### STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT

# Site Development Plan "Moose Hill Condominiums" Walpole, Massachusetts

March 10, 2020

**Prepared for:** 

P.O. Box 546
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Prepared by:

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### Introduction:

The applicant, RADKE Associates, LLC, is proposing to develop an eight (8) Unit Condominium project, located off Moose Hill Road, in Walpole Massachusetts. The proposed project was filed with Massachusetts Housing pursuant to Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 40B. The Moose Hill Condominiums project consists of eight residential units in four (4) duplex style buildings. The units will be individually owned in a condominium setting.

The project will be accessed via Moosehill Road with a twenty (20) foot wide paved access drive. The proposed drive will extend approximately 350 feet from Moosehill Road providing access and egress to all units. The individual units will have two outdoor parking spaces and one garage space for a total of three parking spaces per unit.

The proposal is to raze the existing house at 270 Moose Hill Road and accessory buildings. The Project will be serviced by Town water, sewer and other available public utilities. The stormwater generated from the Project will be captured, conveyed, treated and mitigated on-site utilizing Best Management Practices.

The purpose of these calculations is to demonstrate design compliance of the Project's stormwater management system for water quality and quantity, specifically post-development peak discharge rates per the DEP's Stormwater Management Policy, the Town of Walpole Land Subdivision Regulations. As designed, the system will mitigate peak rates of runoff for storms up to and including the 100-year event under post-construction conditions.

### Methodology/Sources of Data:

The overall storm water management plan for the project is designed to maintain the peak rate of storm water runoff from the site after development. The Soil Conservation Service Modified Soil Cover Complex Method, the computer program "HydroCAD" by Applied Microcomputer Systems, and the procedures specified in Urban Hydrology for storm Small Watersheds were used to determine pre-and post-developed peak flow rates of runoff from the site. The 2, 10, 25 and 100-year, 24-hour storm frequencies were used in the comparison of pre and post- development conditions. The rainfall data for the Type III, 24-hour storm events follow:

Frequency (Years)	Rainfall (inches)
2	3.25
10	4.90
50	6.10
100	7.00

The storm water runoff will be controlled through the use of "Best Management Practices" and in conformance with the MADEP Stormwater Management Policy.

### Soils:

The Natural Resources Conservation Service, Hydrologic Soils Group Map indicates that the on-site soils consist of Hinckley loamy sand (245C) in the project area. NRCS has assigned the soils a hydrologic soil rating of "A". On-site soil testing was performed on May 3, 2016 to determine groundwater and soil type. The field testing confirmed the hydrologic soil rating and no groundwater was encountered in the test holes. The recharge systems were designed using a Rawles Rate of 8.27 in/hr.

### **Existing Site Conditions:**

The site is located at 270 Moose Hill Road in the Town of Walpole, Massachusetts. The property is comprised of two parcels as shown on Assessor Map 36, Parcels 64 and 65, (See Attached Map) totaling 50,487 square feet of land area. The property is consists of a single family dwelling with related driveway, lawn area and accessory structures.

The existing runoff flows via overland from Moose Hill Road to the rear of the property. The site is primarily lawn area with landscaped gardens. The existing runoff has been modeled as Subcatchment E1.

### **Proposed Site Conditions:**

The Moose Hill Condominiums project consists of eight residential units in four (4) duplex style buildings. The units will be individually owned in a condominium setting.

The project will be accessed via Moosehill Road with a twenty (20) foot wide paved access drive. The proposed drive will extend approximately 350 feet from Moosehill Road providing access and egress to all units. The individual units will have two outdoor parking spaces and one garage space for a total of three parking spaces per unit.

The runoff from the roof areas will be captured and discharge to underground infiltration systems. Two systems are proposed, each will accommodate two buildings. All roof runoff will be captured via gutters, downspouts and a piping network that will direct the runoff to the recharge system.

The runoff generated from the paved surfaces will be collected via catch basins, manholes and culverts then directed to a separate underground stormwater recharge system. All impervious areas will be directed to an underground recharge systems. The remaining lawn area has been modeled as Subcatchment P4 for comparison of pre- and pos-developed offsite runoff.

The following is a summary comparison of peak flows:

	Summary of Peak Stormwater Runoff Rates												
Design	2Yr Peak Flow		10-Yr Peak Flow		25-Yr Peak Flow		100-Yr Peak Flow						
<u>Point</u>	(cfs)		(cfs)		(cfs)		(cfs)						
	Exist.	Prop.	Exist.	Prop.	Exist.	Prop.	Exist.	<u>Prop.</u>					
(1E) P4	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.01	0.17	0.03	0.88	0.24					

The following is a summary comparison of peak volumes:

Summary of Stormwater Runoff Volumes										
<u>Design Point</u>	2-Yr Volume (ac-ft)		10-Yr Volume (ac-ft)		25-Yr Volume (ac-ft)		100-Yr Volume (ac-ft)			
	Exist.	Prop.	Exist.	Prop.	Exist.	Prop.	Exist.	Prop.		
(1E) P4	91.0	1.0	1,255	324	1,599	444	4,504	1,546		

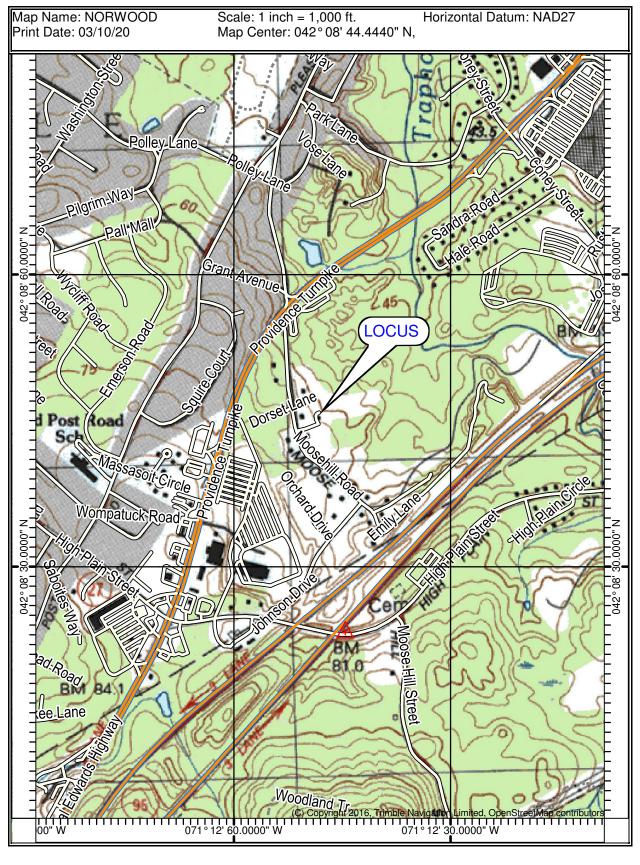
The following is a summary of the Recharge Systems:

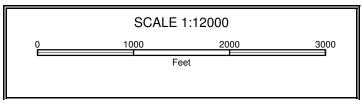
Summary of Recharge System for 100 year Storm Event									
<u>System</u>	Inflow (c.f.s)	Peak Elevation (feet)	Flood Elevation (feet)						
1P	0.79	206.69	207.5						
2P	0.79	199.94	201.0						
3P	1.81	202.58	203.0						

The proposed pipe network has been designed to convey stormwater flows for the 25-year storm event.

### **Summary:**

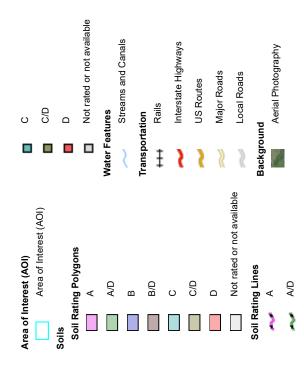
The calculations performed for all design storm events indicate that there is no net increase in the peak rate of runoff or volume for the Project as proposed. Therefore, with the implementation of the stormwater management system as designed, there will be adequate protection against pollutants, flooding, siltation, or other drainage problems. The stormwater management system along with the Operation and Maintenance plan contained herein will satisfy all of the objectives of the DEP's Stormwater Management Regulations and the Town of Walpole Subdivision Rules.





Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey

MAP LEGEND



# MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:25,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map

measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Web Soil Survey URL:

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below. Soil Survey Area: Norfolk and Suffolk Counties, Massachusetts Survey Area Data: Version 15, Sep 12, 2019

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Aug 31, 2019—Sep

Not rated or not available

B/D

ပ

Ш

C/D

Soil Rating Points

⋖

ΑD

B/D

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

# **Hydrologic Soil Group**

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
10	Scarboro and Birdsall soils, 0 to 3 percent slopes	A/D	9.8	6.7%
51	Swansea muck, 0 to 1 percent slopes	B/D	8.9	6.1%
53	Freetown muck, ponded, 0 to 1 percent slopes	B/D	0.9	0.6%
245C	Hinckley loamy sand, 8 to 15 percent slopes	А	54.4	37.3%
253D	Hinckley loamy sand, 15 to 35 percent slopes	Α	9.1	6.2%
254B	Merrimac fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	A	1.9	1.3%
254C	Merrimac fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	A	7.0	4.8%
255C	Windsor loamy sand, 8 to 15 percent slopes	A	2.0	1.4%
260B	Sudbury fine sandy loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes	В	9.2	6.3%
420B	Canton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	В	11.2	7.7%
602	Urban land, 0 to 15 percent slopes		0.1	0.1%
653	Udorthents, sandy	A	13.3	9.1%
654	Udorthents, loamy	A	18.2	12.5%
Totals for Area of Inter	rest		146.1	100.0%

### **Description**

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

### **Rating Options**

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

### **Massachusetts Stormwater Management Standards:**

# Standard 1: No new stormwater conveyances (e.g. outfalls) may discharge untreated stormwater directly to or cause erosion in wetlands or waters of the commonwealth:

All new stormwater discharges will be treated and remove a minimum of eighty (80) percent total suspended solids. The surface runoff from the proposed impervious surfaces will be treated and mitigated prior to discharge to abutting properties.

# <u>Standard 2: Stormwater management systems shall be designed so that the Post-developed peak discharge rates</u> do not exceed Pre-developed peak discharge rates:

The proposed project as designed will result in no increase in post-development runoff over pre-developed rates. *See Appendix A.* 

# Standard 3: Loss of annual recharge to groundwater shall be eliminated or minimized through the use of environmentally sensitive site design, low impact development techniques, stormwater best management practices and good operation and maintenance:

No proposed change from existing.

# Standard 4: Stormwater management systems shall be designed to remove 80% of average annual post-construction load of total suspended solids (TSS):

The proposed design will provide treatment and groundwater recharge through the use of an infiltration systems to control runoff from the impervious surfaces.

# Standard 5: For land uses with higher potential pollutant loads, source control and pollution prevention shall be implemented in accordance with the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook to eliminate or reduce discharge of stormwater runoff from such land uses to the maximum extent practicable:

The project is not a land use with higher potential pollutant load (LUHPPL).

Standard 6: Stormwater discharges within the Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area of a public water supply, and stormwater discharges near or to any other critical area, require the use of specific source control and pollution prevention measures and specific structural stormwater best management practices determined by the department to be suitable for managing discharges to such areas, as provided in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.

