sup>1</sup>  
 Senator JOHN F. MARSH, Springfield.  
 Senator WILLIAM NUTT, Natick.  
 Representative JOHN G. HAGBERG, Worcester.  
 Representative DANIEL W. DAVIS, Amesbury.  
 Representative WILLIAM S. WARRINER, Springfield.<sup>2</sup>  
 Representative GEORGE W. BULLARD, West Medway.  
 Representative GEORGE W. STONE, Oakham.  
 Representative DEXTER BUTTERFIELD, Dunstable.  
 Representative ARTHUR E. NEWCOMB, Ware.  
 Representative CHARLES N. GARDNER, Norwell.

Representative WILLIAM TURTLE accompanied the party.

The commission, through their chairman, notified the Governor and Council that the monument would be ready for dedication after Dec. 7, 1901. The following order was passed by the Governor and Council : —

Ordered, That the Adjutant-General be authorized, under the provisions of chapter 115 of the Resolves of 1901, to make all necessary arrangements for the visit of the Massachusetts delegation at the dedication of the tablets or monument erected under the provisions of chapter 77 of the Resolves of 1900, at Andersonville, Ga., on the ground formerly occupied as a Confederate prison ; and, as to details, that he confer with the finance committee of the Executive Council.

Adopted in Council Oct. 2, 1901.

E. F. HAMLIN, *Executive Secretary.*

The Council decided that the exercises should take place Thursday, Dec. 19, 1901, and in pursuance of their order,

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<sup>1</sup> Resigned ; Senator William A. Butler of Georgetown chosen to fill vacancy.

<sup>2</sup> Was unable to accompany the party ; Representative Samuel E. Hull of Millbury appointed to fill vacancy.

Samuel Dalton, Adjutant-General, made all the arrangements for the trip. He appointed Marcus Kimball of Lynn messenger.

The party left Boston on the Colonial express Monday morning, December 16, arriving in Andersonville on the morning of Thursday, December 19. Carriages conveyed the delegation to the prison grounds, and the dedicatory ceremonies were held promptly at 11 o'clock A.M.

The assembly was called to order by Everett S. Horton, president of the Massachusetts Association of Union Ex-Prisoners of War, who presided during the exercises. Prayer was offered by Francis C. Curtis, chaplain of the same association. At that time it was very cold and disagreeable. Rain was falling, freezing as fast as it fell. The monument was unveiled by Mrs. Elizabeth A. Turner, who made brief but very patriotic remarks, after which she placed a wreath upon the monument, the gift of the department of Massachusetts, Woman's Relief Corps. The company was then requested to repair to a building owned by the Woman's Relief Corps, where the services were continued.

Charles G. Davis, chairman of the commission, presented the monument, and His Honor John L. Bates, Lieutenant-Governor, accepted it in behalf of the Commonwealth. Following the latter's address, Francis C. Curtis and Levi G. McKnight, who were confined in Andersonville prison in 1864, gave stories of their prison life. Remarks were also made by Hon. Rufus A. Soule, President of the Senate, and Hon. James J. Myers, Speaker of the House of Representatives; then, with a few eloquent words, Lieutenant-Governor Bates presented the large American flag, which had draped the monument, to the Board of Control of the Woman's Relief Corps, through Mrs. Turner, who received the same in very touching and affectionate words for the flag

and for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The flag now floats over the Andersonville prison park.

The party left Andersonville at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, arriving in Boston at 8.20 P.M., Saturday, Dec. 21, 1901.

Since our return the lot has been graded and Bermuda grass roots planted, under the direction of Mrs. Turner. She has also planted some flowers, which will probably be in bloom on Memorial Day.

In closing this report, the commission desire to recommend that the sum of \$1,000 be taken from the appropriation already made for the monument, and be deposited with the Treasurer of the Commonwealth, the income therefrom to be paid annually to the Board of Control of Andersonville prison park, Woman's Relief Corps, said sum to be given for perpetual care of the grounds owned by the Commonwealth.

Respectfully submitted,

CHARLES G. DAVIS,  
THADDEUS H. NEWCOMB,  
FRANCIS C. CURTIS,  
LEVI G. McKNIGHT,  
EVERETT S. HORTON,

*Commission.*

BOSTON, MASS., April 30, 1902.

ADDRESSES DELIVERED

AT THE

DEDICATION.



OPENING REMARKS BY THE PRESIDING OFFICER,  
EVERETT S. HORTON.

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As president of the Massachusetts Association of Union Ex-Prisoners of War, it does me great honor to call this distinguished body to order. We have come here to perform a sacred duty for the grand old Commonwealth, to dedicate a monument erected to the memory of 767 of her sons who died in this prison, made sacred by their fidelity to their State and nation, — “ Their only crime, they wore the blue.”

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PRAYER BY FRANCIS C. CURTIS.

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Our Father and our God, we thank Thee that we can come to Thee as our Father. We rejoice that Thou art ever ready to hear us Thy children. Oh, we do thank Thee that we are permitted to see this day, — that we are permitted to stand on this ground made sacred by the sacrifice of so many lives for their country.

Oh, God, may we realize to-day, as never before, the great cost of suffering and loss of young lives, that the Republic might live. Although we come here to-day with sad hearts, yet we rejoice that Thou didst give these our comrades strength to remain steadfast and unyielding in that hour which tried men's souls. Oh, Lord, that vast army of martyrs comes before us, as we stand here, in all their bodily suffering and anguish of heart. We thank Thee that they were true to their country and that old flag which we all love so much.

Oh, God, we give Thee thanks for their devotion to country, and that we their comrades, after the lapse of so many years, can come here as the representatives of our good old Commonwealth, to erect a memorial in remembrance of these her sons. We feel it a great privilege, and we rejoice that our grand old State has thus remembered them by this tablet taken from her everlasting hills. We thank Thee that through the efforts of these and hundreds of thousands of their comrades we have to-day an undivided country, — that we are again a united people, ready to defend her against all her foes. We would thank Thee for what the country has done in years past for the friends of those who gave their lives in its defence, and for what it is now doing for those of us who still live. We thank Thee that Thou art using this nation to uplift the world. Bless us, and make us a people after Thine own heart. Oh, God, our Father, we do ask Thee to be with us as we go from this place and from the scenes and thoughts of this hour, and be our guide as long as life lasts. We pray Thee to bless this memorial to this and all coming generations, of whatever race or section, and may those who come to look upon it be inspired to the lives of patriots, and may we all realize more and more what it cost to have one flag and one country.

We are here to-day in Thy presence with malice toward none and love toward all, for we are all brothers, and the children of our Father. And now, as we go to our homes, we pray Thee to go with us and bless us; as we go down the decline of life, be our help and support. We ask all these favors in the name of Christ Jesus, our elder brother, who died for us. Amen.



ADDRESS BY MRS. LIZABETH A. TURNER AT THE  
UNVEILING OF THE MONUMENT.

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Thirty-seven years ago, 767 of Massachusetts' soldier sons gave up their lives here for the flag and the Union it represented. To-day the loyal sons of that same State are gathered here to dedicate, with loving remembrance, a monument erected in their memory. With the flag they died to save unfolded before us, I can but ask the great Commander of us all to bind closer together, with a fraternal bond, this Union of States, saved and sealed with the best blood of our nation. Hold back the hand, with a grip of steel, that would touch the Stars and Stripes save with love and loyalty for all it defends.

Bless the State of Massachusetts, that is ever true to the principles her sons defended; and may they in all years to come, as in the past, stand as firm for justice and right as this granite from the rock-ribbed hills of our glorious old Commonwealth. [Monument then unveiled by Mrs. Turner.]

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WORDS SPOKEN BY MRS. TURNER WHEN PLACING THE  
WREATH UPON THE MONUMENT.

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In the name of the Department of Massachusetts, Woman's Relief Corps, auxiliary to the Grand Army of the Republic, who never forget their deeds of valor during the civil war, I to-day honor the memory of their 767 heroic dead at Andersonville.

ADDRESS BY CHARLES G. DAVIS, CHAIRMAN OF THE  
COMMISSION.

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Mr. President: At the annual meeting of the Massachusetts Association of Union Ex-Prisoners of War, held in Boston in October, 1899, a committee was appointed to petition the General Court of Massachusetts for the appointment of a commission to erect a monument in memory of the sons of Massachusetts who gave up their lives at Andersonville, Ga. The committee consisted of Charles G. Davis, Thaddeus H. Newcomb, Francis C. Curtis, Levi G. McKnight and Everett S. Horton. The petition was presented to the General Court in January, 1900.

After hearings before the committees on federal relations and ways and means, the committee appointed by the association was designated as the commission, and the sum of \$8,000 was appropriated to carry out the work. The action of the Legislature was approved by W. Murray Crane, Governor, May 28, 1900.

As chairman of that commission, I am called upon to perform a very pleasant duty. Having been a prisoner of war from June 17, 1863, until Dec. 5, 1864, naturally I am very happy that the grand old Commonwealth has recognized the gallant services of her sons on this battle field. That this historic ground was a battle field is true. More than half as many sons of Massachusetts gave up their lives within the precincts of these few acres of land from March, 1864, until March, 1865, than were killed in action among the officers and men of the first fifteen Massachusetts infantry regiments during the entire civil war.

One son of Massachusetts died here for every five sons of Massachusetts killed in battle during the war. One son of

Massachusetts died here for every sixteen sons of Massachusetts who died in battle, of wounds or disease during the war. Nearly four times as many sons of Massachusetts were killed here as were killed in action in the United States army during the Spanish war.

Think for a moment. Imagine the present population of Boston, with its nearly 500,000 men, women and children. Place them on a lot of land fourteen times as large as this prison pen, with an epidemic such as was suffered here, the conditions to be the same as they were here for that eventful year. What would the loss be? Nearly 200,000 souls would have crossed to the other side.

In the cemetery just beyond there are the graves of 12,780 known dead and 926 unknown dead; in the cemetery at Salisbury, N. C., there are 12,174 (only 104 known dead); making a total of 25,880, or 2,522 more Union men killed in these two prisons (and there were many others) than in the twelve great battles of the war. Each of these prisons shows a mortality over four times as great as the battle of Gettysburg. Fox's book on regimental losses gives the total number of Union soldiers killed during the war as 61,362. The war department estimates the Union loss in Confederate prisons as 71,000. This means more men than are in several of the States of the Union, and its immensity can be better comprehended by placing it in comparison with the total number of men sent by several of the States into the Union army. Total number of prisoners who died, 71,000; total number of soldiers furnished by Maine, 70,107; New Hampshire, 33,936; Vermont, 33,288; Rhode Island, 23,236; Connecticut, 55,864; Delaware, 12,284; Maryland, 46,638; West Virginia, 32,068; District of Columbia, 16,534; Minnesota, 24,020; Kansas, 20,149; Tennessee, 31,092.

Think of the horrors of Andersonville, which swept into

eternity more than the entire quota of fighting men from gallant little Delaware, and of a total mortality in prison greater than the entire quota of the great State of Maine, and which would have swallowed up all of the New Hampshire men and the Vermonters.

Food was demanded, but it was wanting. Shelter and the pure air of heaven were prayed for by gasping men; even these, too, were wanting. Yet close by rose the gigantic pines, of the growth of centuries, standing in all the grandeur of the primeval forests, and offering to the disordered vision and senses of the dying wretches grateful shades, cool bowers, or the images of home and the forms of the well-loved, as the faint and sinking traveler beholds them in the far-off mirage of the desert.

These men died to secure a union victory just as much as they would have done in a charging column; by their sacrifice fully 100,000 Confederates were kept in northern prisons and from the lines of Grant and Sherman. Our men were offered food, clothing, liberty, even, if they would take the oath of allegiance. They said "No! Death before dishonor!"

I know of no better description of this prison and its surroundings than can be found in the words of Col. A. C. Hamlin, the first Union officer to visit the prison at the end of the war.

"This prison stockade was located by the Winders of the Confederate army at the suggestion of Howell Cobb, in 1863, and was occupied for its specific purpose in February, 1864.

"A dense forest of primeval trees covered the spot which was selected by the engineers when they marked out the line of the prison. The massive pines were levelled by the strong arms of several hundred negro slaves, and when their branches were cut away they were placed side by side, stand-

ing upright in the deep ditches, which were excavated with regularity, and in parallel lines,— north and south, east and west. Thus were formed the boundaries of the palisade, wherein nearly 40,000 human beings were to be herded at one time. The surface of the earth was cleared completely away. Neither shade nor shelter was there to protect from the storm or from the merciless rays of an almost tropical sun. Not a tree nor a shrub was left there to cast a shadow over the arid and calcined earth. There was simply a rampart of logs, rising from 15 to 18 feet in height above the surface of the ground. This rampart measured at first 1,010 feet in length by 779 feet in width, and was surrounded, at a distance of 60 paces, by another palisade of rough logs more than 12 feet in height. It was afterwards lengthened, in the autumn of 1864, to 1,620 feet.