The project site is not located in a Critical area.

# Standard 7: A redevelopment project is required to meet the following Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum extend practible:

The proposed project is not a redevelopment.

# Standard 8: A plan to control construction-related impacts, including erosion, sedimentation and other pollutant sources during construction and land disturbance activities (construction period erosion, sedimentation, and pollution prevention plan) shall be developed and implemented:

The proposed project plan set includes an erosion control plan to be implemented during construction period. A Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) will be prepared prior to the commencement of construction.

# Standard 9: A long-term operation and maintenance plan shall be developed and implemented to ensure that stormwater management systems function as designed:

A Stormwater Operation and Maintenance Plan are included. See Appendix D.

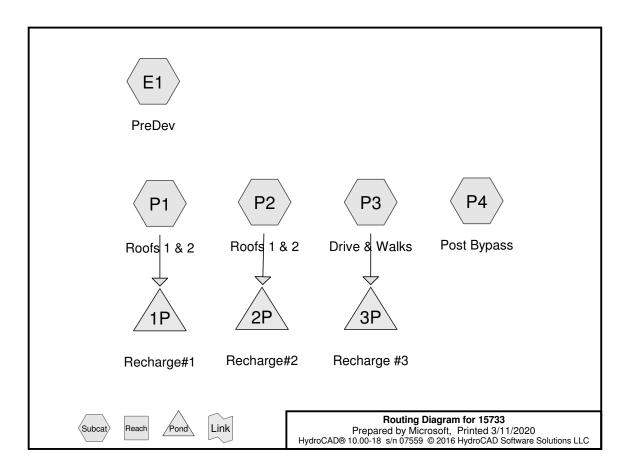
### Standard 10: All illicit discharges to the stormwater management system are prohibited:

An Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement was prepared for the project. See Appendix E.

## APPENDIX – A

# **Calculations for Pre & Post Development**

# **Standard 2:**



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Type III 24-hr 2 Yr Rainfall=3.20" Printed 3/11/2020 Page 2

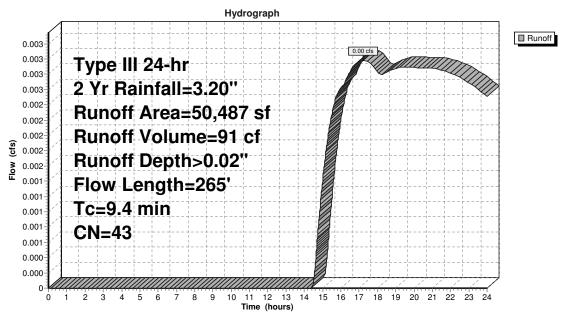
### Summary for Subcatchment E1: PreDev

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 17.20 hrs, Volume= 91 cf, Depth> 0.02"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr  $\,$  2 Yr Rainfall=3.20"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN I	Description							
*		3,491	98	mp. Surfac	np. Surfaces, HSG A						
		46,996	39 :	-75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A					
		50,487	43 \	Neighted A	verage						
		46,996	(	93.09% Pei	rvious Area						
		3,491	(	6.91% Impe	ervious Area	a e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e					
	_		01								
	Tc	- 3-	Slope		Capacity	Description					
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)						
	7.6	50	0.0240	0.11		Sheet Flow, A-B					
						Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20"					
	1.2	100	0.0200	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C					
						Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps					
	0.6	115	0.0450	3.18		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D					
						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps					
	9.4	265	Total								

### Subcatchment E1: PreDev



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Type III 24-hr 2 Yr Rainfall=3.20"
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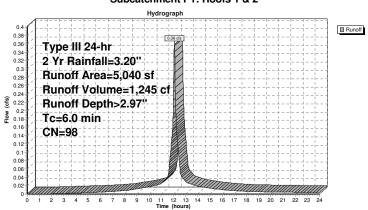
### Summary for Subcatchment P1: Roofs 1 & 2

Runoff = 0.36 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 1,245 cf, Depth> 2.97"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 Yr Rainfall=3.20"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description								
*	5,040	98	Roof, HSG	Roof, HSG A							
	5,040		100.00% In	100.00% Impervious Area							
(mi	Γc Length n) (feet)	Slope (ft/ft		Capacity (cfs)	Description						
- 6	.0				Direct Entry, Min Tc						

### Subcatchment P1: Roofs 1 & 2



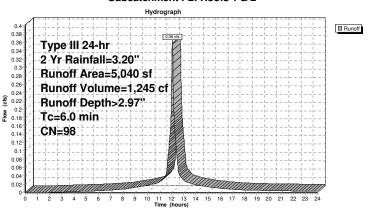
### Summary for Subcatchment P2: Roofs 1 & 2

Runoff = 0.36 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 1,245 cf, Depth> 2.97"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 Yr Rainfall=3.20"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
	5,040	98	Roofs, HSC	àΑ					
	5,040		100.00% Impervious Area						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft		Capacity (cfs)	Description				
6.0					Direct Entry,	,			

### Subcatchment P2: Roofs 1 & 2



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Type III 24-hr 2 Yr Rainfall=3.20"
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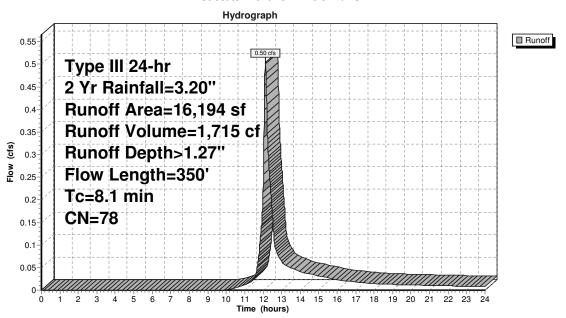
### Summary for Subcatchment P3: Drive & Walks

Runoff = 0.50 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 1,715 cf, Depth> 1.27"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 Yr Rainfall=3.20"

	A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description							
		5,402	39 >	75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A							
		10,792	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG A						
		16,194	78 V	Veighted A	verage						
		5,402	3	33.36% Pe	rvious Area						
		10,792	6	6.64% Imp	pervious Are	ea					
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description					
(	min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)						
	6.2	25	0.0100	0.07		Sheet Flow, A-B					
						Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20"					
	1.9	325	0.0200	2.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C					
						Paved Kv= 20.3 fps					
	8.1	350	Total								

### Subcatchment P3: Drive & Walks



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Type III 24-hr 2 Yr Rainfall=3.20"
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### Summary for Subcatchment P4: Post Bypass

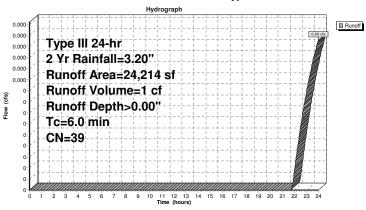
Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 24.00 hrs, Volume=

1 cf, Depth> 0.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 Yr Rainfall=3.20"

	Ar	ea (sf)	CN I	Description								
	2	24,214	39 :	>75% Grass cover, Good. HSG A								
	2	24,214		00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a						
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description						
(m	nin)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	·						
	6.0					Direct Entry,						

### Subcatchment P4: Post Bypass



### Summary for Pond 1P: Recharge#1

Inflow Area =

Inflow

Inflow = Outflow = 1,245 cf, Atten= 79%, Lag= 24.6 min

Discarded = 0.08 cfs @ 12.49 hrs, Volume= 1,245 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 203.87' @ 12.49 hrs Surf.Area= 361 sf Storage= 285 cf Flood Elev= 207.50' Surf.Area= 361 sf Storage= 1,036 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 19.7 min calculated for 1,245 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 19.5 min (775.3 - 755.8)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	202.50'	512 cf	10.50'W x 34.37'L x 5.00'H Field A
			1,804 cf Overall - 523 cf Embedded = 1,281 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	203.00'	523 cf	Cultec R-902HD x 8 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 69.8"W x 48.0"H => 17.65 sf x 3.67'L = 64.7 cf
			Overall Size= 78.0"W x 48.0"H x 4.10'L with 0.44' Overlap
			Cap Storage= +2.8 cf x 2 x 1 rows = 5.5 cf
		1.036.cf	Total Available Storage

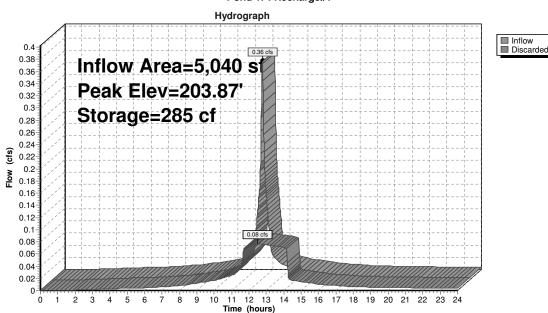
Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	
#1	Discarded	202.50'	8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area	Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 190.00'

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.08 cfs @ 12.49 hrs HW=203.87' (Free Discharge) -1=Exfiltration (Controls 0.08 cfs)

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### Pond 1P: Recharge#1



### Summary for Pond 2P: Recharge#2

Inflow Area =

Inflow

Inflow = Outflow = 1,245 cf, Atten= 77%, Lag= 23.2 min

Discarded = 0.08 cfs @ 12.47 hrs, Volume= 1,245 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 197.32' @ 12.47 hrs Surf.Area= 361 sf Storage= 273 cf Flood Elev= 201.00' Surf.Area= 361 sf Storage= 1,036 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 17.3 min calculated for 1,245 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 17.1 min ( 772.9 - 755.8 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	196.00'	512 cf	10.50'W x 34.37'L x 5.00'H Field A
			1,804 cf Overall - 523 cf Embedded = 1,281 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	196.50'	523 cf	Cultec R-902HD x 8 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 69.8"W x 48.0"H => 17.65 sf x 3.67'L = 64.7 cf
			Overall Size= 78.0"W x 48.0"H x 4.10'L with 0.44' Overlap
			Cap Storage= +2.8 cf x 2 x 1 rows = 5.5 cf
		1.036.cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices

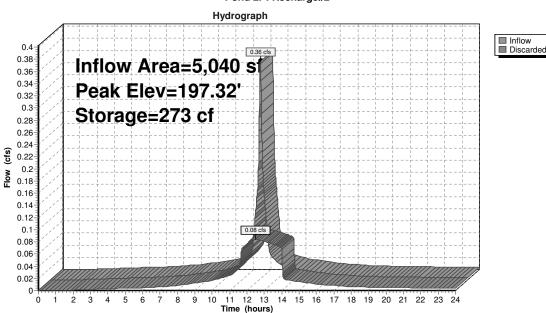
196.00' 8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 190.00' Discarded

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.08 cfs @ 12.47 hrs HW=197.32' (Free Discharge)

-1=Exfiltration (Controls 0.08 cfs)

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### Pond 2P: Recharge#2



### Summary for Pond 3P: Recharge #3

Inflow Area =

Inflow

Inflow = Outflow = 1,714 cf, Atten= 65%, Lag= 21.5 min

Discarded = 0.17 cfs @ 12.48 hrs, Volume= 1,714 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 198.63' @ 12.48 hrs Surf.Area= 650 sf Storage= 321 cf Flood Elev= 203.00' Surf.Area= 650 sf Storage= 2,065 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 11.2 min calculated for 1,714 cf (100% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 10.9 min ( 860.9 - 850.0 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	197.50'	1,007 cf	33.00'W x 19.70'L x 5.50'H Field A
			3,576 cf Overall - 1,058 cf Embedded = 2,518 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	198.50'	1,058 cf	Cultec R-902HD x 16 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 69.8"W x 48.0"H => 17.65 sf x 3.67'L = 64.7 cf
			Overall Size= 78.0"W x 48.0"H x 4.10'L with 0.44' Overlap
			4 Rows of 4 Chambers
			Cap Storage= +2.8 cf x 2 x 4 rows = 22.1 cf
		0.005 -4	Total Available Ctavage

2,065 cf Total Available Storage

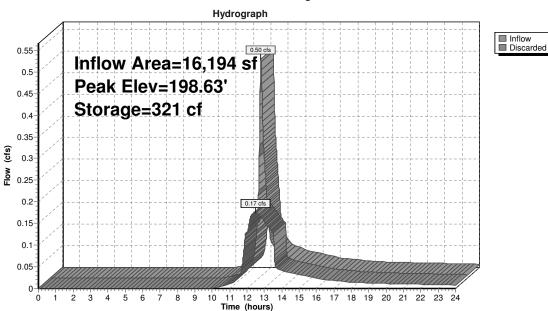
Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device Routing Invert Outlet Devices 197.50' **8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Wetted area** Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 192.00' Discarded

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.17 cfs @ 12.48 hrs HW=198.63' (Free Discharge) 1-1=Exfiltration (Controls 0.17 cfs)

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### Summary for Subcatchment E1: PreDev

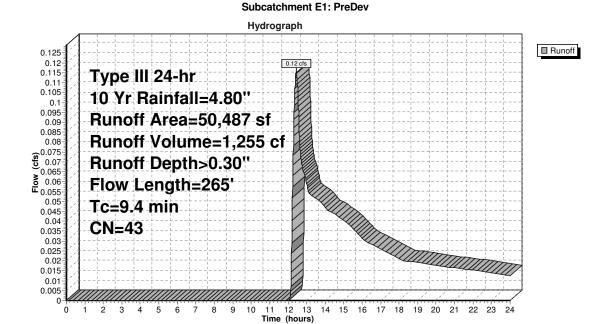
Runoff = 0.12 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume= 1,255 cf, Depth> 0.30"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Yr Rainfall=4.80"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description				
*	3,491	98 I	mp. Surfac	es, HSG A			
	46,996				ood, HSG A		
	50.487	43 V	Veighted A	verage			
	46.996			vious Area			
	3.491	-		ervious Area			
	3,491	C	.91 /6 IIIIpe	el vious Ale	a		
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description		
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	•		
7.6	50	0.0240	0.11		Sheet Flow, A-B		
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20"		
1.2	100	0.0200	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C		
					Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps		
0.6	115	0.0450	3.18		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D		
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps		
9.4	265	Total			•		

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Type III 24-hr 10 Yr Rainfall=4.80" Printed 3/11/2020 Page 16



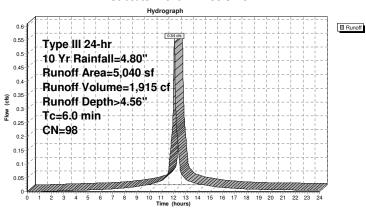
### Summary for Subcatchment P1: Roofs 1 & 2

Runoff = 0.54 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 1,915 cf, Depth> 4.56"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Yr Rainfall=4.80"

Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
*	5,040	98	Roof, HSG	oof, HSG A				
	5,040		100.00% Impervious Area					
Tc	Length	Slop		Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	) (ft/sec)	(cfs)				
6.0					Direct Entry, Min Tc			

### Subcatchment P1: Roofs 1 & 2



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Type III 24-hr 10 Yr Rainfall=4.80" Printed 3/11/2020 Page 18

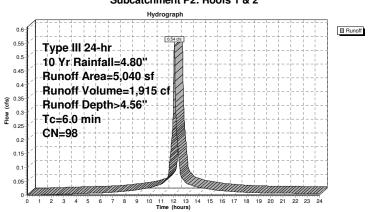
### Summary for Subcatchment P2: Roofs 1 & 2

Runoff = 0.54 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 1,915 cf, Depth> 4.56"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Yr Rainfall=4.80"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
		5,040	98	Roofs, HSC	Roofs, HSG A				
		5,040		100.00% Impervious Area					
_	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft		Capacity (cfs)	Description			
	6.0			•		Direct Entry.			

### Subcatchment P2: Roofs 1 & 2



### Summary for Subcatchment P3: Drive & Walks

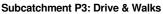
Runoff = 1.03 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 3,426 cf, Depth> 2.54"

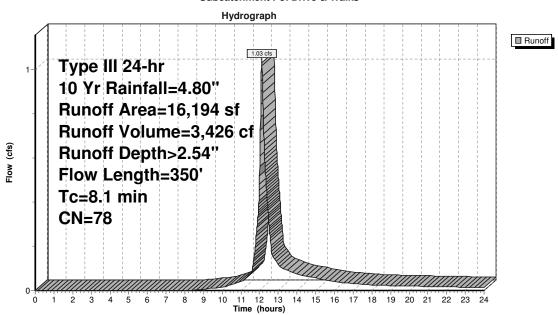
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Yr Rainfall=4.80"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	CN Description						
	5,402	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A				
	10,792	98 F	aved park	ing, HSG A					
	16,194	78 V	Veighted A	verage					
	5,402	3	3.36% Per	rvious Area					
	10,792	6	6.64% Imp	pervious Ar	ea				
_									
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
6.2	25	0.0100	0.07		Sheet Flow, A-B				
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20"				
1.9	325	0.0200	2.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C				
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps				
8.1	350	Total							

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Type III 24-hr 10 Yr Rainfall=4.80" Printed 3/11/2020 Page 20





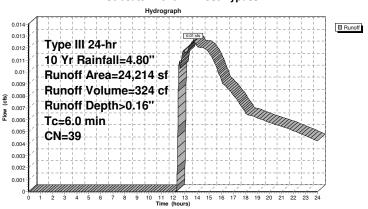
### Summary for Subcatchment P4: Post Bypass

Runoff 324 cf, Depth> 0.16" 0.01 cfs @ 13.66 hrs, Volume=

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Yr Rainfall=4.80"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
		24,214	39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
		24,214 100.00% Pervious Area							
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
_	6.0					Direct Entry.			

### Subcatchment P4: Post Bypass



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### Summary for Pond 1P: Recharge#1

Inflow Area = 5,040 sf,100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 4.56" for 10 Yr event

0.54 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.08 cfs @ 12.56 hrs, Volume= Inflow 1,915 cf

Outflow 1,915 cf, Atten= 85%, Lag= 28.8 min

Discarded = 0.08 cfs @ 12.56 hrs, Volume= 1,915 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 204.94 @ 12.56 hrs Surf.Area= 361 sf Storage= 539 cf

Flood Elev= 207.50' Surf.Area= 361 sf Storage= 1,036 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 39.3 min calculated for 1,914 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 39.1 min ( 787.2 - 748.2 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	202.50'	512 cf	10.50'W x 34.37'L x 5.00'H Field A
			1,804 cf Overall - 523 cf Embedded = 1,281 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	203.00'	523 cf	Cultec R-902HD x 8 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 69.8"W x 48.0"H => 17.65 sf x 3.67'L = 64.7 cf
			Overall Size= 78.0"W x 48.0"H x 4.10'L with 0.44' Overlap
			Cap Storage= +2.8 cf x 2 x 1 rows = 5.5 cf
		1 000 (	T . I A . 3 I I . O:

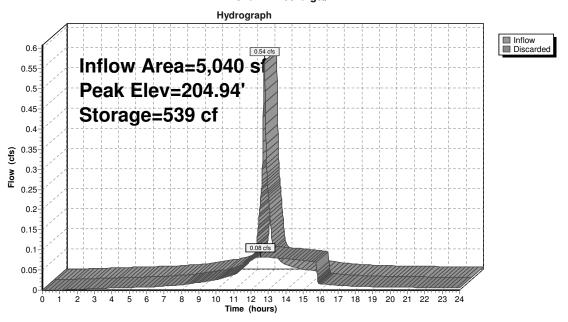
1,036 cf Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	
#1	Discarded	202.50'	8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area	Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 190.00'

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.08 cfs @ 12.56 hrs HW=204.94' (Free Discharge) -1=Exfiltration (Controls 0.08 cfs)

### Pond 1P: Recharge#1



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### Summary for Pond 2P: Recharge#2

Inflow Area = 5,040 sf,100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 4.56" for 10 Yr event

Inflow = Outflow = 0.54 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.10 cfs @ 12.53 hrs, Volume= 0.10 cfs @ 12.53 hrs, Volume= 1,915 cf

1,915 cf, Atten= 82%, Lag= 27.0 min

Discarded = 1,915 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 198.33' @ 12.53 hrs Surf.Area= 361 sf Storage= 515 cf Flood Elev= 201.00' Surf.Area= 361 sf Storage= 1,036 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 32.3 min calculated for 1,915 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 32.2 min ( 780.3 - 748.2 )

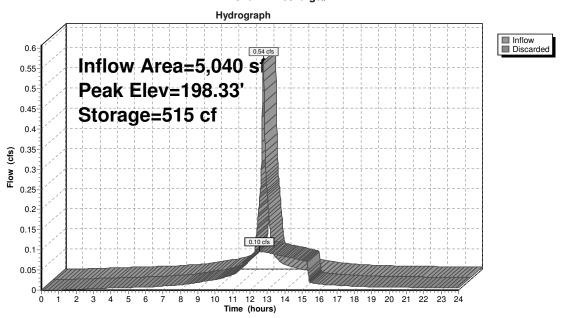
Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	196.00'	512 cf	10.50'W x 34.37'L x 5.00'H Field A
			1,804 cf Overall - 523 cf Embedded = 1,281 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	196.50'	523 cf	Cultec R-902HD x 8 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 69.8"W x 48.0"H => 17.65 sf x 3.67'L = 64.7 cf
			Overall Size= 78.0"W x 48.0"H x 4.10'L with 0.44' Overlap
			Cap Storage= +2.8 cf x 2 x 1 rows = 5.5 cf
		1,036 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	
#1	Discarded	196.00'	8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 190.00'	

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.10 cfs @ 12.53 hrs HW=198.33' (Free Discharge) -1=Exfiltration (Controls 0.10 cfs)

### Pond 2P: Recharge#2



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### Summary for Pond 3P: Recharge #3

Inflow Area = 16,194 sf, 66.64% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 2.54" for 10 Yr event

Inflow = Outflow = 1.03 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.24 cfs @ 12.55 hrs, Volume= 0.24 cfs @ 12.55 hrs, Volume= 3,426 cf