“ A small stream of water, which arose in two branches scarcely 1,000 paces distant, in bogs and fens whose bitterness and impurities continued with the current, passed through the central portion of the enclosed space with sufficient volume to supply the wants of many thousand men, if it had been properly received, protected and economized. During the summer many springs burst forth from the soil on either bank of the stream within the prison ; but the water, neglected by the military guards, soon became defiled by the feet and grime of the prisoners, and then this portion of the enclosure, embracing several acres, was transformed into a deep and horrible mire, quivering with those disgusting forms of organic life which are produced by putrid and decaying matter.

“ Within the two lines of palisades, and on the western side, was erected the single bakery which was to furnish the munition bread for the prisoners. Upon the hill to the northward, at the distance of 200 paces from the outer line, was

strangely placed the building which was known as the kitchen. The reason why this cookery was placed so far from water, and the direct line of communication with the main gate, the projectors alone can tell.

“To the south, on the high land which overlooked the prison and its appendages, was erected the two-story building which served as quarters and offices for the officers and clerks. Along the same elevated ridge were located the well-built huts of the guards, who were selected from the Confederate Reserves of Georgia, under the command of Howell Cobb, and numbered from 3,000 to 5,000 men. Farther to the west, along the same airy and commanding ridge, and close to the track of the railway, appear the large two-story wooden buildings which were built and arranged, carefully and comfortably, for the sick of the Confederate guards.

“The dense pine forests on either side still attest the luxuriant growth, which was regarded at the time of its selection as the finest timbered land of all Georgia. These immense pines are even yet so near as to cast their lengthened shadows, at morning and evening, over this now hallowed area where so many noble men perished for want of shelter from the heat of the noonday sun, the chilling dews of evening and the frequent rain. The shade temperature of this place sometimes rose to the height of 105°, even 110° F. The sun temperature within the stockade must have risen to 120° and upwards, for the height of the walls prevented the free circulation of the air. The heat of this region during the days of summer is unusually great.

“Here the elevation above the tide level is only about 300 feet; and the hot blasts from the burning surface of the Gulf of Mexico, which is only about 150 miles distant, sweep up over it northward, without being deviated or modified by

ranges of mountains. The intervening country is unbroken, from distance to distance, by the undulation of the soil, and resembles more the level of a wide green sea than the usual configurations of the solid earth. It bears the reputation of being unhealthy, and it is not strange; for there are certain isolated local climates which are absolutely pestilential, as we observe in the detached mountain groups and table lands of India and southern Europe. Its isothermal line passes through Tunis and Algiers, and the hyetal charts show it to be one of the most humid regions in America. Fifty-five inches of rain fall here annually, whilst Maine, with her constant fogs, receives but 42 and England but 32.

“Around this ill-fated spot were stretched a cordon of connected earthworks, which completely enveloped the palisades, and commanded, with 17 guns, every nook and corner of the enclosure. The forts were well constructed, and provided against the chances of sudden and desperate assaults. The cannon were well mounted, and placed in barbette and embrasure. Lunettes and redoubts covered all the approaches to the two great gates. Several regiments of the Confederate Reserves constantly occupied the forts and trenches and guarded closely every avenue. Escape was impossible.

“Within the deadly shadows of this enormous palisade were assembled and confined together at one time during the hot months of 1864 more than 35,000 soldiers of the various armies of the United States. Here were men of all conditions, birth and fortune, — some of the best blood of the republic. The strong-limbed lumbermen from the forests of Maine; the tall, gigantic men from the mountains of Pennsylvania; the hunters of the great prairies of the west, — those men of wonderful courage and endurance; the artisan from the workshop; the student from his books; the lawyer from the forum; the minister from the pulpit; the child of

wealth and the poor widow's only son, — were collected here in this field of torture. They were men in the prime of life, young, vigorous, and active, when they surrendered themselves as prisoners of war.

“ Here, instead of bright and glorious banners and the flash of arms, the long array of men eager for the contest, and the songs, the shouts of defiance, there was a vast enclosure, crowded with living beings of scarce the human form, haggard and unnatural in appearance, — a sea of red and fetid mud, trampled and defiled by the immense throng. Instead of the white tents and canopies of military encampments, there were the ragged blankets vainly stretched over upright sticks; there were the holes in the earth, the burrows in the sand, like the villages of the rats of the great prairies of the west. They were more like the dens of the beasts of the desert than habitations for human beings.

“ Life here was brief. The victims, as they entered the gate, were appalled at the horrors that were presented to them in this living sepulchre. Nature seemed to have abandoned the struggle early, and the young men passed, with rapid pace, from youth — that youth so rich in its future — to manhood, from manhood to old age. Neither prudence nor philosophy could protect them from the grievous influences of the morbid conditions to which they were exposed. The delicate and noble faculties were blunted and destroyed. Some perished at once, — almost as quickly as though struck by the lightning of heaven; whilst others lingered, according to the strength of the hidden resources, the reserved and superabundant powers of youth. The integrity and character exhibited by these men in the midst of these tortures is unsurpassed. The sufferings of these men — wasting, putrefying, dying daily by scores, by hundreds — can never be told.



“At the close of the war, at a distance of about 500 paces north-westward from the stockade, in a little field which was almost overshadowed by the surrounding pines, appeared a multitude of stakes standing upright in the earth, in long and regular lines. Upon every one of these fragments of boards figures had been carelessly scratched by an iron instrument, and they ran up to the appalling number of almost 14,000. Each stick represented a dead man, — a hero; and this multitude of branchless and leafless sticks reminds us rather of a blasted vineyard than of a cemetery arranged for the human dead. That field has since become a national cemetery, and through the good work of Clara Barton the sticks have been replaced by government headstones.

“There is no battle field on the face of the globe, known to history, where so many soldiers are interred in one group as are gathered together in the broad trenches of this field among the pine forests of Georgia. What a gathering is this!

“Liberty has but one inscription to offer, and that is the noble lines which were traced on the dungeon wall in the blood of the noblest and purest of the Girondins: ‘Potius mori quam foedari,’ — ‘Death rather than dishonor.’”

Your Honor, it is my great pleasure, as chairman and in behalf of the commission appointed by the Legislature of the year 1900, to transfer this monument to you as the representative of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and may Massachusetts ever keep and guard it with precious memory.

RESPONSE BY LIEUT. GOV. JOHN L. BATES IN ACCEPTING  
THE MONUMENT FROM THE COMMISSION.

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Fellow citizens : On behalf of the delegation from Massachusetts, I desire to extend our cordial greeting to the delegation from the State of Ohio, and to say that we find much cause for gratification in being able to meet here the representatives of a sister State, here for a common purpose, participating in a common history, sharing in a common glory of sacrifice and martyrdom.

On behalf of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, I thank the National Woman's Relief Corps for the lot upon which our monument has been erected, and express the high appreciation which our people entertain for the organization, the patriotic and humane work in which it has been interested from its beginning, and particularly for its successful efforts for the preservation of these sacred acres, that they may ever remain as a perpetual memorial of the sacrifices made for our country, and an inspiration to coming generations to emulate the patriotism of their fathers.

For the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, I accept this finished work, and thank the commission for the satisfactory manner in which they have discharged the duties placed upon them.

On this spot, early in 1864, the Confederate government established a stockade for the confinement of Union soldiers taken prisoners of war. It enclosed eventually about 23 acres. Here at one time 35,000 prisoners were confined. Lack of the necessities of life, exposure, hunger and disease, combined to produce a terrible harvest of death. There has been no military prison in the history of the world where so

many lives were sacrificed in so short a time. Ninety-nine bodies on the average each day in August, 1864, were buried from here; 13,000 died here in but little over a year; of this number, over 700 were from Massachusetts.

In the morning of life, they left their homes at the north, offered themselves without reservation for the defence of their country, and were taken prisoners of war; and here, jostled by thousands of fellow captives, with hardly room to stand by day or to lie down at night; exposed to the burning rays of the summer's sun and to the rigors of the winter's cold; with no roof for shelter; half clothed, maddened by hunger and longing for home; without the sight of a flower to cheer or the shelter of a shrub to comfort; with no soft hand to smooth the brow, no gentle messenger to moisten the parched lips, no farewell kiss of loved ones,—they slowly died.

It was not amid the glory of battle. No reveille aroused them in the morning, no tattoo sounded as the gravel fell upon their wasted forms. They advanced not to meet the great Reaper keeping step with martial music. There was no roar of musketry, no booming of cannon. There were no hoarse shouts of victory or exulting cries of triumph. There was no beating of the drum, no touch of shoulder to shoulder, no glimpse, as the light faded from the eye, of "Old Glory" still moving onward. With no opportunity to fight for life or to feel that their country was to gain by their death, yet with resolution that was steadfast, and loyalty that was glorious, and patriotism that was sublime, they yielded not to tempting offers involving desertion of the Union cause, but, in the words of the legend on this stone, "They chose Death rather than Dishonor."

They were heroes. They served Massachusetts, America, liberty, humanity. The State that sent them forth, and whose

honor they defended, has not forgotten them, nor will she forget, nor will their remembrance pass away, so long as patriotism is honored and liberty cherished among men, for they are immortal.

“Abreast of the ages they march with the thunders on the right,  
For they bid the world ‘Good Morning,’ when the world had said  
‘Good Night.’”

We are not here to condemn nor to lament, but to rejoice, and, with praise on our lips and sacred memories in our hearts, to dedicate this memorial, as we now do, as the visible emblem of the imperishable love we feel for those who suffered here. We have brought this rock from the Old Bay State; it was quarried in her eternal hills. A thousand miles, with heavy step, it has journeyed here, and here shall it remain forever. In Massachusetts, it was but stone; here, it is a living sentinel. It guards priceless dust; it challenges the passer-by; it speaks, day and night, in storm and sunshine, of honor, of patriotism and of gratitude.

When they who sleep in yonder graves came here, they came to a hostile land. The nation was rent in twain; section was in arms against section, and bitterness in brothers' hearts. To save the Union, to bind those States indissolubly together, those who died here consecrated their lives. But their death had been in vain, and all the efforts of their comrades futile, had they resulted only in a union of States, a nation one in government, and one in territory only, bound together by links forged by force. Thirty years and more have passed away. The land that was to them hostile is to us friendly. The union of States has been made perpetual because of the union of hearts. They who wore the gray and they who wore the blue have worn again a common uniform, marched side by side, and, with equal loyalty, equal valor and equal love, defended the Stars and Stripes.

As brothers now, with no animosity, no prejudice, no misunderstanding in any man's heart, Georgia and Massachusetts, with their backs to the past and their faces to the future, have grasped hands for the defence of a common land, whether it be from nations without or anarchists within; whether it be from foes in arms or insidious doctrines that would undermine the national life; whether it be from the assaults of fleets and navies or of men advocating principles opposed to human liberty and progress; whether it be from advancing armies or from advancing evils bred of easy indifference and neglect of the duties of citizenship, — have grasped hands for the defence of liberty and the advancement of freedom and the welfare of humanity; have closed the Book of Yesterdays, with its hallowed memories; have opened the Book of To-morrows, with its possibilities for mankind; and glory not in the greatness of the north or the greatness of the south, but in the majesty of the United States of America, the nation of nations, our nation "one and inseparable, now and forevermore."

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#### REMARKS BY FRANCIS C. CURTIS.

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July 13, 1864, we reached Andersonville. We had been told on our way here, by rebel guards, that Andersonville was a fine place, with trees and shelter and a nice stream of water running through it, but as we were marched from the station to the prison (a half mile distant), all the trees to be seen were in the pine forests, a short distance away.

We were brought before Captain Wirz, the man who was to make our lives hardly worth living for the next ten months. After a few words, a sergeant was ordered to take us inside



the prison. As I remember it to-day, there were horrors beyond description, which no pen or tongue can tell or imagination comprehend. As we glanced over the place we saw 35,000 men, in all conditions. They were surrounded by a massive stockade of hewn timbers, rising 18 or 20 feet from the ground, these being set in a trench 6 feet deep. Upon the outside of this stockade and near the top were sentry boxes about 100 feet apart, overlooking the camp. About 20 feet from the inside of the stockade was the "dead line." This consisted of a row of stakes, about  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet high, with a narrow strip of board nailed across the top, and every man who came here knew of it before many hours. Many a poor man, who accidentally leaned on it or reached under for something, gave up his life here, as we were so cramped for room that we put our shelter, if we had any, close to the line. The watchful sentinel was ever ready to take advantage of the prisoner's risk, and send a bullet on its deadly errand.

In this terrible pen were 23 acres, 3 of which were a miry swamp, covered at this time with human excrement, and alive with maggots; from it arose a stench which filled the camp. We entered at the south gate, and a crowd was there to see the "fresh fish," as new men were called. Three of us started down across the brook and up on the other side, searching for a place large enough for three to lie together. We finally located about 50 feet east and 50 feet south of where we have just erected the monument. Such sights as met our eyes along that narrow path I pray God no one may ever see again. Some men with limbs cracked open from the effects of scurvy, with worms in the sores, and with few clothes. One would have only a shirt, another only a pair of drawers, and without hat or cap, were obliged to lie in the hot sun. If you chanced to hit your foot against one,

he would scream in agony. All were covered with filth and vermin. Such were some of the sights that came to us as we went partially through the pen on that July day.

We made a shelter with an army overcoat, ripped to pieces, and a pair of linen pants, the two articles fastened together. The back side of the shelter was about 20 inches high, with a wall of the red clay. This would keep the sun, rain and dew from us. I went in the pen with coat, pants, a ribbed woolen shirt, shoes, and one pair of stockings. All had been in wear since May 1. These were all the clothes I had, with the exception of a pair of pants in the winter, until I reached our lines after the war closed.

Our rations were poor in quality and small in quantity; at first, cooked beans or cow peas, full of bugs and sand (we had to wash them to get the dirt out); corn meal bread (corn and cob ground together), baked without salt. Sometimes we had cooked rice instead of beans, and once in a while a small piece of bacon or a bit of fresh meat. The whole ration for a day did not average over 16 or 20 ounces. A little later our rations came to us uncooked, — no salt, no wood. We would see men in that swamp with their pants off, digging in that filth for a few roots to dry, so as to make a fire to cook with. The water we had to drink was something terrible. A branch of Sweet Water Creek ran across the pen from west to east. It was a nice little stream, but it took all the sewerage of a rebel camp of from 3,000 to 5,000 men, and on the banks were stables for the horses and mules for such a camp, also a large bakery, so that when the water came into the stockade it was covered with grease, crock and other filth; besides, our men used it to bathe and wash in. The lower part was used as a sink. Those who had a canteen waited until midnight, then filled it, so it would last twenty-four hours.

Such was our condition on August 11, and we felt as though we could not endure much longer, as the stench from the swamp was something fearful. That day there came a terrible thunder storm, such as they have in the south; the rain came down in torrents, washing away the stockade on the brook at the west and east sides. The rebels, in their fright, began to fire shell over our heads from the guns in their forts, to intimidate us; but the men were only thinking of getting the drift wood and boards that came down. When the rain was over, we found the camp cleansed, the swamp covered with sand so that it was hard land, and the filth all gone; but that was a small part of the good the shower did, for it opened that magnificent spring of pure, cool water, which brought comfort, hope and life to us. We called it "Providence Spring," for we were sure it was God's hand that sent it, when we were suffering so for want of pure water. You have all seen it this morning, flowing so freely, in yonder pavilion.

Before the spring opened, some dug wells in this hard, red clay, which you have seen this morning; perhaps 25 of these wells still remain, — one close to the monument is thought to be 70 feet deep and about 4 feet across, as perfect as the day it was dug. You wonder how they could have dug in this hard soil, with only a half canteen, or something else no better, to work with.

About 200 feet outside the first stockade a second stockade was erected, not so high as the first. This was to prevent the boys from tunnelling out (the distance was so great they thought it impossible for them to tunnel so far). Every morning we could hear the guard going around the camp with 10 or 12 bloodhounds, to see if any had succeeded in getting out; if so, he was sure to be brought back in a few hours. The house where the hounds were kept can be seen



from where we stand, about 100 rods west. Between here and Macon it was said relays of bloodhounds were kept, about 50 in all. The owner had \$50 for every prisoner the dogs caught.

The number of deaths in the prison in August was 3,000. On the 23d of August 125 died, or one in every eleven minutes. We used to carry the dead to the south gate; from there they were taken by those in charge to the outer stockade and placed under a booth, where they would lie nearly all day, in plain sight of where we stand now; in the late afternoon they would be carted away. Two men would take them by head and feet, throw them on the wagons, with arms and legs hanging over the sides and drive them to the cemetery. We could see this cemetery at that time, where nearly 14,000 of our comrades are buried. They dug trenches and laid them as closely as they could, then put up a little stick, with number, name, company and regiment upon it. These are the men who preferred death to dishonor, — to whom those massive gates would have swung open day or night, had they been ready to go out and take the oath of the Confederacy. By doing that they might have saved their lives, and in time seen home and all who were so dear to them; but they said, “Not for father, mother, wife or children will we prove false to our oath and to the dear old flag.” Thus they died, 767 of my comrades, — sons of the good old Commonwealth of Massachusetts. It would have given them comfort in their last hours could they have seen that the United States government would care for their last resting-place, and that the State of Massachusetts would commemorate their death by the monument we have this day dedicated.

The last of September or first of October the prisoners began to be taken out for exchange, we were told. We had heard so

much about exchange that we did not believe their stories ; but by the middle of October only about 5,000 were left, and we were ordered to the south side of the stockade. We had begun to feel the cold quite severely, for our clothes were very thin, as we had worn them since the first of May ; so we dug into the ground for warmth. When the men went out we watched for boards, as some had a few ; so by one way and another we were able to fix a shelter that would keep us dry and warm, in a measure. We had just completed it, making it comfortable, as we thought, when the first day of November we were ordered on the cars and taken to Millen. There we found the same conditions as at Andersonville, — no shelter, and short rations. During the first night there we were quartered in a grove, in a terribly cold rain. I sat all that long, dreary night against a tree, trying to keep from getting wet. When morning finally came, quite a number of the boys lay dead around me. We dug into the ground here 12 to 18 inches, put over what we had for cover, then banked up around it to keep out the water when it rained. If we had a hard storm we would sit up all night, trying to keep our cover over us so we would not get soaked through.

At this place they began to take out the sick, and we had made arrangements with a sergeant to put us in with them. That night we were all shipped to Savannah, and from there sent down the coast to Blackshire, Fla. They were trying to keep us away from Sherman's army. At Blackshire we were camped in the woods, so we had all the wood we wanted to cook with and a big fire to warm us. We got a few sweet potatoes here and a little fresh beef. We stayed until Sherman reached Savannah, then were taken back to Andersonville. We landed inside the old stockade just at dark on Christmas eve. While we were away from the prison

they ploughed up the south side, to fill some of the holes. It was raining hard, with no chance to fix a shelter, so we were obliged to lie down on those wet furrows; many of us in the morning were lying in water. Our thoughts went to our dear ones at the far north, and we thanked God that they could not know how we were spending that night, which ought to be one of gladness all over the world. We came to feel that there was no hope of an exchange, and we must prepare for the worst.

We again fixed our quarters the best we could. At this time my companion or myself succeeded in getting out a few times to procure wood; we also obtained pine needles to make a bed of; but our rations grew less. We did not see how we could live, and everything looked dark. I was sick, the coarse meal causing trouble in my bowels; and the vermin were terrible, but by the help of my comrade, John E. Davis, who had been with me since I was captured, we managed to keep them down, if we did nearly freeze in taking off our clothes to kill them. This took us two hours in the morning and one at night. About this time, the last of January, 1865, a soldier from a New York regiment, an Irishman, came to me and said he was trading with the guard, and could get me flour, little biscuits and occasionally an egg; and when I reached home I was to pay him twice in value what he was getting there. I was from Massachusetts, sick, with little prospect of getting home, and a total stranger. I accepted his kind offer, and have the account at home to-day. Finally I persuaded him to give my companion, Davis, food on the same terms. Davis was able to get home in May, and, stopping in New York, paid both bills.

About the first of March, our good friend was, with others, exchanged by the way of Vicksburg, and we were left to our

old rations. In two or three weeks we were taken into Florida for exchange. We went in cars to Albany, then marched across 60 miles to Thomasville. I was in such a condition that I was carried in a wagon, my friend coming to me at night and caring for me. We were here waiting to be sent to the Union lines. One morning they took those who were sick and put them in cars ready to go to our lines; but in the afternoon word came that the exchange was stopped, and we were taken out of the cars which we thought in a few hours would land us under the old flag. Back across the country, that long march, in a rough wagon, and in a few days we were again at Andersonville for the third time. Our hearts were heavy, — what should we do? My companion and I held a council of war, and it was thought best for me to try the hospital, as there were only a few in it. Davis and I parted. Should we ever see each other again? In a few days all were taken out of the stockade, down the same route, and set at liberty to find the Union lines as best they could.

The following day, when I got up I could see the soldiers drawing the artillery into the forest and swamp. Men seemed to be going in all directions, alone or in small squads, with knapsack and gun, and we knew that the war was ended.

Before noon our gates were thrown open, and we could go where we chose. Our first thought was to go to the rebel camp for something to eat; found plenty of meal and flour. That day we had cooked flour. The next day we thought we must start for the Union army, and were sure they were at Macon. We went up the railroad, and in two days made about ten miles to Oglethorpe. We found a guard on the railroad bridge, who would not permit us to go further, as they had only heard that President Lincoln was dead. In a few days a detachment of General Wilson's men came and

took us to Macon, where we were put in the Blind Asylum Hospital. Here we remained until after July 4, when my brother found me, and together we started for "God's land." On my journey north I wore a rebel uniform, which I still keep.

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#### REMARKS BY LEVI G. McKNIGHT.

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Thirty-seven years ago I little thought that anything would or could happen that would tempt me, voluntarily, to step inside of the old dead line of Andersonville prison.

Unanimously elected by the living members of the Massachusetts Association of Union Ex-Prisoners of War to represent them, and the grand old Commonwealth of Massachusetts, at this dedication, I am glad to speak for them, and to call the attention of the American people of to-day to the suffering and the sacrifice endured by the men confined in this prison in 1864.

Massachusetts, by erecting this monument in recognition of their loyalty to the flag, their heroic courage that enabled them to suffer and die for their country, has done what her citizens approved of. In giving up their lives, these men knew the sacrifice they were making for their flag and their country.

Thirty-seven years ago I was there on that spot of ground, a little south of Broadway, and I heard, as these men heard, the call to give our parole and enter the Confederate service. Every hour in the day those prison gates would open outward. If those men confined here would say that they would go out and work, or enlist in the southern army, knowing that they would have plenty to eat, drink and wear, — pause,



pause, and think what would have been the result, when Grant was straining every nerve to put down the rebellion, if 30,000 men, to save their suffering and their lives, had gone through those gates into the Confederacy! Many of the prisoners were citizens, their term of service having expired. The remnant of one old Massachusetts regiment came in here the day their three years' enlistment expired.

"Greater love hath no man than he who gives his life for his fellow-man;" and the men of the south should, more than all others, honor the prisoners of war who made it possible to save the Union and have a united country with one flag.

I trust that the time will soon come when this nation will, in some suitable manner, recognize the men whose motto was then, and has been for thirty-seven years, "Death before dishonor."

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REMARKS BY HON. RUFUS A. SOULE, PRESIDENT OF THE  
SENATE.

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A little more than a year ago I attended a hearing before a committee of the Legislature, when representatives of the Massachusetts Association of Ex-Prisoners of War and Mrs. Elizabeth A. Turner, representing the Woman's Relief Corps, were asking for an appropriation for a monument to be erected at Andersonville to the memory of the Massachusetts soldiers who died in that prison. As the committee was about to close the hearing, the chairman of the committee asked if I desired to be heard. My reply was, that if, after listening to the story of the men who suffered in the prisons of the south, and that friend of the veterans, Mrs. Turner,

they were still undecided, no words of mine could help them to reach a decision. The committee, as I expected, reported unanimously in favor of the resolve; and the General Court, ever ready to honor its soldiers and sailors living, or to perpetuate the memory of the dead, promptly enacted the resolve, and it was duly signed by the Governor.

We are here to-day, as representatives of Massachusetts, to dedicate the monument; and, standing upon ground made sacred by the death of so many of our comrades who "died that the nation might live," and in the presence of men who suffered in the prisons nearly unto death, and whose hearts are full of tender memories of those comrades less fortunate, I feel that my words should be few, and that we should listen to those who know by personal experience the horrors of prison life, and gather from them the inspiration that will lead us to serve our country in peace as faithfully as they served it in war, so that, as long as this monument shall stand, it will not only keep their memory alive, but show to the world that they did not die in vain.

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REMARKS BY HON. JAMES J. MYERS, SPEAKER OF THE  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

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Mr. Chairman: We are met here to-day on ground consecrated by the sufferings and the sacrifices of our countrymen. We have come from the distant Commonwealth of Massachusetts, in whose regiments many of these men marched. We are gathered here in this southland, and under the flag for which they fought. Their ashes do not rest in the soil of the State they served, but every battle

field and every patriot grave of that great struggle in which these men marched and fought is within the confines of that Union they died to save, and will remain so forevermore. Blue has forgiven Gray, and Gray again wears the Blue.

And so Massachusetts comes, and even at Andersonville — saddest of all her memories of that great struggle — erects this monument, to tell the world how proudly and how confidently she leaves her honored and beloved dead in the soil of Georgia; and how complete is the triumph of that cause for which they died. From out this prison pen it was not given them to return to their northern home; and now we have come here to dedicate this monument to their imperishable memory. Our hearts turn and return again to the thought of them and all that they endured here. We are full of gratitude that such men have lived, and we are proud that they were our countrymen.