3,424 cf, Atten= 76%, Lag= 26.3 min

Discarded = 3,424 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 200.02' @ 12.55 hrs Surf.Area= 650 sf Storage= 958 cf

Flood Elev= 203.00' Surf.Area= 650 sf Storage= 2,065 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 29.7 min calculated for 3,424 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 29.4 min ( 859.3 - 829.9 )

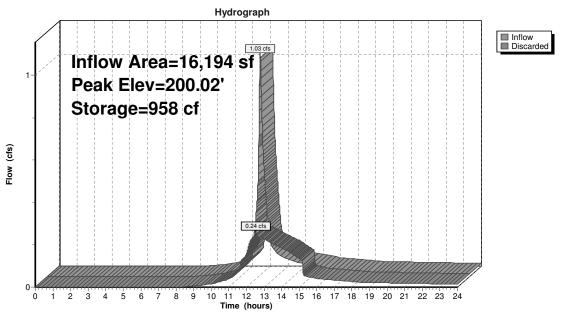
Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description		
#1A	197.50'	1,007 cf	33.00'W x 19.70'L x 5.50'H Field A		
			3,576 cf Overall - 1,058 cf Embedded = 2,518 cf x 40.0% Voids		
#2A	198.50'	1,058 cf	Cultec R-902HD x 16 Inside #1		
			Effective Size= 69.8"W x 48.0"H => 17.65 sf x 3.67'L = 64.7 cf		
			Overall Size= 78.0"W x 48.0"H x 4.10'L with 0.44' Overlap		
			4 Rows of 4 Chambers		
			Cap Storage= +2.8 cf x 2 x 4 rows = 22.1 cf		
		2 065 cf	Total Available Storage		

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	
#1	Discarded	197 50'	8.270 in/hr Extiltration over Wetted area Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 192.00'	

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.24 cfs @ 12.55 hrs HW=200.02' (Free Discharge) -1=Exfiltration (Controls 0.24 cfs)

### Pond 3P: Recharge #3



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Type III 24-hr 25 Yr Rainfall=5.10" Printed 3/11/2020 Page 28

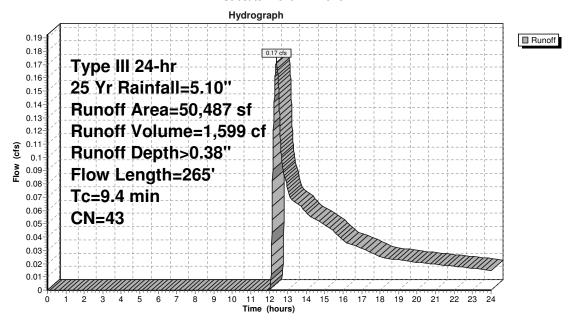
### Summary for Subcatchment E1: PreDev

Runoff = 0.17 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume= 1,599 cf, Depth> 0.38"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr  $\,$  25 Yr Rainfall=5.10"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN I	Description		
*		3,491	98	mp. Surfac	es, HSG A	
		46,996	39 :	75% Gras	s cover, Go	od, HSG A
		50,487	43 \	Veighted A	verage	
		46,996	(	3.09% Pe	rvious Area	
		3,491	(	6.91% Impe	ervious Area	A
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	7.6	50	0.0240	0.11		Sheet Flow, A-B
						Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20"
	1.2	100	0.0200	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
						Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps
	0.6	115	0.0450	3.18		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D
_						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	9.4	265	Total			

### Subcatchment E1: PreDev



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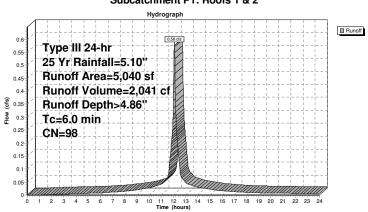
### Summary for Subcatchment P1: Roofs 1 & 2

Runoff = 0.58 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 2,041 cf, Depth> 4.86"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25 Yr Rainfall=5.10"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
*		5,040	98	Roof, HSG	Roof, HSG A					
-		5,040		100.00% Impervious Area						
1)	Tc min)	Length (feet)	Slop (ft/ft		Capacity (cfs)	Description				
	6.0					Direct Entry, Min Tc				

### Subcatchment P1: Roofs 1 & 2



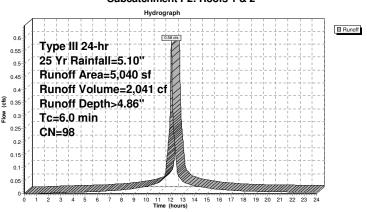
### Summary for Subcatchment P2: Roofs 1 & 2

Runoff = 0.58 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 2,041 cf, Depth> 4.86"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25 Yr Rainfall=5.10"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description			
	5,040	98	Roofs, HSC	Aβ		
	5,040		100.00% In	npervious A	rea	
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
6.0					Direct Entry,	

### Subcatchment P2: Roofs 1 & 2



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Type III 24-hr 25 Yr Rainfall=5.10" Printed 3/11/2020 Page 32

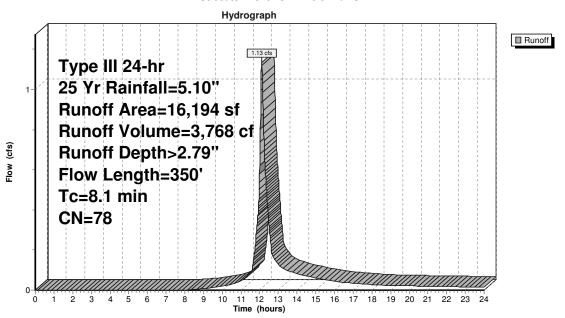
### Summary for Subcatchment P3: Drive & Walks

Runoff = 1.13 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 3,768 cf, Depth> 2.79"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25 Yr Rainfall=5.10"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN E	escription		
		5,402	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
		10,792	98 F	aved park	ing, HSG A	
		16,194	78 V	Veighted A	verage	
		5,402	3	3.36% Pe	rvious Area	
		10,792	6	6.64% Imp	pervious Are	ea
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	6.2	25	0.0100	0.07		Sheet Flow, A-B
						Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20"
	1.9	325	0.0200	2.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
						Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
	8.1	350	Total			

### Subcatchment P3: Drive & Walks



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### Summary for Subcatchment P4: Post Bypass

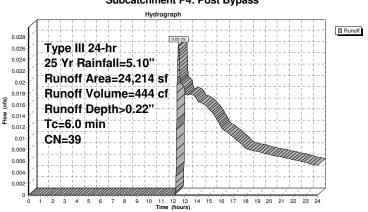
Runoff = 0.03 cfs @ 12.46 hrs, Volume=

444 cf, Depth> 0.22"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25 Yr Rainfall=5.10"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description				
		24,214	39 :	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	od, HSG A		
_		24,214 100.00% Pervious Area						
	т.		01	M-126	0	December		
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Siope (ft/ft)		Capacity (cfs)	Description		
-	6.0	( /	( /		(/	Direct Entry,		

### Subcatchment P4: Post Bypass



### Summary for Pond 1P: Recharge#1

Inflow Area =

Inflow = Outflow = Inflow

2,040 cf, Atten= 86%, Lag= 29.5 min

Discarded = 0.08 cfs @ 12.58 hrs, Volume= 2,040 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 205.15' @ 12.58 hrs Surf.Area= 361 sf Storage= 588 cf Flood Elev= 207.50' Surf.Area= 361 sf Storage= 1,036 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 43.2 min calculated for 2,040 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 43.0 min ( 790.1 - 747.1 )

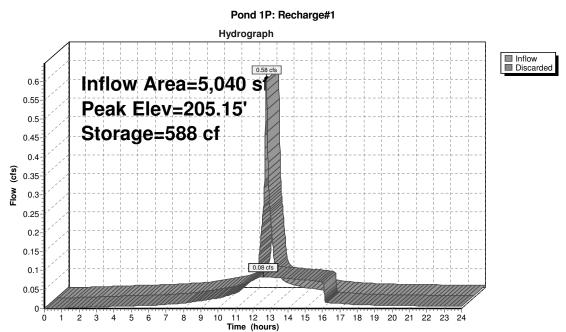
Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description		
#1A	202.50'	512 cf	10.50'W x 34.37'L x 5.00'H Field A		
			1,804 cf Overall - 523 cf Embedded = 1,281 cf x 40.0% Voids		
#2A	203.00'	523 cf	Cultec R-902HD x 8 Inside #1		
			Effective Size= 69.8"W x 48.0"H => 17.65 sf x 3.67'L = 64.7 cf		
			Overall Size= 78.0"W x 48.0"H x 4.10'L with 0.44' Overlap		
			Cap Storage= +2.8 cf x 2 x 1 rows = 5.5 cf		
		1.036.cf	Total Available Storage		

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Discarded	202 50'	8 270 in/hr Evfiltration over Surface area. Conductivity to Groundwater Floration - 190 00'	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.08 cfs @ 12.58 hrs HW=205.15' (Free Discharge) -1=Exfiltration (Controls 0.08 cfs)

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### Summary for Pond 2P: Recharge#2

Inflow Area =

Inflow

Inflow = Outflow = 2,040 cf, Atten= 83%, Lag= 27.4 min

Discarded = 0.10 cfs @ 12.54 hrs, Volume= 2,040 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 198.53' @ 12.54 hrs Surf.Area= 361 sf Storage= 561 cf Flood Elev= 201.00' Surf.Area= 361 sf Storage= 1,036 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 35.2 min calculated for 2,040 cf (100% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 35.0 min ( 782.1 - 747.1 )

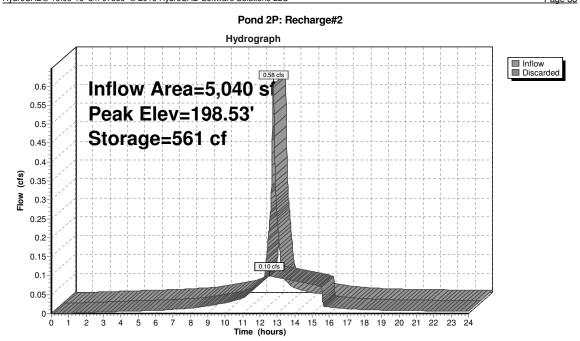
Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description		
#1A	196.00'	512 cf	0.50'W x 34.37'L x 5.00'H Field A		
			1,804 cf Overall - 523 cf Embedded = 1,281 cf x 40.0% Voids		
#2A	196.50'	523 cf	Cultec R-902HD x 8 Inside #1		
			Effective Size= 69.8"W x 48.0"H => 17.65 sf x 3.67'L = 64.7 cf		
			Overall Size= 78.0"W x 48.0"H x 4.10'L with 0.44' Overlap		
			Cap Storage= +2.8 cf x 2 x 1 rows = 5.5 cf		
·		1,036 cf	Total Available Storage		

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	
#1	Discarded	196 00'	8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area	Conductivity to Groundwater Flevation = 190 00'

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.10 cfs @ 12.54 hrs HW=198.53' (Free Discharge) -1=Exfiltration (Controls 0.10 cfs)

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### Summary for Pond 3P: Recharge #3