This occasion is too sacred for the thought of aught but them and their last supreme sacrifice here for that united country for which they gave all. Present are they with us here to-day, and they shall go back with us in grateful and uplifting influence to the State they loved and in whose service they died. With Ezekiel of old we cry: “Come from the four winds, O Breath, and breathe upon these slain, that they may live:”

This monument we leave to tell those who may come here in all the future years that Massachusetts does not forget, and that Massachusetts men were equal to the one supreme sacrifice. Year after year their dust will climb to life again in grass and flowers beneath the southern sun; and ever as the years shall roll will the memory of their lives remain green and the story of their sacrifices be hallowed in the hearts of their countrymen.



**ADDRESS BY LIEUT. GOV. JOHN L. BATES.**

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On behalf of the Massachusetts delegation, when presenting the American flag, which had draped the monument, to Mrs. Elizabeth A. Turner, the trustee representing the Woman's Relief Corps.

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Mrs. Turner, you have kindly assisted in the dedication of the Massachusetts monument to-day. Your hand drew aside the Stars and Stripes with which it had been veiled. No other flag has cost so much in human suffering as this; but the terrible cost has been justified, for it is to-day the foremost among the banners of earth's nations, it is the hope of the oppressed of every clime.

No star is missing, — it represents an undivided nation. The prisoners at Andersonville did not die in vain. We ask you, as the representative of the Woman's Relief Corps, to accept this flag as an evidence of our appreciation of what your organization has done here. It will be gratifying to us to know that the flag from Massachusetts floats where, for its honor, Massachusetts men suffered and died.

Permit me to add that it gives our delegation special pleasure to make this presentation to the Woman's Relief Corps through one of the best beloved of the daughters of Massachusetts.

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**REMARKS BY MRS. TURNER UPON ACCEPTING THE FLAG  
PRESENTED BY LIEUT. GOV. JOHN L. BATES.**

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Your Honor the Lieutenant Governor of Massachusetts: In behalf of the National Woman's Relief Corps, I thank you for this beautiful flag, and I am sure it was never more beautiful than when it draped the monument dedicated to its

defenders. I wish here to publicly thank the chairman and members of the committees who helped so successfully along the movement to place a monument on the historic ground of Andersonville. The wind comes to us to-day freighted with tears, sighing through the southern pines in whispering voices ; and we can almost feel it to be the greetings of "our boys," who sleep only a few rods away, to their comrades who fell on the firing lines of many battle fields, where monuments mark their deeds of valor, and in these whispering voices can hear the words, "All is well."

Massachusetts does not forget the men who were willing to give their lives that a nation might live. Again I thank you for the flag. It shall be kissed by the morning sunshine as it floats, 115 feet in the air, over the ground made sacred by the men who gave to the world a motto worthy to be blazoned on the shield of every nation, — "Death before dishonor."

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### THE HEADSTONES TO THE UNKNOWN DEAD.

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Six inches by six across the top,  
Six inches above the ground ;  
Only a number is carved thereon,  
Simply a headstone, — it marks no mound.

The name of the soldier who sleeps beneath  
No one knows ; no prayer was said  
When they bore him forth from the prison pen,  
And laid him there with "the unknown dead."

"The unknown dead !" Ah, that simple stone,  
And the thousands more their watch that keep,  
In long, low lines beneath the trees,  
Each guards for aye a hero's sleep.

J. J. M.

ANDERSONVILLE, GA., Dec. 19, 1901.

## EXPENSES.

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Francis C. Curtis, attending meetings, etc., . . . . .	\$13 50
Charles G. Davis, attending meetings, etc., . . . . .	1 50
Everett S. Horton, attending meetings, etc., . . . . .	20 00
Levi G. McKnight, attending meetings, etc., . . . . .	72 10
Thaddeus H. Newcomb, attending meetings, etc., . . . . .	20 90
Expenses of two commissioners to Andersonville, to select a location for the monument, . . . . .	187 00
James Martin & Son, Boston, one American flag, . . . . .	28 60
William A. Richards, Quincy, plans and designs, . . . . .	145 00
John Thompson & Sons, Quincy, contract for monument, . . . . .	3,400 00
Mrs. Elizabeth A. Turner, chairman, Board of Control, Woman's Relief Corps, for deed of land, . . . . .	10 00
William Wilson, Andersonville, Ga., grading, etc., . . . . .	12 00
Shorthand and typewriting, . . . . .	35 51
Services, editing and preparing report, . . . . .	17 00
Wright & Potter, stationery, . . . . .	5 74
Postage, . . . . .	2 74
Telegrams, . . . . .	1 56
	<hr/>
	\$8,973 15

The amount given above includes all bills, with the exception of the bill for printing the report.

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A LIST OF THE MASSACHUSETTS SOLDIERS KNOWN TO  
BE BURIED IN THE NATIONAL CEMETERY,  
ANDERSONVILLE, GA.

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Taken from the records of the cemetery.

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This list has been compared with the records in the Adjutant-General's office. A few changes have been made in the rank, company and regiment, and corrections made in the

spelling of certain names, to conform with the rolls in that department. The records at Andersonville show 767 known graves, but only 766 appear on this list. Grave No. 11030 was duplicated under the names of Cox and Fox, but the former appears to be correct. There are also several names (marked with a star) which cannot be found on the rolls of Massachusetts. Undoubtedly many of them were men who enlisted under assumed names, and when the hour of death came, gave their right names. One or two instances of this kind have been corrected through the Adjutant-General's department. Any additional information is appended in foot notes.

In "Massachusetts in the Army and Navy, 1861-65," it will be seen there are 1,041 reported as soldiers having died in Andersonville. Of this number, 729 agree substantially with the cemetery records; 106 more Colonel Higginson says could not be confirmed by the original rolls or regimental histories, neither do they appear on the cemetery rolls; 178 additional, on which no comment is made, do not appear in the cemetery records; 7 "prove to have been mustered out, discharged, or did not die prisoners of war;" 21 are duplicated under other names.

We would further say that the cemetery records show 5 who are recorded in "Massachusetts in the Army and Navy, 1861-65" as having died at other places. There are also 32 names which do not appear in the above-mentioned book at all, and of this number 16 have been verified, but the remaining 16 cannot be found.

## LIST OF MASSACHUSETTS SOLDIERS BURIED IN NATIONAL CEMETERY.

Number of Grave.	NAME.	Rank.	Company.	Regiment.	Arm of Service.	Date of Death.
6360	Acree, Horace H.,	Private,	I,	27	Infantry,	Aug. 21, 1864.
11286	Adams, Alvin B.,	"	G,	16	"	Oct. 22, 1864.
9561	Adams, Sanford B.,	"	H,	19	"	Sept. 23, 1864.
4290	Aldrich, Hezekiah,	"	G,	36	"	July 30, 1864.
10973	Aldrich, Hiram W.,	"	I,	27	"	Oct. 15, 1864.
5650	Alger, Warren H.,	"	G,	15	"	Aug. 14, 1864.
8730	Allen, Francis,	"	M,	1	Heavy Artillery,	Sept. 14, 1864.
5334	Allen, George H.,	"	G,	2	"	Aug. 11, 1864.
9748	Allen, John,	"	C,	19	Infantry,	Sept. 26, 1864.
2286	Ames, Henry C.,	"	A,	35	"	Oct. 21, 1864.
8349	Ames, Martin L.,	"	G,	32	"	Sept. 8, 1864.
8589	Armington, Henry E.,	"	A,	33	"	Sept. 12, 1864.
10693	Armstrong, George,	"	A,	28	"	Oct. 11, 1864.
9781	Atmore, Charles,	"	A,	2	Cavalry,	Sept. 26, 1864.
8373	Augustus, Charles,	Corporal,	I,	64	Infantry,	Sept. 10, 1864.
4065	Avery, John W. C.,	Private,	G,	1	Heavy Artillery,	July 27, 1864.
5373	Avignon, Peter,	"	I,	58	Infantry,	Aug. 1, 1864.
7116	Bagley, Thomas,	"	B,	1	Heavy Artillery,	Aug. 28, 1864.
6624	Bailey, Ransom,	"	I,	21	Infantry,	Aug. 23, 1864.
6786	Baker, Estes E.,	"	C,	34	"	Aug. 24, 1864.
11848	Baker, J.*,	"	F,	24	—, —, —,	Nov. 5, 1864.

\* This name cannot be confirmed by the Massachusetts records.

LIST OF MASSACHUSETTS SOLDIERS, ETC. — *Continued.*

Number of Grave.	NAME.	Rank.	Company.	Regiment.	Arm of Service.	Date of Death.
5175	Baldoe, Louis, .	Private, .	I, .	56	Infantry, .	Aug. 9, 1864.
11435	Baldwin, Wm. H., .	" .	A, .	85	" .	Oct. 1, 1864.
642	Barg, Henry, .	" .	E, .	20	" .	April 20, 1864.
7858	Barlow, Edward F., .	" .	E, .	18	" .	Sept. 5, 1864.
6974	Barnes, Leonard A., .	" .	F, .	19	" .	Aug. 27, 1864.
1697	Barnes, Newman L., .	" .	M, .	2	Cavalry, .	June 7, 1864.
6852	Barrett, George H., .	" .	I, .	25	Infantry, .	Aug. 29, 1864.
3941	Barron, John, .	" .	E, .	17	" .	July 23, 1864.
5803	Barton, Henry, .	" .	G, .	2	Heavy Artillery, .	Sept. 12, 1864.
8848	Bassett, Robert C., .	" .	I, .	1	" .	Sept. 15, 1864.
9078	Bauer, Michael, .	" .	A, .	20	Infantry, .	Sept. 17, 1864.
3801	Beals, Henry J., .	" .	I, .	59	" .	July 23, 1864.
2525	Bean, George W., .	" .	I, .	58	" .	June 28, 1864.
8110	Bell, William, .	" .	M, .	2	Cavalry, .	Sept. 7, 1864.
8442	Bemis, Adelbert W., .	" .	B, .	67	Infantry, .	Sept. 11, 1864.
11935	Berry, George H., .	" .	K, .	18	" .	Nov. 10, 1864.
6403	Besson, William, .	" .	G, .	2	Heavy Artillery, .	Aug. 21, 1864.
5331	Bigelow, Ellsha, .	" .	D, .	23	Infantry, .	Aug. 11, 1864.
8657	Bigelow, George L., .	" .	E, .	34	" .	Sept. 30, 1864.
2765	Biggs, William, .	" .	G, .	2	Heavy Artillery, .	July 21, 1864.
4261	Bither, J.,* .	" .	K, .	16	-----, .	July 29, 1864.
2308	Black, James, .	" .	F, .	29	Infantry, .	July 5, 1864.
3973	Blair, David, .	" .	B, .	27	" .	July 24, 1864.

3337	Blair, Joseph W.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Private,	.	.	.	C,	27	Infantry,	.	.	July 18, 1864.
10653	Blake, William H.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	K,	19	"	.	.	Oct. 12, 1864.
109	Blanchard, Oscar,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	E,	2	Cavalry,	.	.	Nov. 23, 1864.
4067	Blanchard, Otis S.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	G,	58	Infantry,	.	.	July 27, 1864.
7168	Blodgett, Ziba A.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Corporal,	.	.	.	A,	34	"	.	.	Aug. 29, 1864.
137	Blood, Thompson B.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Private,	.	.	.	A,	18	"	.	.	Mar. 24, 1864.
4470	Bodge, Samuel D.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	D,	18	"	.	.	Aug. 1, 1864.
8838	Boice, George A.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	G,	27	"	.	.	Sept. 10, 1864.
8030	Bostworth, Harrison T.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	B,	25	"	.	.	July 4, 1864.
7468	Bowler, Henry A.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	C,	1	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	Sept. 1, 1864.
12018	Boyd, Thomas,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	A,	18	Infantry,	.	.	Nov. 15, 1864.
1795	Boynton, Henry H.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	A,	32	"	.	.	June 10, 1864.
4059	Brackett, Dennis,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	G,	56	"	.	.	July 27, 1864.
1857	Brackett, Levi, Jr.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	C,	23	"	.	.	June 11, 1864.
10767	Bracy, William P.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	H,	27	"	.	.	Oct. 12, 1864.
6512	Bradford, Joseph,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Corporal,	.	.	.	F,	2	Cavalry,	.	.	Aug. 22, 1864.
11902	Bradish, Francis,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Private,	.	.	.	C,	19	Infantry,	.	.	Nov. 7, 1864.
3178	Brady, Thomas C.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	A,	27	"	.	.	July 11, 1864.
6386	Braman, William,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	G,	2	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	Aug. 21, 1864.
12030	Brannagan, Christopher,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	H,	2	"	.	.	Nov. 15, 1864.
3587	Brannigan, Michael,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	E,	17	Infantry,	.	.	July 19, 1864.
5012	Bree, George,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	F,	19	"	.	.	Aug. 8, 1864.
5774	Breen, Timothy,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	G,	2	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	Aug. 15, 1864.
983	Briggs, Waldo W.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	H,	36	Infantry,	.	.	May 10, 1864.
8799	Brinley, Nathaniel, Jr.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	K,	1	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	Sept. 16, 1864.
465	Broadbent, James,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	H,	17	Infantry,	.	.	April 10, 1864.
2841	Brown, Alexander,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	D,	56	"	.	.	June 27, 1864.
6057	Brown, David,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	K,	18	"	.	.	Aug. 18, 1864.