Inflow Area =

Inflow

Inflow = Outflow = 3,767 cf, Atten= 77%, Lag= 26.7 min

Discarded = 0.26 cfs @ 12.56 hrs, Volume= 3,767 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 200.32' @ 12.56 hrs Surf.Area= 650 sf Storage= 1,090 cf Flood Elev= 203.00' Surf.Area= 650 sf Storage= 2,065 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 32.9 min calculated for 3,767 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 32.6 min ( 859.8 - 827.2 )

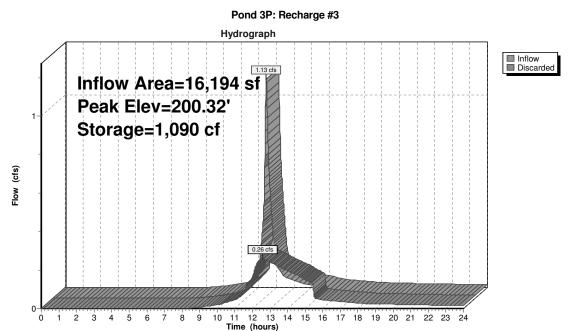
Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	197.50'	1,007 cf	33.00'W x 19.70'L x 5.50'H Field A
			3,576 cf Overall - 1,058 cf Embedded = 2,518 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	198.50'	1,058 cf	Cultec R-902HD x 16 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 69.8"W x 48.0"H => 17.65 sf x 3.67'L = 64.7 cf
			Overall Size= 78.0"W x 48.0"H x 4.10'L with 0.44' Overlap
			4 Rows of 4 Chambers
			Cap Storage= +2.8 cf x 2 x 4 rows = 22.1 cf
		0.005 -4	Total Available Ctavana

2,065 cf Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device Routing Invert Outlet Devices 197.50' **8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Wetted area** Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 192.00' Discarded

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### Summary for Subcatchment E1: PreDev

Runoff = 0.88 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume=

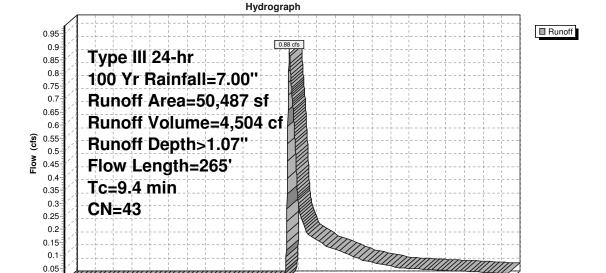
4,504 cf, Depth> 1.07"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Yr Rainfall=7.00"

	A	rea (sf)	CN [	Description		
*		3,491	98 I	mp. Surfac	es, HSG A	
		46,996	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	od, HSG A
		50,487	43 \	Veighted A	verage	
		46,996	ę	93.09% Pei	rvious Area	
		3,491	6	3.91% Impe	ervious Area	a control of the cont
	т.	Lanath	Clana	Valaaitu	Conneitu	Description
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(n	nin)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	7.6	50	0.0240	0.11		Sheet Flow, A-B
						Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20"
	1.2	100	0.0200	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
						Nearly Bare & Untilled Kv= 10.0 fps
	0.6	115	0.0450	3.18		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D
						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	9.4	265	Total			

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Type III 24-hr 100 Yr Rainfall=7.00" Printed 3/11/2020 Page 42



6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 Time (hours)

Subcatchment E1: PreDev

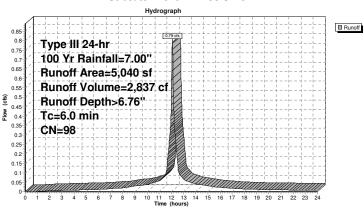
### Summary for Subcatchment P1: Roofs 1 & 2

Runoff = 0.79 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 2,837 cf, Depth> 6.76"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Yr Rainfall=7.00"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
-	*	5,040	98	Roof, HSG	Α				
		5,040		100.00% Impervious Area					
	Тс	Length	Slop	e Velocity	Capacity	Description			
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	·			
-	6.0					Direct Entry, Min Tc			

### Subcatchment P1: Roofs 1 & 2



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Type III 24-hr 100 Yr Rainfall=7.00" Printed 3/11/2020 Page 44

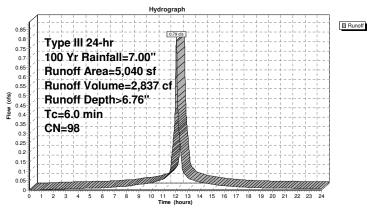
### Summary for Subcatchment P2: Roofs 1 & 2

Runoff = 0.79 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 2,837 cf, Depth> 6.76"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Yr Rainfall=7.00"

	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
		5,040	98	Roofs, HSG A					
		5,040		100.00% Impervious Area					
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
-	6.0					Direct Entry,			

### Subcatchment P2: Roofs 1 & 2



### Summary for Subcatchment P3: Drive & Walks

Runoff = 1.81 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 6,030 cf, Depth> 4.47"

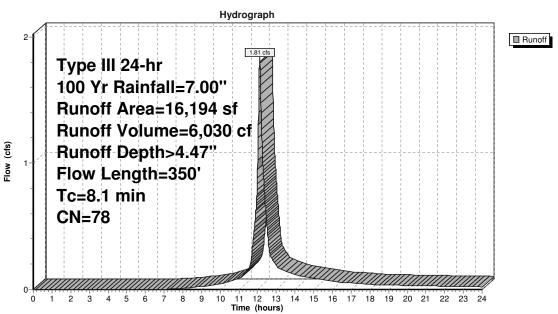
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Yr Rainfall=7.00"

	Area (sf)	CN [	Description								
	5,402	39 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A								
	10,792	98 F	aved park	ing, HSG A							
	16,194	78 V	Veighted A	Average							
	5,402	3	3.36% Pe	rvious Area							
	10,792	6	6.64% Imp	pervious Ar	ea						
Т	c Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description						
(mir	i) (feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)							
6.	2 25	0.0100	0.07		Sheet Flow, A-B						
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20"						
1.	9 325	0.0200	2.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C						
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps						
8.	1 350	Total									

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Type III 24-hr 100 Yr Rainfall=7.00" Printed 3/11/2020 Page 46

### Subcatchment P3: Drive & Walks



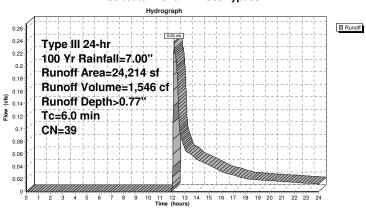
### Summary for Subcatchment P4: Post Bypass

0.24 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 1,546 cf, Depth> 0.77" Runoff

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Yr Rainfall=7.00"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description	Pescription Pescription						
		24,214	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A							
	24,214 100.00% Pervious Area										
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description					
_	6.0					Direct Entry.					

### Subcatchment P4: Post Bypass



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### Summary for Pond 1P: Recharge#1

Inflow Area = 5,040 sf,100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 6.76" for 100 Yr event

0.79 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.09 cfs @ 12.67 hrs, Volume= Inflow 2,837 cf

Outflow 2,837 cf, Atten= 88%, Lag= 35.5 min

Discarded = 0.09 cfs @ 12.67 hrs, Volume= 2,837 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 206.69' @ 12.67 hrs Surf.Area= 361 sf Storage= 915 cf Flood Elev= 207.50' Surf.Area= 361 sf Storage= 1,036 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 68.6 min calculated for 2,837 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 68.4 min ( 810.8 - 742.4 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description		
#1A	202.50'	512 cf	0.50'W x 34.37'L x 5.00'H Field A		
			1,804 cf Overall - 523 cf Embedded = 1,281 cf x 40.0% Voids		
#2A	203.00'	523 cf	Cultec R-902HD x 8 Inside #1		
			Effective Size= 69.8"W x 48.0"H => 17.65 sf x 3.67'L = 64.7 cf		
			Overall Size= 78.0"W x 48.0"H x 4.10'L with 0.44' Overlap		
			Cap Storage= +2.8 cf x 2 x 1 rows = 5.5 cf		
		1 026 of	Total Available Storage		

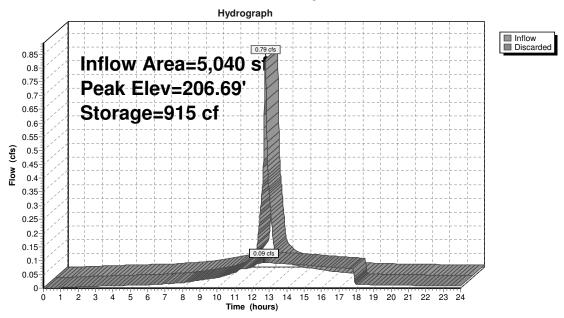
1,036 cf Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	
#1	Discarded	202.50'	8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area	Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 190.00'

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.09 cfs @ 12.67 hrs HW=206.69' (Free Discharge) -1=Exfiltration (Controls 0.09 cfs)

#### Pond 1P: Recharge#1



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#### Summary for Pond 2P: Recharge#2

Inflow Area = 5,040 sf,100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 6.76" for 100 Yr event

0.79 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.11 cfs @ 12.58 hrs, Volume= Inflow 2,837 cf

Inflow = Outflow = 2,837 cf, Atten= 86%, Lag= 29.6 min

0.11 cfs @ 12.58 hrs, Volume= Discarded = 2,837 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 199.94' @ 12.58 hrs Surf.Area= 361 sf Storage= 868 cf Flood Elev= 201.00' Surf.Area= 361 sf Storage= 1,036 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 52.5 min calculated for 2,837 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 52.3 min ( 794.8 - 742.4 )

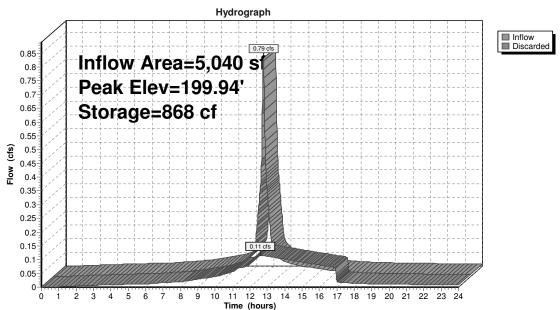
Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	196.00'	512 cf	10.50'W x 34.37'L x 5.00'H Field A
			1,804 cf Overall - 523 cf Embedded = 1,281 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	196.50'	523 cf	Cultec R-902HD x 8 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 69.8"W x 48.0"H => 17.65 sf x 3.67'L = 64.7 cf
			Overall Size= 78.0"W x 48.0"H x 4.10'L with 0.44' Overlap
			Cap Storage= +2.8 cf x 2 x 1 rows = 5.5 cf
		1,036 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	
#1	Discarded	196.00'	8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 190.00'	

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.11 cfs @ 12.58 hrs HW=199.94' (Free Discharge) -1=Exfiltration (Controls 0.11 cfs)

#### Pond 2P: Recharge#2



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#### Summary for Pond 3P: Recharge #3

Inflow Area = 16,194 sf, 66.64% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 4.47" for 100 Yr event

1.81 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.38 cfs @ 12.57 hrs, Volume= 0.38 cfs @ 12.57 hrs, Volume= Inflow 6,030 cf

Inflow = Outflow = 6,028 cf, Atten= 79%, Lag= 27.2 min

Discarded = 6,028 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 0.05 @ 0.05 By Storage= 0.05 Storage= 0.05 Storage= 0.05 Routing Routing

Flood Elev= 203.00' Surf.Area= 650 sf Storage= 2,065 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 48.0 min calculated for 6,028 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 47.8 min ( 861.6 - 813.8 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	197.50'	1,007 cf	33.00'W x 19.70'L x 5.50'H Field A
			3,576 cf Overall - 1,058 cf Embedded = 2,518 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	198.50'	1,058 cf	Cultec R-902HD x 16 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 69.8"W x 48.0"H => 17.65 sf x 3.67'L = 64.7 cf
			Overall Size= 78.0"W x 48.0"H x 4.10'L with 0.44' Overlap
			4 Rows of 4 Chambers
			Cap Storage= +2.8 cf x 2 x 4 rows = 22.1 cf

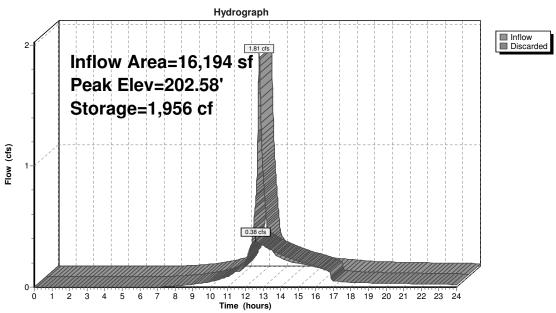
2,065 cf Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	
#1	Discarded	197 50'	8.270 in/hr Extiltration over Wetted area Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 192.00'	

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.38 cfs @ 12.57 hrs HW=202.58' (Free Discharge) -1=Exfiltration (Controls 0.38 cfs)





### APPENDIX – B

# Stormwater Recharge Calculations & Water Quality Volumes TSS Removal Calculations Standards 3 & 4

#### APPENDIX – B

# **Stormwater Recharge & Water Quality Volume Calculations Standard 3:**

#### Project:

**Moose Hill Condominiums** 

Walpole MA

Revised: March 10, 2020

#### **Impervious Areas\*:**

#### **Project Site:**

Roof: 10,080 sf Paved: 10,792 sf Total: 20,872 sf

Impervious Area to Recharge System #1: 5,040 s.f.
Impervious Area to Recharge System #2: 5,040 s.f.
Impervious Area to Recharge System #3: 10,792 s.f.
Total Impervious Area to infiltration: 20,872 s.f.

Rv = F \* Impervious Area

Rv = Required Recharge Volume

F = Depth Factor

Hydrologic Soils Group Map indicates that the soils in the recharge areas are Hinckley loamy sand . Witnessed on-site soil testing revealed the substratum soils in the areas of the infiltration facilities consisting of sand, and gravel. The required recharge volume was calculated utilizing Hydrologic Soil Group "A".

Soil Type A – Depth Factor = 0.60 inch

Rawls Rate 8.27 inches/hour (

#### Recharge System #1 & #2:

Roof: 5,040 s.f

Recharge Volume required:

Rv = (0.60 inch \* 5,040 s.f.) / 12 = 252 c.f.

#### Infiltration System #1 & #2 (Cultec R-902HD)

"Static" Storage Volume Provided:

Total storage volume = 1,036 cf

1,036 cf > 252 c.f. **ok** 

#### Time to drain:

Drawdown time = Volume/(K\*Bottom Area)

Volume = 252 cf

K = 8.27 in/hr = 0.69 ft/hr

Bottom Area = 361 sf

Drawdown time =  $252 \text{ cf} / (0.69 \text{ ft/hr } \times 361 \text{ sf})$ 

Drawdown time = 1.0 hr < 72 hr ok

Moose Hill Condominiums Recharge & Water Quality Calculations

#### Recharge System (2R):

Impervious Area: 10,792 s.f

Recharge Volume required:

Rv = (0.60inch \* 10,792 s.f.) / 12 = 540 c.f.

<u>Infiltration System #3(Cultec R-902HD)</u>
<u>"Static" Storage Volume Provided:</u>
Total storage volume provided = 2,065 <u>cf</u>
2,065 cf > 540 cf **ok** 

#### Time to drain:

Drawdown time = Volume/(K\*Bottom Area)
Volume = 80 cf
K = 8.27 in/hr = 0.69 ft/hr
Bottom Area = 650 sf
Drawdown time = 540 / (0.69 ft/hr x 650 sf)
Drawdown time = 1.2 hr < 72 hr **ok** 

# INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Sheet is nonautomated. Print sheet and complete using hand calculations. Column A and B: See MassDEP Structural BMP Table
  - 2. The calculations must be completed using the Column Headings specified in Chart and Not the Excel Column Headings
    - 3. To complete Chart Column D, multiple Column B value within Row x Column C value within Row
- 4. To complete Chart Column E value, subtract Column D value within Row from Column C within Row
  - 5. Total TSS Removal = Sum All Values in Column D

									۰ ـ ع	
	ш.	Remaining Load (C-D)	7	0.75	0.56				Separate Form Needs to be Completed for Each Outlet or BMP Train	n previous BMP (E)
	٥	Amount Removed (B*C)	Ļ	0.72	61.0				% 44	*Equals remaining load from previous BMP (E) which enters the BMP
CLESS DRIVE	0	Starting 155 Load*		1.00	0.75				Total TSS Removal =	
Location: PRETREATMENT ACCESS DRIVE	ш С	ISS Hemoval Rate <sup>1</sup>	2000	0.72	0.25				Total T	
Location:	ď	BMP <sup>1</sup>	DEED SUMD	CARH BASIN	DEED SUMP MANHOLE					Project: Prepared By: Date:
			196	эц			ijeluo	Sal		
					Isvo	Rem	SST			

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. In BMP Column, click on Blue Cell to Activate Drop Down Menu
- Select BMP from Drop Down Menu
   After BMP is selected, TSS Removal and other Columns are automatically completed.

Separate Form Needs to be Completed for Each Remaining **Outlet or BMP Train** Load (D-E) 'Equals remaining load from previous BMP (E) 0.75 0.56 0.11 0.11 0.11 Removed (C\*D) which enters the BMP Amount 0.25 0.19 0.45 0.00 0.00 %68 Total TSS Removal = Starting TSS Load\* 1.00 0.75 0.56 0.11 0.1 Location: Moose Hill Condominiums (Access Drive) **TSS Removal** Rate<sup>-</sup> 0.25 0.25 0.80 0.00 0.00 Date: 3/10/2020 **Project:** Prepared By: Deep Sump and Hooded Deep Sump and Hooded Infiltration Trench Catch Basin **Catch Basin** BMP<sup>1</sup> മ Calculation Worksheet **IsvomaR 22T** 

must be used if Proprietary BMP Proposed 1. From MassDEP Stormwater Handbook Vol. 1 Non-automated TSS Calculation Sheet

## APPENDIX - C

## **Stormwater Operations & Maintenance Plan**

# Standard 9

Walpole, Massachusetts

# Stormwater Management Operation and Maintenance Plan And Long Term Pollution Prevention Plan

Maintenance Agreement
Moose Hill Condominiums
Walpole, Massachusetts

March 10, 2020

In accordance with Standard 9 of the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Stormwater Handbook (February 2008), the attached on-site maintenance program for the proposed stormwater management system has been developed to ensure the Best Management Practices (BMP's) in place will remain functioning as designed. The landowner/operator, or its successors, of the Project Site, Moose Hill Condominiums, shall be responsible for financing maintenance and emergency repairs of the entire storm water management system on the property. The Plan contains both construction period operations and maintenance as well as post construction responsibilities that shall "run" with the property if ownership is transferred.

#### **Responsible Operator:**

RADKE Associates, LLC
Donald Wright
P.O. Box 546
Dover, Massachusetts 02030

Office: 508-785-0066

Donald Wright Date

Estimated Maintenance Yearly Budget:

Annual Catch Basin and Infiltration Chamber Cleaning: \$ 600.00

Repairs: \$ 250.00

Total \$ 850.00

#### **Construction Period Operation and Maintenance:**

#### **Good Housekeeping Practices:**

- Remove all debris from site and dispose of in trash dumpsters
- Plan for adequate disposal of scrap, waste and surplus materials
- Keep work area clean
- Secure loose or light material that is stored on the site
- Store flammable materials apart from other materials
- Secure all materials at the end of each work day
- Maintain a clean neat and orderly site

#### Safety:

Keep safety considerations at the forefront of inspection procedures at all times. Likely hazards should be anticipated and avoided. Never enter a confined space (outlet structure, manhole, etc) without proper training or equipment. A confined space should never be entered without at least one additional person present. If a toxic or flammable substance is discovered, leave the immediate area and contact the local authorities at 911.

All cast iron storm water structure grates and covers shall be kept in good condition and kept closed at all times. Any damaged or broken structures will be replaced immediately upon discovery.

#### **Construction Entrances:**

The purpose of stabilizing entrances to a construction site is to minimize the amount of sediment leaving the area as mud and sediment attached to vehicles. The entrances shall be sized according to the Massachusetts DEP and US EPA guidelines and will be maintained on a weekly basis during construction. A Detail is included in the Site Plans prepared for the Project.

#### **Catch Basin Protection:**

Temporary inlet protection barriers consisting of Silt Sacks® will be placed within all constructed inlets to prevent inflow of sediments into the constructed drainage system. The barriers shall remain in place until a permanent cover is established or diversions away from the inlets are constructed. The barriers shall be observed and maintained as necessary on a weekly basis and after every rainfall of 0.5 inches or more.

#### **Dust Control:**

Soils information for the site indicates that it is comprised of sandy soils. Therefore, Dust control BMPs to reduce surface activities and air movement that causes dust to be generated from disturbed soil surfaces will be required. The preferred measure for dust control is sprinkling/irrigation. This is an on-going/as-needed requirement until surfaces have been stabilized. There shall be a water truck on-site available as needed.

Walpole, Massachusetts

#### **Subsurface Infiltration Chambers:**

Rope or fence off the area selected for the infiltration chambers. Stabilize the site prior to installing the subsurface chambers. Do not allow runoff from any disturbed areas on site to flow to the chambers. Never allow construction equipment not performing the excavation to drive across the area where the chambers will be installed. Provide an access port, man-way, and an observation well to enable inspection of water levels within the system. Make the observation well pipe visible at grade. See the attached Cultec Operations and Maintenance Guidelines for additional information.