\* This name cannot be confirmed by the Massachusetts records.

LIST OF MASSACHUSETTS SOLDIERS, ETC. — *Continued.*

Number of Grave.	NAME.	Rank.	Company.	Regiment.	Arm of Service.	Date of Death.
6177	Brown, J., <sup>1</sup>	Private.	A,	25	Infantry,	Aug. 19, 1864.
9680	Brown, John,	"	E,	11	"	Sept. 24, 1864.
10819	Brown, John,	"	E,	57	"	Oct. 12, 1864.
8780	Brown, Leonard S.,	"	E,	56	"	Sept. 14, 1864.
7440	Brown, Lucius,	"	I,	27	"	Sept. 1, 1864.
5389	Brown, William,	"	H,	2	Heavy Artillery,	Aug. 10, 1864.
6842	Brownell, Andrew T.,	"	B,	58	Infantry,	Aug. 29, 1864.
4070	Bryant, Lyman,	"	D,	57	"	July 29, 1864.
6903	Bryant, Winslow A.,	"	H,	2	Heavy Artillery,	Aug. 26, 1864.
7758	Buchanan, John,	"	A,	27	Infantry,	Sept. 4, 1864.
10746	Bulen, J. W.,*	"	C,	60	"	Oct. 26, 1864.
11517	Bullen, Joseph W.,	"	C,	40	"	Oct. 26, 1864.
1784	Bullock, William H.,	"	K,	24	"	June 10, 1864.
7134	Burgen, Luke,	"	G,	25	"	Aug. 28, 1864.
3689	Burges, Henry F.,	"	H,	16	"	July 21, 1864.
1251	Burke, Joseph H.,	"	M,	2	Cavalry,	July 4, 1864.
5540	Burnham, Isaac,	Sergeant,	I,	12	Infantry,	Aug. 13, 1864.
281	Burns, John,*	Private,	I,	17	"	April 1, 1864.
11154	Burns, William H.,	Corporal,	H,	2	Heavy Artillery,	Oct. 29, 1864.
2907	Burt, Charles E., <sup>2</sup>	Sergeant,	G,	2	"	July 15, 1864.
2429	Butler, A.,*	Private,	H,	72	Infantry,	June 24, 1864.
4355	Butler, George C.,	Sergeant,	G,	2	Heavy Artillery,	July 30, 1864.
4936	Buxton, Thomas,	Private,	G,	1	"	Aug. 7, 1864.



9838	Byrnes, John,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Private,	.	.	.	1	Heavy Artillery,	.	Sept. 27, 1864.
7230	Callahan, Jeremlah,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	57	Infantry,	.	Aug. 28, 1864.
3158	Callihan, Robert,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	57	"	.	July 18, 1864.
12583	Campbell, Donald A.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	15	"	.	Feb. 16, 1865.
4456	Carroll, Grant,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	2	Heavy Artillery,	.	Aug. 1, 1864.
4366	Carroll, Obed J.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	2	"	.	July 31, 1864.
4168	Casey, Michael, <sup>1</sup>	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	28	Infantry,	.	July 28, 1864.
4569	Casey, Michael,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	17	"	.	Aug. 2, 1864.
4226	Castle, William,*	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	22	—	.	July 29, 1864.
7070	Caswell, Joseph S.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	18	Infantry,	.	Aug. 28, 1864.
7313	Chase, John S., <sup>4</sup>	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	25	"	.	Aug. 30, 1864.
8686	Chase, Moses M.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Corporal,	.	.	.	2	Artillery,	.	Sept. 13, 1864.
6230	Childs, Alphonso F.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Private,	.	.	.	1	Cavalry,	.	Aug. 20, 1864.
3344	Christenson, Peter,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	20	Infantry,	.	July 15, 1864.
1684	Church, William H.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	1	Cavalry,	.	June 17, 1864.
2416	Churchill, James T.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	39	Infantry,	.	June 24, 1864.
7674	Chute, Andrew M.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	23	"	.	Sept. 3, 1864.
3016	Clabby, John,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Corporal,	.	.	.	17	"	.	July 7, 1864.
4516	Clafin, Francis G.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Private,	.	.	.	1	Heavy Artillery,	.	Aug. 1, 1864.
11178	Clarey, James W.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	1	Cavalry,	.	Oct. 14, 1864.
10069	Clark, Alvin W.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Corporal,	.	.	.	27	Infantry,	.	Sept. 30, 1864.
3848	Clark, Edward P.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Private,	.	.	.	27	"	.	July 20, 1864.
4295	Clark, George,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	16	"	.	July 30, 1864.
11903	Clark, George W.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Sergeant,	.	.	.	1	Heavy Artillery,	.	Nov. 7, 1864.
6492	Clark, Stephen,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Private,	.	.	.	27	Infantry,	.	Aug. 29, 1864.
7928	Clements, John,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	19	"	.	Sept. 5, 1864.

\* This name cannot be confirmed by the Massachusetts records.

<sup>1</sup> "Massachusetts in the Army and Navy, 1861-65," says J. Brown proved to have been mustered out July 13, 1865.

<sup>4</sup> Possibly error in spelling for "Bent".      <sup>4</sup> *Atlas* John S. Case.

## LIST OF MASSACHUSETTS SOLDIERS, ETC. — Continued.

Number of Grave.	NAME.	Rank.	Company.	Regiment.	Arm of Service.	Date of Death.
12825	Clooman, P.*	Private.	E.	1	—	April 7, 1865.
7809	Cobbett, William M.	"	M.	1	Heavy Artillery,	Sept. 2, 1864.
5315	Coffin, Alvin R.	"	M.	2	Cavalry,	Aug. 11, 1864.
11590	Cohash, John. <sup>1</sup>	"	I.	23	Infantry,	Oct. 28, 1864.
8099	Cole, William H.	Corporal.	K.	16	"	Sept. 7, 1864.
11853	Collins, Abel J.	Private.	D.	2	Heavy Artillery,	Nov. 6, 1864.
6714	Collins, Charles R.	"	D.	27	Infantry,	Aug. 24, 1864.
10773	Coleman, Charles S.	"	I.	27	"	Oct. 12, 1864.
8	Coleman, Leonard M.	"	A.	1	Cavalry,	Mar. 5, 1864.
9081	Colyer, Eben,	"	G.	1	Heavy Artillery,	Sept. 18, 1864.
6062	Coney, Charles W.	"	L.	1	"	Aug. 8, 1864.
6591	Congdon, Edmund,	"	G.	2	"	Aug. 19, 1864.
4111	Conklin, Sylvester,*	"	I.	9	Infantry,	July 27, 1864.
4547	Conlin, Timothy,	"	L.	1	Heavy Artillery,	Aug. 1, 1864.
11892	Connelly, Patrick,	"	H.	2	"	Nov. 6, 1864.
1848	Connor, Dennis,	"	H.	17	Infantry,	June 11, 1864.
6678	Connor, John,	"	I.	11	"	Aug. 24, 1864.
11575	Connor, Thomas,	"	E.	9	"	Oct. 27, 1864.
7568	Cook, William H.	"	H.	37	"	Sept. 2, 1864.
687	Cooks, Joseph,	"	G.	7	"	April 23, 1864.
10671	Cooley, Henry L.	"	G.	34	"	Oct. 12, 1864.
8841	Coombs, George,	"	H.	2	Heavy Artillery,	Sept. 18, 1864.
9180	Coombs, George,	"	A.	2	"	Sept. 18, 1864.



LIST OF MASSACHUSETTS SOLDIERS, ETC. — *Continued.*

Number of Grave.	NAME.	Rank.	Company.	Regiment.	Arm of Service.	Date of Death.
1518	Davis, Thomas B.,	Private,	H,	1	Cavalry,	May 31, 1864.
7239	Day, David B.,	"	I,	25	Infantry,	Aug. 30, 1864.
7115	Deansfield, John,	"	F,	19	"	Aug. 28, 1864.
2330	Decker, C., <sup>1</sup>	"	E,	-	—, —, —,	June 24, 1864.
11763	Delano, Ezra,	"	G,	19	Infantry,	Nov. 3, 1864.
11696	Dennett, Sewall,	"	D,	4	Cavalry,	Oct. 30, 1864.
7848	Densmore, William,	"	F,	9	Infantry,	Sept. 4, 1864.
4042	Dexter, Jairus A.,	"	M,	2	Cavalry,	July 27, 1864.
7069	Dill, Zabina,	"	A,	58	Infantry,	Aug. 28, 1864.
10964	Dimick, George H.,	"	I,	27	"	Oct. 15, 1864.
6676	Doane, Solomon N.,	"	A,	53	"	Aug. 24, 1864.
8490	Dodge, Thomas J.,	"	A,	1	Heavy Artillery,	Sept. 11, 1864.
5501	Doggett, Lawrence B.,	"	G,	22	Infantry,	Aug. 15, 1864.
9577	Dolan, James,	"	I,	1	Cavalry,	Sept. 23, 1864.
8732	Dole, Charles B.,	"	B,	87	Infantry,	Sept. 14, 1864.
3579	Dollber, Samuel A.,	"	H,	17	"	Jan. 1, 1865.
3678	Doulan, James,	"	H,	27	"	July 20, 1864.
12004	Douglas, David,	"	I,	18	"	Nov. 14, 1864.
12829	Dow, Henry A.,	Corporal,	E,	1	Heavy Artillery,	April 10, 1865.
3059	Downing, George,	Private,	-	14	Light Artillery,	July 9, 1864.
3929	Drake, Berzer W.,	"	H,	2	Heavy Artillery,	July 25, 1864.
2876	Drake, Eleazer C.,	"	E,	57	Infantry,	June 30, 1864.
12773	Drake, Thomas,	"	D,	4	Cavalry,	Mar. 14, 1865.

5956	Drown, George C.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Private,	.	.	.	C,	32	Infantry,	.	.	.	Aug. 16, 1864.
6888	Drury, Lewis A.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	C,	27-	"	.	.	.	Aug. 26, 1864.
1513	Duffy, James,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	A,	18	"	.	.	.	May 31, 1864.
9251	Duffy, John,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	H,	2	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	.	Sept. 19, 1864.
11319	Dunn, James,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	H,	20	Infantry,	.	.	.	Oct. 22, 1864.
10660	Dunn, John,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	G,	2	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	.	Oct. 10, 1864.
4471	Dunn, Peter,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	G,	2	"	.	.	.	July 31, 1864.
2717	Dushelm, Leon,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	K,	1	Cavalry,	.	.	.	July 1, 1864.
8284	Dwinell, Waldo,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	G,	21	Infantry,	.	.	.	Sept. 11, 1864.
4964	Dyer, Benj. G. M.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	G,	2	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	.	Aug. 16, 1864.
171	Eagam, Charles M.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	C,	17	Infantry,	.	.	.	Mar. 26, 1864.
8616	Earl, George W.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Sergeant,	.	.	.	I,	1	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	.	Sept. 13, 1864.
8157	Eastman, D.,*	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Private,	.	.	.	I,	-	—, —,	.	.	.	Sept. 8, 1864.
10000	Eaton, Francis W. (or Frank),	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	E,	15	Infantry,	.	.	.	Sept. 29, 1864.
7284	Edes, William,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Corporal,	.	.	.	F,	11	"	.	.	.	Aug. 20, 1864.
11809	Edwards, Charles,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Private,	.	.	.	B,	19	"	.	.	.	Nov. 4, 1864.
6354	Edwards, Charles F.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	H,	2	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	.	Aug. 21, 1864.
10622	Ellers, Heinrich,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	H,	19	Infantry,	.	.	.	Oct. 12, 1864.
5539	Emerson, Frederick F.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	B,	1	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	.	Aug. 13, 1864.
10542	Emerson, George O.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	B,	21	Infantry,	.	.	.	Oct. 8, 1864.
6394	Emerson, George W.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	H,	57	"	.	.	.	Aug. 27, 1864.
418	Emerson, William F.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	D,	12	"	.	.	.	April 7, 1864.
5619	Emory, Ivory,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	F,	1	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	.	Aug. 14, 1864.
3300	Empey, Robert,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	E,	25	Infantry,	.	.	.	July 18, 1864.
7889	Estes, William A.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	A,	1	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	.	Sept. 5, 1864.
5235	Evans, Henry M.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	K,	1	Cavalry,	.	.	.	Aug. 1, 1864.
2785	Evans, James,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	H,	17	Infantry,	.	.	.	July 2, 1864.

\* This name cannot be confirmed by the Massachusetts records.

† May be Peter Decker of Company F, First Heavy Artillery.

LIST OF MASSACHUSETTS SOLDIERS, ETC. — *Continued.*

Number of Grave.	NAME.	Rank.	Company.	Regiment.	Arm of Service.	Date of Death.
4369	Everts, Frederick P.,	Private,	G,	2	Heavy Artillery,	July 31, 1864.
8556	Farmer, George S.,	Sergeant,	H,	1	"	Sept. 12, 1864.
11908	Farrell, George,	Private,	E,	19	Infantry,	Nov. 7, 1864.
11135	Favier, Leon, <sup>1</sup>	"	A,	20	"	Oct. 18, 1864.
3926	Fearing, Israel J.,	"	F,	1	Heavy Artillery,	July 25, 1864.
4987	Fearnley, William,	"	E,	25	Infantry,	Aug. 7, 1864.
6450	Fegan, John,	"	H,	2	Heavy Artillery,	Aug. 21, 1864.
12819	Fellows, Joseph E.,	"	E,	15	Infantry,	Mar. 29, 1864.
7154	Fernald, Charles G.,	"	G,	23	"	Aug. 29, 1864.
7611	Ferris, John,	"	C,	1	Cavalry,	Sept. 2, 1864.
5795	Field, Edgar H.,	"	F,	37	Infantry,	May 10, 1864.
6728	Finnegan, Patrick,	"	A,	19	"	Aug. 24, 1864.
3974	Fisher, Cyrus B.,	"	H,	2	Heavy Artillery,	July 25, 1864.
441	Fisher, Jackson,	"	E,	2	Cavalry,	April 18, 1864.
3451	Flanders, Charles L.,	"	E,	1	Heavy Artillery,	Nov. 2, 1864.
286	Fleming, Murty,	"	E,	17	Infantry,	April 1, 1864.
2476	Floyd, George E.,	"	H,	2	Heavy Artillery,	June 25, 1864.
4187	Forbes, Henry S.,	"	B,	1	"	July 28, 1864.
70	Foskett, Henry,	"	K,	17	Infantry,	Mar. 19, 1864.
5849	Fowler, Samuel M.,	Corporal,	M,	1	Heavy Artillery,	Aug. 13, 1864.
10601	Fraher, Patrick,	Private,	D,	2	"	Oct. 19, 1864.
4267	Frederick, C.,*	"	A,	20	Infantry,	July 29, 1864.
8186	Frisbee, Albert,	"	G,	12	"	Sept. 8, 1864.



## LIST OF MASSACHUSETTS SOLDIERS, ETC. — Continued.

Number of Grave.	NAME.	Rank.	Company.	Regiment.	Arm of Service.	Date of Death.
10501	Gooch, Henry, .	Private, .	G, .	2	Heavy Artillery, .	Oct. 8, 1864.
3585	Gooding, James H., .	Corporal, .	C, .	54	Infantry, . . . .	May 22, 1864.
5983	Goodman, Samuel, .	Private, .	B, .	2	Cavalry, . . . .	Aug. 17, 1864.
9202	Goodnow, Andrew J., .	Corporal, .	E, .	25	Infantry, . . . .	Sept. 18, 1864.
9817	Goodrich, George J., .	Private, .	F, .	1	Heavy Artillery, .	Sept. 26, 1864.
179	Gordon, Charles H., .	Sergeant, .	H, .	17	Infantry, . . . .	Mar. 26, 1864.
3486	Gordon, William L., .	Corporal, .	H, .	2	Heavy Artillery, .	July 5, 1864.
9471	Graney, Thomas, .	Private, .	G, .	2	" . . . .	Sept. 21, 1864.
7886	Grant, George W., .	" . . . .	E, .	1	" . . . .	Sept. 5, 1864.
10717	Graves, Moses P., .	" . . . .	G, .	1	" . . . .	Oct. 11, 1864.
8898	Gray, Charles, .	" . . . .	D, .	28	Infantry, . . . .	Sept. 15, 1864.
2018	Green, John, <sup>1</sup> .	" . . . .	A, .	18	" . . . .	June 16, 1864.
8277	Grob, John, .	" . . . .	E, .	15	" . . . .	Sept. 9, 1864.
4511	Grosvenor, Edward P., .	" . . . .	F, .	23	" . . . .	Aug. 1, 1864.
8648	Grotte, Heinrich, .	" . . . .	G, .	20	" . . . .	Sept. 13, 1864.
5166	Guild, Charles A., .	" . . . .	G, .	2	Artillery, . . . .	Aug. 9, 1864.
12598	Gulford, John C., .	" . . . .	I, .	1	Heavy Artillery, .	Feb. 2, 1865.
10108	Guterson, James, .	" . . . .	B, .	1	" . . . .	Sept. 30, 1864.
8086	Hackett, Patrick J., .	Corporal, .	M, .	2	Cavalry, . . . .	Sept. 7, 1864.
7408	Haley, William, .	Private, .	F, .	16	Infantry, . . . .	Aug. 31, 1864.
10024	Hall, William S., .	" . . . .	B, .	1	Heavy Artillery, .	Sept. 28, 1864.
161	Halstead, Jacob W., .	Corporal, .	M, .	2	Cavalry, . . . .	Mar. 25, 1864.
8273	Ham, James H., .	Private, .	I, .	1	Heavy Artillery, .	Sept. 9, 1864.



1742	Hamblin, Edward P.,	.	.	.	.	Private,	M,	2	Cavalry,	.	.	June 8, 1864.
9342	Hammond, George, <sup>3</sup>	.	.	.	.	Corporal,	G,	77	Infantry,	.	.	Sept. 20, 1864.
7374	Handy, George,	.	.	.	.	Private,	K,	1	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	Aug. 22, 1864.
10126	Handy, Moses A.,	.	.	.	.	"	A,	58	Infantry,	.	.	Oct. 1, 1864.
6582	Hanley, Michael,	.	.	.	.	"	L,	1	Cavalry,	.	.	Aug. 22, 1864.
556	Hanson, Hans C.,	.	.	.	.	"	I,	12	Infantry,	.	.	April 15, 1864.
8697	Harding, Christopher C.,	.	.	.	.	"	G,	58	"	.	.	Sept. 12, 1864.
12276	Hare, Thomas,	.	.	.	.	Corporal,	H,	27	"	.	.	Oct. 13, 1864.
3901	Harrington, Thomas J.,	.	.	.	.	Private,	H,	12	"	.	.	July 24, 1864.
8308	Hart, John,	.	.	.	.	"	D,	28	"	.	.	June 1, 1864.
7957	Hart, William,	.	.	.	.	"	G,	15	"	.	.	Sept. 6, 1864.
6923	Hartnett, Maurice,	.	.	.	.	"	I,	34	"	.	.	Aug. 26, 1864.
12299	Hartshorn, Lowell E.,	.	.	.	.	"	A,	56	"	.	.	Dec. 16, 1864.
766	Harty, John G.,	.	.	.	.	"	M,	2	Cavalry,	.	.	April 27, 1864.
7297	Harvey, George W.,	.	.	.	.	Corporal,	I,	33	Infantry,	.	.	Aug. 30, 1864.
3505	Harvey, Levi I.,	.	.	.	.	Private,	G,	2	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	July 18, 1864.
3242	Hay, William H.,	.	.	.	.	"	H,	2	"	.	.	Aug. 26, 1864.
9604	Hayes, Patrick,	.	.	.	.	"	A,	37	Infantry,	.	.	Sept. 21, 1864.
4081	Hayes, William,	.	.	.	.	"	H,	1	Cavalry,	.	.	Dec. 26, 1863.
4209	Haynes, Charles E.,	.	.	.	.	Sergeant,	H,	2	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	July 27, 1864.
11763	Hellman, George,	.	.	.	.	Private,	H,	16	Infantry,	.	.	Nov. 3, 1864.
5566	Heinrich, J.,*	.	.	.	.	"	C,	3	"	.	.	Aug. 13, 1864.
3168	Henrie, William E.,	.	.	.	.	"	H,	17	Infantry,	.	.	July 11, 1864.
4604	Henry, James,	.	.	.	.	"	H,	2	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	Aug. 11, 1864.
1035	Herman, John,	.	.	.	.	"	G,	11	Infantry,	.	.	May 14, 1864.
7626	Hernsworth, Frederick,	.	.	.	.	"	A,	27	"	.	.	Sept. 4, 1864.
6242	Higgins, Abisher A.,	.	.	.	.	"	B,	23	"	.	.	Aug. 20, 1864.

\* This name cannot be confirmed by the Massachusetts records.

<sup>1</sup> The only John Green found was in the Thirtieth Infantry.

<sup>2</sup> May be George M. Hammond of Company E, Fifty-seventh Infantry, who was reported killed at the Wilderness.

## LIST OF MASSACHUSETTS SOLDIERS, ETC. — Continued.

Number of Grave.	NAME.	Rank.	Company.	Regiment.	Arm of Service.	Date of Death.
9635	Hildreth, James M.,	Private,	H,	23	Infantry,	Sept. 24, 1864.
4906	Hill, F.,*	"	I,	9	—, —,	Aug. 6, 1864.
9968	Hinckley, George O.,	"	F,	23	Infantry,	Sept. 28, 1864.
6066	Hine, Stephen,	"	C,	59	"	Aug. 1, 1864.
9223	Hitchcock, James C.,	"	C,	27	"	Sept. 19, 1864.
11045	Hobart, George W.,	Sergeant,	I,	27	"	Oct. 7, 1864.
6907	Hogan, Patrick,	Private,	G,	2	Heavy Artillery,	Aug. 27, 1864.
6067	Hogan, Stephen,	"	E,	19	Infantry,	Aug. 18, 1864.
4811	Holt, Joseph S.,	"	H,	2	Heavy Artillery,	Aug. 31, 1864.
6923	Holbrook, Charles,	"	G,	2	"	Aug. 18, 1864.
6826	Holden, Patrick,	"	G,	2	"	Aug. 25, 1864.
905	Holland, Patrick,	"	C,	11	Infantry,	May 6, 1864.
1986	Holland, Thomas,	"	I,	17	"	June 15, 1864.
4816	Holmes, Leonard B.,	Sergeant,	I,	13	"	Aug. 6, 1864.
8712	Holt, Edwin K.,	Private,	K,	1	Heavy Artillery,	Sept. 13, 1864.
6716	Holt, Francis E.,	"	H,	22	Infantry,	Aug. 24, 1864.
9118	Hooker, William,*	"	B,	1	Heavy Artillery,	Sept. 18, 1864.
8375	Howard, Augustus,	"	F,	32	Infantry,	Sept. 11, 1864.
10864	Howard, John,	"	K,	59	"	Oct. 12, 1864.
7416	Howden, Thomas,	"	B,	28	"	Aug. 31, 1864.
7025	Howe, Charles H.,	"	I,	36	"	Mar. 29, 1864.
222	Howe, Edson H.,	"	K,	36	"	Mar. 29, 1864.
3371	Howe, John W.,	"	B,	27	"	July 23, 1864.



LIST OF MASSACHUSETTS SOLDIERS, ETC. — *Continued.*

Number of Grave.	NAME.	Rank.	Company.	Regiment.	Arm of Service.	Date of Death.
8658	Kelly, Charles,*	Private.	C.	3	Heavy Artillery,	Sept. 13, 1864.
6579	Kelly, Henry,	"	E.	20	Infantry,	Aug. 23, 1864.
8983	Kelly, Mark,	"	H.	2	Heavy Artillery,	Sept. 12, 1864.
6275	Kelsey, Ezra,	"	D.	27	Infantry,	Aug. 20, 1864.
6712	Kempton, Ezra,	"	G.	2	Heavy Artillery,	Aug. 24, 1864.
5708	Kennedy, William,	"	F.	59	Infantry,	Aug. 15, 1864.
5606	Kennedy, David,	"	H.	16	"	Aug. 14, 1864.
6529	Kenney, John,	"	G.	8	Cavalry,	Aug. 22, 1864.
8252	Kent, Sylvester,	"	H.	27	Infantry,	Sept. 9, 1864.
12490	Kerr, William D.,	"	D.	56	"	Jan. 21, 1865.
6036	Keyes, Jonas C.,	Sergeant,	G.	3	Heavy Artillery,	Aug. 18, 1864.
868	Kice, Thomas,	Corporal,	B.	2	Cavalry,	May 8, 1864.
296	Killoran, Michael,	Private,	I.	17	Infantry,	April 2, 1864.
4644	Kimball, Albert,	Sergeant,	B.	1	Heavy Artillery,	Aug. 1, 1864.
1754	Kineally, Thomas,	Private,	E.	17	Infantry,	June 9, 1864.
12813	Kilsure, Frederick,	Sergeant,	A.	27	"	Mar. 25, 1865.
9127	Klose, Ludwig,*	Private,	H.	9	"	July, 28, 1864.
554	Knapp, David,	"	M.	2	Cavalry,	April 14, 1864.
3842	Knight, —,†	"	A.	28	Infantry,	July 23, 1864.
5087	Knippe, Henry H.,	"	K.	1	Cavalry,	Aug. 8, 1864.
6785	Lain, Stanford,	"	I.	12	Infantry,	Aug. 24, 1864.
10885	Lane, Joseph H.,	Musician,	G.	33	"	Oct. 14, 1864.
12649	Langley, Laramy F.,	Sergeant,	E.	23	"	Nov. 23, 1864.