#### **Spill Control:**

A contingency plan to address the spillage/release of petroleum products and any hazardous materials will be implemented for the site during construction. The plan will include the following measures:

- Equipment necessary to quickly attend to inadvertent spills or leaks shall be on-site in a secure but accessible location. Such equipment will include, but not be limited to, the following: urethane drain cover seals (mats), a spill containment kit which includes sand and shovels, suitable absorbent materials, storage containers, safety goggles, chemically resistant gloves and overshoe boots, water and chemical fire extinguishers, and first aid equipment.
- Spills or leaks will be treated properly according to material type, volume of spillage and location of spill. Mitigation will include preventing further spillage, containing the spilled material to the smallest practical area, removing spilled material in a safe and environmentally friendly manner, and remediating any damage to the environment.
- The contractor shall be familiar with the reporting requirements of the Massachusetts
   Contingency Plan (310 CMR 40.00) as issued by the Massachusetts Department of
   Environmental Protection (DEP); specifically Subpart C Notification of Releases and Threats
   of Release of Oil and Hazardous Materials and Subpart D Preliminary Response Activities and
   Risk Reduction Measures.
- For any large spills. The Massachusetts DEP Hazardous Waste Incident Response Group shall be notified immediately at 1-617-792-7653 and an emergency response contractor will be called in.

#### **Post-Construction Period Operation and Maintenance:**

#### **Pavement Sweeping:**

Sweeping has been shown to be an effective initial treatment for reducing contaminants in stormwater runoff. Sweeping is not required to meet TSS removal goals in this case but should be performed at least once per year, in the spring to remove winter accumulations or at other when warranted.

#### **Gutter Cleaning:**

Gutter cleaning shall be done at least once per year, in the fall after the trees have dropped their leaves. Inspect downspouts and overflows periodically to prevent debris buildup.

#### **Deep Sump Catch Basins:**

Deep sump catch basins remain effective at removing pollutants only if they are cleaned out frequently. Inspect and clean sumps when sediments whenever the depth of deposits is greater than or equal to one half the depth from the bottom of the invert to the lowest pipe in the basin, at least once (1) time per year, at the end of the foliage and snow removal seasons. Clamshell buckets or vacuum trucks shall be utilized.

#### Recharge Systems (Infiltration Chambers):

The inlet pipe and observation access port shall be inspected 4 times per year. Inspect recharge facilities following a rainfall event greater than 2.5 inches in a 24 hour period. Any accumulated debris shall be removed.

If standing water is observed for more than 72 hours following a storm event, immediately retain a qualified professional to assess whether infiltration function has been lost and develop recommended correction actions.

If upon visual inspection it is found that sediment has accumulated, a stadia rod should be inserted to determine the depth of sediment. When the average depth of sediment exceeds 3 inches throughout the length of the chambers, clean-out should be performed. Maintenance is accomplished with the JetVac process. The JetVac process utilizes a high pressure water nozzle to propel itself down the Isolator Row while scouring and suspending sediments. As the nozzle is retrieved, the captured pollutants are flushed back into the manhole for vacuuming. Most sewer and pipe maintenance companies have vacuum/JetVac combination vehicles.

#### **Snow Removal and De-icing:**

Snow shall be stored in the designated areas shown on the site plans. If snow accumulation exceeds the limits of the storage areas, excess snow shall be removed from the site and disposed of in a proper manner.

The use of Sodium Chloride ("rock salt") for de-icing of paved surfaces will be limited; except when found to be necessary for safety of the residents. Sand will be the primary icing control agent.

Walpole, Massachusetts

Alternative de-icing products such as calcium chloride may be used as temperatures or other conditions warrant.

#### Fertilizer:

Slow release organic fertilizers will be used in landscape areas to limit nutrient transport to groundwater and wetland areas. Application will be limited to 3 lbs. per 1000 sf of lawn area.

### **Stormwater Construction Site Inspection Report**

	General Information					
Project Name	Moose Hill Condominiun	ns				
MA DEP File No.		Location	Walpole, MA			
Date of Inspection		Start/End Time				
Inspector's Name(s)						
Inspector's Title(s)						
<b>Inspector's Contact Information</b>						
Inspector's Qualifications						
Describe present phase of construction						
Type of Inspection: ☐ Regular ☐ Pre-storm event	☐ During storm event	☐ Post-storm e	vent			
	Weather Info	rmation				
Has there been a storm event since the last inspection? □Yes  If yes, provide:  Storm Start Date & Time: Storm Duration (hrs): Approximate Amount of Precipitation (in):						
Weather at time of this inspection?  □ Clear □ Cloudy □ Rain □ Sleet □ Fog □ Snowing □ High Winds □ Other: Temperature:						
Have any discharges occurred since the last inspection? □Yes □No If yes, describe:						
Are there any discharges at the time of inspection?   Yes  No  If yes, describe:						

#### **Site-specific BMPs**

- Number the structural and non-structural BMPs identified in your SWPPP on your site map and list them below (add as many BMPs as necessary). Carry a copy of the numbered site map with you during your inspections. This list will ensure that you are inspecting all required BMPs at your site.
- Describe corrective actions initiated, date completed, and note the person that completed the work in the Corrective Action Log.

	BMP	BMP	BMP	Corrective Action Needed and Notes
		Installed?	Maintenance	
			Required?	
1		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
2		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
3		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
4		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
5		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
6		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
7		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
8		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	
9		□Yes □No	□Yes □No	

Walpole, Massachusetts	
Non-Co	ompliance
scribe any incidents of non-compliance not described above:	•
CERTIFICATI	ON STATEMENT
accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified p	tachments were prepared under my direction or supervision i personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information ho manage the system, or those persons directly responsible
for gathering the information, the information submitted is,	
Print name and title:	
Signature:	Date:

Moose Hill Condominiums

# Contactor® & Recharger® **Stormwater Chambers**



**Operation and Maintenance Guidelines** 

for **CULTEC Stormwater Management Systems** 





### **Operations and Maintenance Guidelines**

Published by
CULTEC, Inc.
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#### **Contact Information:**

For general information on our other products and services, please contact our offices within the United States at (800)428-5832, (203)775-4416 ext. 202, or e-mail us at custservice@cultec.com.

For technical support, please call (203)775-4416 ext. 203 or e-mail tech@cultec.com.

Visit www.cultec.com/downloads.html for Product Downloads and CAD details.

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May 2017

These instructions are for single-layer traffic applications only. For multi-layer applications, contact CULTEC.

All illustrations and photos shown herein are examples of typical situations. Be sure to follow the engineer's drawings.

Actual designs may vary.



This manual contains guidelines recommended by CULTEC, Inc. and may be used in conjunction with, but not to supersede, local regulations or regulatory authorities. OSHA Guidelines must be followed when inspecting or cleaning any structure.

#### Introduction

The CULTEC Subsurface Stormwater Management System is a high-density polyethylene (HDPE) chamber system arranged in parallel rows surrounded by washed stone. The CULTEC chambers create arch-shaped voids within the washed stone to provide stormwater detention, retention, infiltration, and reclamation. Filter fabric is placed between the native soil and stone interface to prevent the intrusion of fines into the system. In order to minimize the amount of sediment which may enter the CULTEC system, a sediment collection device (stormwater pretreatment device) is recommended upstream from the CULTEC chamber system. Examples of pretreatment devices include, but are not limited to, an appropriately sized catch basin with sump, pretreatment catchment device, oil grit separator, or baffled distribution box. Manufactured pretreatment devices may also be used in accordance with CULTEC chambers. Installation, operation, and maintenance of these devices shall be in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. Almost all of the sediment entering the stormwater management system will be collected within the pretreatment device.

Best Management Practices allow for the maintenance of the preliminary collection systems prior to feeding the CULTEC chambers. The pretreatment structures shall be inspected for any debris that will restrict inlet flow rates. Outfall structures, if any, such as outlet control must also be inspected for any obstructions that would restrict outlet flow rates. OSHA Guidelines must be followed when inspecting or cleaning any structure.

#### **Operation and Maintenance Requirements**

#### I. Operation

CULTEC stormwater management systems shall be operated to receive only stormwater run-off in accordance with applicable local regulations. CULTEC subsurface stormwater management chambers operate at peak performance when installed in series with pretreatment. Pretreatment of suspended solids is superior to treatment of solids once they have been introduced into the system. The use of pretreatment is adequate as long as the structure is maintained and the site remains stable with finished impervious surfaces such as parking lots, walkways, and pervious areas are properly maintained. If there is to be an unstable condition, such as improvements to buildings or parking areas, all proper silt control measures shall be implemented according to local regulations.

#### II. Inspection and Maintenance Options

- A. The CULTEC system may be equipped with an inspection port located on the inlet row. The inspection port is a circular cast box placed in a rectangular concrete collar. When the lid is removed, a 6-inch (150 mm) pipe with a screw-in plug will be exposed. Remove the plug. This will provide access to the CULTEC Chamber row below. From the surface, through this access, the sediment may be measured at this location. A stadia rod may be used to measure the depth of sediment if any in this row. If the depth of sediment is in excess of 3 inches (76 mm), then this row should be cleaned with high pressure water through a culvert cleaning nozzle. This would be carried out through an upstream manhole or through the CULTEC StormFilter Unit (or other pretreatment device). CCTV inspection of this row can be deployed through this access port to deter mine if any sediment has accumulated in the inlet row.
- **B.** If the CULTEC bed is not equipped with an inspection port, then access to the inlet row will be through an upstream manhole or the CULTEC StormFilter.

#### 1. Manhole Access

This inspection should only be carried out by persons trained in confined space entry and sewer inspection services. After the manhole cover has been removed a gas detector must be lowered into the manhole to ensure that there are not high concentrations of toxic gases present. The inspector should be lowered into the manhole with the proper safety equipment as per OSHA requirements. The inspector may be able to observe sediment from this location. If this is not possible, the inspector will need to deploy a CCTV robot to permit viewing of the sediment.

### Operations and Maintenance Guidelines



#### 2. StormFilter Access

Remove the manhole cover to allow access to the unit. Typically a 30-inch (750 mm) pipe is used as a riser from the StormFilter to the surface. As in the case with manhole access, this access point requires a technician trained in confined space entry with proper gas detection equipment. This individual must be equipped with the proper safety equipment for entry into the StormFilter. The technician will be lowered onto the StormFilter unit. The hatch on the unit must be removed. Inside the unit are two filters which may be removed according to StormFilter maintenance guidelines. Once these filters are removed the inspector can enter the StormFilter unit to launch the CCTV camera robot.

C. The inlet row of the CULTEC system is placed on a polyethylene liner to prevent scouring of the washed stone beneath this row. This also facilitates the flushing of this row with high pressure water through a culvert cleaning nozzle. The nozzle is deployed through a manhole or the StormFilter and extended to the end of the row. The water is turned on and the inlet row is back-flushed into the manhole or StormFilter. This water is to be removed from the manhole or StormFilter using a vacuum truck.

#### III. Maintenance Guidelines

The following guidelines shall be adhered to for the operation and maintenance of the CULTEC stormwater management system:

- **A**. The owner shall keep a maintenance log which shall include details of any events which would have an effect on the system's operational capacity.
- **B.** The operation and maintenance procedure shall be reviewed periodically and changed to meet site conditions.
- C. Maintenance of the stormwater management system shall be performed by qualified workers and shall follow applicable occupational health and safety requirements.
- **D.** Debris removed from the stormwater management system shall be disposed of in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

### IV. Suggested Maintenance Schedules

#### A. Minor Maintenance

The following suggested schedule shall be followed for routine maintenance during the regular operation of the stormwater system:

Frequency	Action
Monthly in first year	Check inlets and outlets for clogging and remove any debris, as required.
Spring and Fall	Check inlets and outlets for clogging and remove any debris, as required.
One year after commissioning and every third year following	Check inlets and outlets for clogging and remove any debris, as required.