9738	Latham, William.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Private.	.	.	.	.	.	.	25	Infantry,	.	.	Sept. 24, 1864.
9465	Lavalette, Pike N.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	Oct. 20, 1864.
2175	Lawrence, John,*	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	23	Infantry,	.	.	June 19, 1864.
9821	Leach, Homer S.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	16	"	.	.	Sept. 23, 1864.
7725	Learned, Jonas G.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	Sept. 2, 1864.
2781	Leary, Dennis,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	"	.	.	July 2, 1864.
7210	Lecraw, William P.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Sergeant,	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	"	.	.	Aug. 29, 1864.
7548	Leonard, William E.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Private,	.	.	.	.	.	.	59	Infantry,	.	.	Sept. 2, 1864.
7098	Lewin, Charles H.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	19	"	.	.	Aug. 28, 1864.
10068	Lewis, George G.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	Sept. 30, 1864.
10760	Lewis, Leonard,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	11	Infantry,	.	.	Oct. 10, 1864.
4082	Lewis, Levi J.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Qm. Sergeant,	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	Cavalry,	.	.	July 27, 1864.
12418	Liswell, Seth,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Private,	.	.	.	.	.	.	27	Infantry,	.	.	Jan. 8, 1865.
8748	Livingston, Robert,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	39	"	.	.	Sept. 14, 1864.
1156	Lockling, Joel M.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	Cavalry,	.	.	May 17, 1864.
479	Loker, Edward J.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	18	Infantry,	.	.	July 11, 1864.
3163	Lombard, Benjamin K.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	58	"	.	.	July 11, 1864.
4080	Longley, Zachariah,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	July 27, 1864.
12256	Loring, George H.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	20	Infantry,	.	.	Dec. 10, 1864.
8835	Lothrop, William A.,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	58	"	.	.	Sept. 15, 1864.
10744	Louden, Edward,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	22	"	.	.	Oct. 11, 1864.
2448	Louiss, Frank,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	June 25, 1864.
9437	Loverly, Frank,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	25	Infantry,	.	.	Sept. 10, 1864.
3217	Lovett, Washington,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	39	"	.	.	July 14, 1864.
3175	Lowell, George,*	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	22	"	.	.	July 11, 1864.
11288	Lucas, B.,*	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	32	"	.	.	Oct. 22, 1864.
9857	Lucier, John,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	Heavy Artillery,	.	.	Sept. 29, 1864.

\* This name cannot be confirmed by the Massachusetts records.

† Probably Otis H. Knight of Company A, Twenty-fifth Infantry.

LIST OF MASSACHUSETTS SOLDIERS, ETC. — *Continued.*

Number of Grave.	NAME.	Rank.	Company.	Regiment.	Arm of Service.	Date of Death.
7199	Ludlow, James, .	Private, .	A, .	19	Infantry, .	Aug. 29, 1864.
4613	Lull, William, .	" .	H, .	2	Heavy Artillery, .	Aug. 3, 1864.
3883	Lynch, John, .	" .	K, .	56	Infantry, .	July 21, 1864.
8898	Lyon, Ebenezer, .	" .	L, .	27	" .	Sept. 12, 1864.
7521	Macy, Charles G., .	" .	L, .	18	" .	Sept. 1, 1864.
4084	Mahon, Edward, .	" .	G, .	56	" .	July 25, 1864.
3333	Maintien, George H., .	" .	L, .	18	" .	July 16, 1864.
9940	Mann, Benjamin F., .	" .	B, .	1	Heavy Artillery, .	Sept. 28, 1864.
6220	Mansfield, Daniel R., .	" .	G, .	58	Infantry, .	Aug. 20, 1864.
503	Marden, George O., .	" .	L, .	17	" .	Apr. 12, 1864.
1733	Marden, Henry F., .	Corporal, .	D, .	17	" .	June 8, 1864.
8450	Martin, Charles M., .	Private, .	H, .	2	Heavy Artillery, .	Sept. 11, 1864.
8343	Mattner, Louis, .	" .	C, .	20	Infantry, .	Sept. 10, 1864.
6272	Maxwell, Nathaniel B., .	" .	L, .	1	Heavy Artillery, .	Aug. 20, 1864.
5080	McAllister, George S., .	Corporal, .	K, .	17	Infantry, .	Aug. 8, 1864.
12176	McCann, John, .	Private, .	F, .	19	" .	Nov. 25, 1864.
7823	McCarthy, Timothy, .	" .	E, .	25	" .	Sept. 2, 1864.
9942	McCord, George H., .	" .	H, .	33	" .	Sept. 28, 1864.
8905	McDavie, J., .	" .	N, .	8	Heavy Artillery, .	Sept. 16, 1864.
6162	McDermott, John, .	" .	H, .	2	Heavy Artillery, .	Aug. 18, 1864.
4408	McDevitt, William, .	" .	E, .	25	Infantry, .	July 31, 1864.
430	McDonald, Philip, .	" .	D, .	2	Cavalry, .	Apr. 8, 1864.
9439	McDonald, Roderick, .	" .	-	32	Infantry, .	Sept. 21, 1864.

7459	McDonough, Patrick,	.	.	.	.	Corporal,	E,	25	Infantry,	.	Aug. 31, 1864.
4260	McGonagle, Barney,	.	.	.	.	Private,	K,	16	"	.	July 29, 1864.
6375	McGovern, Bernard,	.	.	.	.	"	D,	34	"	.	Aug. 21, 1864.
1984	McGovern, James,	.	.	.	.	"	K,	23	"	.	June 16, 1864.
2632	McGowan, John,	.	.	.	.	"	H,	2	Heavy Artillery,	.	June 28, 1864.
5280	McGowan, William,	.	.	.	.	"	A,	13	Infantry,	.	Sept. 20, 1864.
5123	McGuire, Andrew,	.	.	.	.	"	D,	58	"	.	Aug. 18, 1864.
6344	McIntire, Horace,	.	.	.	.	"	K,	1	"	.	July 13, 1864.
11849	McKenny, Bernard,	.	.	.	.	"	A,	34	"	.	Aug. 5, 1864.
6358	McKenzie, George B.,	.	.	.	.	"	I,	23	"	.	Aug. 21, 1864.
11831	McKerran, Edward,	.	.	.	.	"	I,	1	Heavy Artillery,	.	Oct. 26, 1864.
5223	McKnight, Bernard,	.	.	.	.	"	G,	8	Cavalry,	.	Aug. 10, 1864.
3174	McLaughlin, Edward,	.	.	.	.	Sergeant,	C,	9	Infantry,	.	July 9, 1864.
2835	McLeod, John,	.	.	.	.	Private,	K,	56	"	.	July 23, 1864.
10030	McMaster, George C., <sup>2</sup>	.	.	.	.	"	F,	57	"	.	Sept. 29, 1864.
522	McNamara, Patrick,	.	.	.	.	"	I,	17	"	.	Apr. 13, 1864.
5185	McNary, Richard,	.	.	.	.	"	I,	27	"	.	Aug. 9, 1864.
11381	McNulty, Peter J.,	.	.	.	.	"	I,	2	Heavy Artillery,	.	Oct. 23, 1864.
5194	McWilliams, William,	.	.	.	.	"	D,	17	Infantry,	.	Aug. 10, 1864.
5808	Meehan, Bernard,	.	.	.	.	"	H,	2	Heavy Artillery,	.	Aug. 16, 1864.
6286	Meirs, John, Jr.,	.	.	.	.	"	H,	1	Cavalry,	.	Aug. 20, 1864.
1434	Mellen, Albert F.,	.	.	.	.	"	F,	18	Infantry,	.	May 28, 1864.
9735	Melvin, Samuel,	.	.	.	.	"	K,	1	Heavy Artillery,	.	Sept. 20, 1864.
7147	Merchant, Charles, <sup>3</sup>	.	.	.	.	"	F,	28	Infantry,	.	Aug. 29, 1864.
1358	Merriam, William N.,	.	.	.	.	"	D,	17	"	.	May 24, 1864.
2269	Merritt, Mahlon M.,	.	.	.	.	"	C,	37	"	.	June 20, 1864.

\* This name cannot be confirmed by the Massachusetts records.

<sup>1</sup> Unassigned recruit.

<sup>2</sup> Was reported missing at the Wilderness, May 6, 1864.

<sup>3</sup> Undoubtedly Charles Marchat of Company F, Twenty-eighth Infantry.

LIST OF MASSACHUSETTS SOLDIERS, ETC. — *Continued.*

Number of (Grave.	NAME.	Rank.	Company.	Regiment.	Arm of Service:	Date of Death.
9117	Messer, William R.,	Private,	B,	1	Heavy Artillery,	Sept. 18, 1864.
9597	Messier, Enos,	"	H,	34	Infantry,	Sept. 23, 1864.
7586	Metro, William,	"	G,	20	"	Sept. 2, 1864.
8631	Milan, John,	"	H,	2	Heavy Artillery,	Sept. 23, 1864.
1219	Miller, August, Jr.,	"	F,	28	Infantry,	May 19, 1864.
4329	Miller, John, 2d,	"	A,	11	"	July 30, 1864.
4050	Miller, Joseph,	Sergeant,	C,	57	"	Aug. 31, 1864.
10169	Miller, Luke,	Private,	G,	20	"	Oct. 1, 1864.
7178	Millican, William W.,	Corporal,	E,	2	Cavalry,	Aug. 29, 1864.
9539	Milton, Charles,	Private,	A,	20	Infantry,	Sept. 22, 1864.
11771	Mitchell, John,	"	H,	19	"	Nov. 3, 1864.
11867	Mitchell, Thomas,	"	-	14	Light Artillery,	Nov. 6, 1864.
8506	Mitchell, Walter C.,	"	H,	23	Infantry,	Sept. 11, 1864.
4083	Mixter, Gilbert L.,	"	E,	1	Cavalry,	July 27, 1864.
6235	Monroe, James,	"	M,	2	"	Aug. 20, 1864.
5490	Moore, Charles H. A.,	Drummer,	H,	2	Heavy Artillery,	Aug. 10, 1864.
3411	Moore, Pliney B.,	Private,	F,	18	Infantry,	July 16, 1864.
3160	Moore, Rody A.,	"	C,	56	"	July 11, 1864.
2458	Morgan, Charles H.,	"	H,	27	"	June 26, 1864.
8077	Morgan, Patrick,	"	B,	23	"	Sept. 7, 1864.
10583	Morris, Michael,	"	A,	57	"	Oct. 16, 1864.
1004	Morris, Robert,	"	F,	28	"	May 10, 1864.
6982	Morse, Charles,	"	H,	2	Heavy Artillery,	Aug. 25, 1864.





LIST OF MASSACHUSETTS SOLDIERS, ETC. — *Continued.*

Number of Grave.	NAME.	Rank.	Company.	Regiment.	Arm of Service.	Date of Death.
10592	Oliver, Francis J.,	Private,	E,	89	Infantry,	Oct. 10, 1864.
4884	O'Neill, Dennis,	"	E,	26	"	Aug. 6, 1864.
4975	Osborn, William,	"	A,	19	"	Aug. 7, 1864.
5340	Packard, Merrick A.,	"	C,	27	"	Aug. 11, 1864.
6639	Page, Alonzo L.,	"	G,	16	"	Aug. 23, 1864.
8888	Paine, John A.,	"	H,	57	"	Sept. 15, 1864.
598	Paisley, William H.,	"	D,	17	"	April 17, 1864.
10695	Palmer, J. *,	"	E,	59	"	Oct. 11, 1864.
6899	Paradis, Lucian,	"	G,	2	Heavy Artillery,	Sept. 4, 1864.
1074	Park, Daniel H.,	"	C,	86	Infantry,	May 18, 1864.
5380	Parris, Frank,	"	E,	2	Cavalry,	Aug. 11, 1864.
7811	Parrish, Charles H.,	"	C,	1	Heavy Artillery,	Sept. 6, 1864.
2327	Parsons, William D.,	"	E,	23	Infantry,	June 22, 1864.
6860	Pasco, James M.,	"	D,	58	"	Aug. 28, 1864.
1231	Patterson, Harley W.,	"	G,	33	"	May 20, 1864.
4967	Payne, William A.,	"	M,	1	Heavy Artillery,	Aug. 6, 1864.
7556	Peabody, William T.,	"	F,	57	Infantry,	Sept. 2, 1864.
11079	Pearson, Kendall,	Sergeant,	H,	2	Heavy Artillery,	Oct. 17, 1864.
6471	Peckham, Anson P.,	Private,	G,	20	Infantry,	Aug. 22, 1864.
9603	Perry, Nathan,	"	F,	1	Heavy Artillery,	Sept. 23, 1864.
274	Perry, Samuel N.,	"	D,	39	Infantry,	Mar. 31, 1864.
4986	Pettee, Chandler,	"	H,	2	Heavy Artillery,	Aug. 3, 1864.
5441	Pettis, Augustus,	"	A,	36	Infantry,	Aug. 12, 1864.



LIST OF MASSACHUSETTS SOLDIERS, ETC. — *Continued.*

Number of Grave.	NAME.	Rank.	Company.	Regiment.	Arm of Service.	Date of Death.
6499	Rarey, Henry, . . . . .	Private, . . . . .	B, . . . . .	59	Infantry, . . . . .	Aug. 22, 1864.
12094	Reagan, Christopher, . . . . .	Corporal, . . . . .	H, . . . . .	27	" . . . . .	Nov. 19, 1864.
8072	Reed, George P., . . . . .	Private, . . . . .	H, . . . . .	2	Heavy Artillery, . . . . .	Sept. 7, 1864.
10638	Relly, Hugh J., . . . . .	" . . . . .	G, . . . . .	2	" . . . . .	Oct. 10, 1864.
4003	Remington, Robert A., . . . . .	" . . . . .	E, . . . . .	1	Cavalry, . . . . .	July 26, 1864.
1725	Rensenlear, Charles M., . . . . .	" . . . . .	C, . . . . .	54	Infantry, . . . . .	June 8, 1864.
2970	Reynolds, Lucius A., . . . . .	" . . . . .	C, . . . . .	36	" . . . . .	July 7, 1864.
13252	Rhodes, W.,* . . . . .	" . . . . .	- . . . .	7	Heavy Artillery, . . . . .	May 16, 1865.
3272	Rice, Charles A. G., . . . . .	Corporal, . . . . .	G, . . . . .	2	" . . . . .	July 13, 1864.
1285	Rich, Charles, . . . . .	Private, . . . . .	B, . . . . .	2	Cavalry, . . . . .	May 23, 1864.
4233	Rich, Samuel, . . . . .	" . . . . .	B, . . . . .	27	Infantry, . . . . .	July 23, 1864.
3156	Richards, Joseph, . . . . .	" . . . . .	C, . . . . .	27	" . . . . .	July 11, 1864.
4167	Richardson, Samuel P., . . . . .	" . . . . .	M, . . . . .	1	Heavy Artillery, . . . . .	July 27, 1864.
11553	Richardson, Silas, . . . . .	" . . . . .	I, . . . . .	1	" . . . . .	Oct. 26, 1864.
7546	Rickard, Thomas, <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	" . . . . .	B, . . . . .	20	Infantry, . . . . .	Sept. 2, 1864.
8642	Riley, Michael, . . . . .	" . . . . .	K, . . . . .	56	" . . . . .	Sept. 13, 1864.
7200	Ripley, Martin T., . . . . .	" . . . . .	F, . . . . .	32	" . . . . .	Aug. 23, 1864.
6122	Ripp, Joseph, . . . . .	" . . . . .	A, . . . . .	28	" . . . . .	Aug. 19, 1864.
6650	Rippon, William, . . . . .	" . . . . .	G, . . . . .	58	" . . . . .	Aug. 20, 1864.
6166	Roach, Israel, . . . . .	" . . . . .	F, . . . . .	35	" . . . . .	Aug. 19, 1864.
9443	Roberts, Edward V., . . . . .	" . . . . .	K, . . . . .	1	Cavalry, . . . . .	Sept. 21, 1864.
11552	Roberts, James H., . . . . .	" . . . . .	I, . . . . .	18	Infantry, . . . . .	Oct. 27, 1864.
12505	Roberts, Lewis, . . . . .	" . . . . .	F, . . . . .	13	" . . . . .	Jan. 22, 1865.



## LIST OF MASSACHUSETTS SOLDIERS, ETC. — Continued.

Number of Grave.	NAME.	Rank.	Company.	Regiment.	Arm of Service.	Date of Death.
11338	Shinnick, James, .	Private, .	H, .	19	Infantry, .	Oct. 23, 1864.
10946	Short, John, .	"	B, .	2	Heavy Artillery, .	Oct. 14, 1864.
6802	Shove, John J., .	"	F, .	1	Cavalry, .	Aug. 23, 1864.
7735	Shulte, A. M.,*	"	B, .	23	—, .	Sept. 3, 1864.
10415	Shultz, George,*	"	H, .	28	Infantry, .	Oct. 6, 1864.
1458	Simonds, Eabud, .	"	D, .	17	"	July 10, 1864.
6957	Simonsen, Anthony,	"	M, .	2	Cavalry, .	Aug. 26, 1864.
4186	Simpson, Daniel O.,	"	D, .	34	Infantry, .	July 28, 1864.
9842	Simpson, William,	"	G, .	3	Heavy Artillery, .	Sept. 22, 1864.
6141	Sinclair, Archibald,	"	G, .	1	"	Aug. 16, 1864.
11189	Slone, Samuel, .	"	K, .	20	Infantry, .	Oct. 19, 1864.
8875	Small, Zachariah,	"	G, .	1	Heavy Artillery, .	Sept. 9, 1864.
10404	Smally, J. H.,*	"	G, .	2	—, .	Oct. 6, 1864.
8002	Smith, Charles A.,	"	C, .	1	Heavy Artillery, .	Sept. 6, 1864.
10256	Smith, Charles A.,	"	D, .	27	Infantry, .	Oct. 13, 1864.
4933	Smith, Daniel H.,	"	I, .	1	Heavy Artillery, .	Aug. 7, 1864.
12499	Smith, Edwin,	"	G, .	27	Infantry, .	Jan. 21, 1865.
11804	Smith, Edwin A., .	"	I, .	1	Heavy Artillery, .	Nov. 4, 1864.
7158	Smith, Herbert O.,	"	D, .	57	Infantry, .	Aug. 28, 1864.
987	Smith, John, .	"	K, .	17	"	May 8, 1864.
7443	Smith, John, .	Corporal,	E, .	20	"	Sept. 1, 1864.
5780	Smith, John H.,	Private, .	A, .	19	"	Aug. 15, 1864.
7538	Smith, John P.,	"	A, .	1	Heavy Artillery, .	Sept. 2, 1864.



LIST OF MASSACHUSETTS SOLDIERS, ETC. — *Continued.*

Number of Grave.	NAME.	Rank.	Company.	Regiment.	Arm of Service.	Date of Death.
12420	Stone, Frederick P.,	Private.	A,	27	Infantry,	Jan. 9, 1865.
5239	Storne, Louis,	"	E,	58	"	Aug. 10, 1864.
1758	Stuart, James A.,	"	H,	11	"	June 9, 1864.
7401	Sullivan, George, 2d,	"	H,	2	Heavy Artillery,	Aug. 30, 1864.
5957	Sullivan, John, Jr.,	"	I,	16	Infantry,	Aug. 17, 1864.
10890	Sullivan, Michael,	"	G,	2	Heavy Artillery,	Oct. 9, 1864.
8203	Sullivan, Patrick,	"	F,	9	Infantry,	Sept. 8, 1864.
10792	Sullivan, Patrick,	"	I,	15	"	Aug. 11, 1864.
11671	Sullivan, Thomas,	"	B,	59	"	Oct. 30, 1864.
5316	Sweetser, Luther,	"	E,	16	"	Aug. 11, 1864.
12788	Sylvester, David,	"	E,	1	Heavy Artillery,	Mar. 17, 1865.
8325	Sylvester, Eugene,	"	H,	2	"	Sept. 7, 1864.
12053	Sylvester, John,	"	I,	4	Cavalry,	Nov. 16, 1864.
11957	Taber, Bartholomew,	"	C,	35	Infantry,	Aug. 11, 1864.
10679	Tabor, Thomas,	Corporal,	E,	16	"	Oct. 11, 1864.
2167	Taggart, John,	Private,	E,	17	"	June 19, 1864.
3368	Taylor, Nathaniel P.,	"	D,	37	"	Aug. 15, 1864.
2515	Taylor, Thomas,	"	G,	2	Cavalry,	June 26, 1864.
8312	Thayer, James F.,	"	A,	27	Infantry,	July 23, 1864.
2421	Thomas, James W.,	"	I,	56	"	June 22, 1864.
8612	Thomas, Joseph D.,	"	H,	2	Heavy Artillery,	Sept. 26, 1864.
11123	Thomas, Joseph E.,	"	G,	32	Infantry,	Oct. 18, 1864.
12527	Thompson, C.,*	"	B,	1	Heavy Artillery,	Jan. 26, 1865.



4536	Thompson, George H.,	.	.	.	.	Private, .	.	.	.	F,	58	Infantry, .	.	Aug. 1, 1864.
7572	Thompson, J., <sup>1</sup>	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	I,	15	—, .	.	Sept. 5, 1864.
3308	Thompson, James M.,	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	H,	27	Infantry, .	.	July 1, 1864.
136	Thompson, John (citizen),*	.	.	.	.	—, .	.	.	.	-	-	—, .	.	Mar. 24, 1864.
3596	Thompson, Moses W.,	.	.	.	.	Private, .	.	.	.	G,	58	Infantry, .	.	July 19, 1864.
4634	Tibbets, Alvah,	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	F,	23	"	.	Aug. 8, 1864.
4386	Tiernay, William,	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	G,	3	Cavalry, .	.	July 31, 1864.
7468	Tiffany, Salem J.,	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	F,	34	Infantry, .	.	Sept. 1, 1864.
6549	Tilden, Asa,	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	B,	27	"	.	Aug. 22, 1864.
3898	Tillson, Charles E.,	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	E,	29	"	.	July 24, 1864.
10186	Tilton, Nathan,*	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	B,	9	"	.	Oct. 1, 1864.
11401	Tingey, William,	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	K,	1	Cavalry, .	.	Oct. 25, 1864.
3549	Toomey, John,	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	E,	28	Infantry, .	.	July 18, 1864.
6019	Torrey, Charles S.,	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	G,	7	"	.	Aug. 17, 1864.
407	Torry, Lorenzo,	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	H,	12	"	.	April 5, 1864.
10131	Townley, John J.,	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	F,	1	Cavalry, .	.	Sept. 30, 1864.
7860	Travis, Hiram C.,	.	.	.	.	Corporal,	.	.	.	C,	59	Infantry, .	.	Sept. 5, 1864.
7996	Triscott, William M.,	.	.	.	.	Private, .	.	.	.	K,	20	"	.	Sept. 6, 1864.
3848	Troy, Patrick,	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	H,	17	"	.	July 23, 1864.
8132	Turnier, Horatio E.,	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	F,	34	"	.	Sept. 8, 1864.
9443	Twisden, Nicholas,	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	G,	1	Heavy Artillery,	.	Sept. —, 1864.
6332	Twitchell, Hartwell C,	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	C,	36	Infantry, .	.	Aug. 21, 1864.
5428	Twitchell, John W.,	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	H,	17	"	.	Aug. 12, 1864.
3617	Usher, Samuel,	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	D,	17	"	.	Sept. 21, 1864.
7803	Volker, William,	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	E,	20	"	.	Sept. 4, 1864.
8466	Wade, Asam D. S.,	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	G,	2	Heavy Artillery,	.	Sept. 11, 1864.
1115	Walgard, John,	.	.	.	.	"	.	.	.	A,	22	Infantry, .	.	May 15, 1864.

\* This name cannot be confirmed by the Massachusetts records.

<sup>1</sup> May be I. Thompson of Company A, First Heavy Artillery, reported missing in action, June 16, 1864.

## LIST OF MASSACHUSETTS SOLDIERS, ETC. — Concluded.

Number of Grave.	NAME.	Rank.	Company.	Regiment.	Arm of Service.	Date of Death.
1068	Walch, Frank,	Private,	H,	17	Infantry,	Mar. 13, 1864.
5959	Walden, William F.,	"	B,	36	"	Aug. 29, 1864.
12444	Walker, Arthur,	"	H,	19	"	Jan. 15, 1865.
3377	Wallace, Patrick,	"	B,	57	"	July 16, 1864.
11494	Walsh, Michael,	"	C,	40	"	Oct. 26, 1864.
5191	Walton, Edward A.,	"	H,	57	"	Aug. 10, 1864.
8724	Walton, Nathan M.,	"	E,	59	"	Sept. 13, 1864.
13233	Ward, Peter,	"	E,	2	Heavy Artillery,	Nov. 5, 1864.
8304	Wardenfelt, J.*,	"	C,	6	"	Sept. 10, 1864.
5217	Ware, Samuel,	"	H,	1	Cavalry,	Aug. 10, 1864.
12131	Warner, Abraham F.,	Corporal,	D,	19	Infantry,	Nov. 23, 1864.
6464	Washburn, William E.,	Private,	I,	27	"	Aug. 20, 1864.
3247	Weeden, Welcome,	"	G,	58	"	July 13, 1864.
5214	Wellington, George W.,	"	G,	2	Heavy Artillery,	Aug. 9, 1864.
6224	Wellman, Charles C.,	"	D,	1	"	Aug. 20, 1864.
11796	Wells, Samuel S.,	"	A,	1	"	Nov. 4, 1864.
7002	West, James G.,	"	E,	1	"	Aug. 27, 1864.
1834	West, Edward R.,	"	A,	24	Infantry,	May 24, 1864.
5789	Weymouth, Uriah,	"	M,	2	Cavalry,	Aug. 16, 1864.
6807	White, John,	"	G,	2	Heavy Artillery,	Aug. 25, 1864.
7188	White, Joseph,	"	G,	2	"	Sept. 11, 1864.
4577	White, T.†,	"	K,	15	Infantry,	Aug. 2, 1864.
7902	Whiting, Albert,	"	H,	27	"	Sept. 5, 1864.