#### B. Major Maintenance

The following suggested maintenance schedule shall be followed to maintain the performance of the CULTEC stormwater management chambers. Additional work may be necessary due to insufficient performance and other issues that might be found during the inspection of the stormwater management chambers. (See table on next page)



	Frequency	Action
Inlets and Outlets	Every 3 years	Obtain documentation that the inlets, outlets and vents have been cleaned and will function as intended.
	Spring and Fall	Check inlet and outlets for clogging and remove any debris as required.
CULTEC Stormwater Chambers	2 years after commissioning	Inspect the interior of the stormwater management chambers through inspection port for deficiencies using CCTV or comparable technique.
		Obtain documentation that the stormwater management chambers and feed connectors will function as anticipated.
	9 years after commis- sioning every 9 years following	Clean stormwater management chambers and feed connectors of any debris.
	Tonorming	Inspect the interior of the stormwater management structures for deficiencies using CCTV or comparable technique.
		Obtain documentation that the stormwater management chambers and feed connectors have been cleaned and will function as intended.
	45 years after com- missioning	Clean stormwater management chambers and feed connectors of any debris.
		Determine the remaining life expectancy of the stormwater management chambers and recommended schedule and actions to rehabilitate the stormwater management chambers as required.
		Inspect the interior of the stormwater management chambers for deficiencies using CCTV or comparable technique.
		Replace or restore the stormwater management chambers in accordance with the schedule determined at the 45-year inspection.
		Attain the appropriate approvals as required.
		Establish a new operation and maintenance schedule.
Surrounding Site	Monthly in 1 <sup>st</sup> year	Check for depressions in areas over and surrounding the stormwater management system.
	Spring and Fall	Check for depressions in areas over and surrounding the stormwater management system.
	Yearly	Confirm that no unauthorized modifications have been performed to the site.

For additional information concerning the maintenance of CULTEC Subsurface Stormwater Management Chambers, please contact CULTEC, Inc. at 1-800-428-5832.

## APPENDIX – D

## **Illicit Discharge Statement**

# Standard 10

#### Walpole, Massachusetts

#### **Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement**

# Moose Hill Condominiums Walpole, Massachusetts

#### March 10, 2020

This statement is provided in accordance with the provisions of the Massachusetts Stormwater Management Standard #10.

To the best of the applicant's/owners knowledge there are no illicit discharges to the site's stormwater manangement system.

All proposed uses on the site will not generate, store or discharge any pollutants to the groundwater and/or wetland resource areas.

Any illicit discharges identified during or after construction will be terminated immediately.

#### **Applicant/Owner:**

RADKE Associates, LLC

Attn: Donald Wright
P.O Box 5462
Dover, MA 02030
Phone: 508-785-0066

Donald Wright	Date

### **APPENDIX - E**

## **Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan**

(to be submitted prior to construction)

## APPENDIX – F

## **Checklist for Stormwater Report**



Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

# **Checklist for Stormwater Report**

#### A. Introduction

Important: When filling out forms on the computer, use only the tab key to move your cursor - do not use the return key.





A Stormwater Report must be submitted with the Notice of Intent permit application to document compliance with the Stormwater Management Standards. The following checklist is NOT a substitute for the Stormwater Report (which should provide more substantive and detailed information) but is offered here as a tool to help the applicant organize their Stormwater Management documentation for their Report and for the reviewer to assess this information in a consistent format. As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Report must contain the engineering computations and supporting information set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The Stormwater Report must be prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer (RPE) licensed in the Commonwealth.

The Stormwater Report must include:

- The Stormwater Checklist completed and stamped by a Registered Professional Engineer (see page 2) that certifies that the Stormwater Report contains all required submittals. This Checklist is to be used as the cover for the completed Stormwater Report.
- Applicant/Project Name
- Project Address
- Name of Firm and Registered Professional Engineer that prepared the Report
- Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan required by Standards 4-6
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan required by Standard 8<sup>2</sup>
- Operation and Maintenance Plan required by Standard 9

In addition to all plans and supporting information, the Stormwater Report must include a brief narrative describing stormwater management practices, including environmentally sensitive site design and LID techniques, along with a diagram depicting runoff through the proposed BMP treatment train. Plans are required to show existing and proposed conditions, identify all wetland resource areas, NRCS soil types, critical areas, Land Uses with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPL), and any areas on the site where infiltration rate is greater than 2.4 inches per hour. The Plans shall identify the drainage areas for both existing and proposed conditions at a scale that enables verification of supporting calculations.

As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Management Report shall document compliance with each of the Stormwater Management Standards as provided in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The soils evaluation and calculations shall be done using the methodologies set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.

To ensure that the Stormwater Report is complete, applicants are required to fill in the Stormwater Report Checklist by checking the box to indicate that the specified information has been included in the Stormwater Report. If any of the information specified in the checklist has not been submitted, the applicant must provide an explanation. The completed Stormwater Report Checklist and Certification must be submitted with the Stormwater Report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Stormwater Report may also include the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement required by Standard 10. If not included in the Stormwater Report, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement must be submitted prior to the discharge of stormwater runoff to the post-construction best management practices.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For some complex projects, it may not be possible to include the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan in the Stormwater Report. In that event, the issuing authority has the discretion to issue an Order of Conditions that approves the project and includes a condition requiring the proponent to submit the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan before commencing any land disturbance activity on the site.



Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

# **Checklist for Stormwater Report**

#### **B. Stormwater Checklist and Certification**

The following checklist is intended to serve as a guide for applicants as to the elements that ordinarily need to be addressed in a complete Stormwater Report. The checklist is also intended to provide conservation commissions and other reviewing authorities with a summary of the components necessary for a comprehensive Stormwater Report that addresses the ten Stormwater Standards.

*Note:* Because stormwater requirements vary from project to project, it is possible that a complete Stormwater Report may not include information on some of the subjects specified in the Checklist. If it is determined that a specific item does not apply to the project under review, please note that the item is not applicable (N.A.) and provide the reasons for that determination.

A complete checklist must include the Certification set forth below signed by the Registered Professional Engineer who prepared the Stormwater Report.

### Registered Professional Engineer's Certification

I have reviewed the Stormwater Report, including the soil evaluation, computations, Long-term Pollution Prevention Plan, the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (if included), the Long-term Post-Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement (if included) and the plans showing the stormwater management system, and have determined that they have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Stormwater Management Standards as further elaborated by the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. I have also determined that the information presented in the Stormwater Checklist is accurate and that the information presented in the Stormwater Report accurately reflects conditions at the site as of the date of this permit application.

Stormwater Report accurately reflects conditions at the site as of the date of this permit application.
Registered Professional Engineer Block and Signature
Signature and Date
Checklist
<b>Project Type:</b> Is the application for new development, redevelopment, or a mix of new and redevelopment?
Redevelopment
Mix of New Development and Redevelopment



Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

# **Checklist for Stormwater Report**

### Checklist (continued)

**LID Measures:** Stormwater Standards require LID measures to be considered. Document what environmentally sensitive design and LID Techniques were considered during the planning and design of the project:

$\boxtimes$	No disturbance to any Wetland Resource Areas
$\boxtimes$	Site Design Practices (e.g. clustered development, reduced frontage setbacks)
	Reduced Impervious Area (Redevelopment Only)
$\boxtimes$	Minimizing disturbance to existing trees and shrubs
	LID Site Design Credit Requested:
	☐ Credit 1
	☐ Credit 2
	☐ Credit 3
	Use of "country drainage" versus curb and gutter conveyance and pipe
	Bioretention Cells (includes Rain Gardens)
	Constructed Stormwater Wetlands (includes Gravel Wetlands designs)
	Treebox Filter
	Water Quality Swale
	Grass Channel
	Green Roof
	Other (describe):
Sta	ndard 1: No New Untreated Discharges
$\boxtimes$	No new untreated discharges
	Outlets have been designed so there is no erosion or scour to wetlands and waters of the Commonwealth
$\boxtimes$	Supporting calculations specified in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook included.



Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

# **Checklist for Stormwater Report**

Checklist (continued) Standard 2: Peak Rate Attenuation Standard 2 waiver requested because the project is located in land subject to coastal storm flowage and stormwater discharge is to a wetland subject to coastal flooding. Evaluation provided to determine whether off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm. Calculations provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed predevelopment rates for the 2-year and 10-year 24-hour storms. If evaluation shows that off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm, calculations are also provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development rates for the 100-year 24hour storm. Standard 3: Recharge Soil Analysis provided. Required Recharge Volume calculation provided. Required Recharge volume reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits. Sizing the infiltration, BMPs is based on the following method: Check the method used. ☐ Static Simple Dynamic Dynamic Field<sup>1</sup> Runoff from all impervious areas at the site discharging to the infiltration BMP. Runoff from all impervious areas at the site is *not* discharging to the infiltration BMP and calculations are provided showing that the drainage area contributing runoff to the infiltration BMPs is sufficient to generate the required recharge volume. Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume. Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume *only* to the maximum extent practicable for the following reason: Site is comprised solely of C and D soils and/or bedrock at the land surface Solid Waste Landfill pursuant to 310 CMR 19.000 Project is otherwise subject to Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum extent practicable.

Calculations showing that the infiltration BMPs will drain in 72 hours are provided.

Property includes a M.G.L. c. 21E site or a solid waste landfill and a mounding analysis is included.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 80% TSS removal is required prior to discharge to infiltration BMP if Dynamic Field method is used.



Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

# **Checklist for Stormwater Report**

#### Standard 3: Recharge (continued)

The infiltration BMP is used to attenuate peak flows during storms greater than or equal to the 10-year 24-hour storm and separation to seasonal high groundwater is less than 4 feet and a mounding analysis is provided.
Documentation is provided showing that infiltration BMPs do not adversely impact nearby wetland resource areas.

#### Standard 4: Water Quality

The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan typically includes the following:

- Good housekeeping practices:
- Provisions for storing materials and waste products inside or under cover:
- Vehicle washing controls;
- Requirements for routine inspections and maintenance of stormwater BMPs;
- Spill prevention and response plans;
- Provisions for maintenance of lawns, gardens, and other landscaped areas;
- Requirements for storage and use of fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides:
- Pet waste management provisions;
- Provisions for operation and management of septic systems;
- Provisions for solid waste management;
- Snow disposal and plowing plans relative to Wetland Resource Areas;
- Winter Road Salt and/or Sand Use and Storage restrictions;
- Street sweeping schedules;
- Provisions for prevention of illicit discharges to the stormwater management system;
- Documentation that Stormwater BMPs are designed to provide for shutdown and containment in the event of a spill or discharges to or near critical areas or from LUHPPL;
- Training for staff or personnel involved with implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan;
- List of Emergency contacts for implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan.
- A Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan is attached to Stormwater Report and is included as an attachment to the Wetlands Notice of Intent.
- Treatment BMPs subject to the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement and the one inch rule for

calculating the water quality volume are included, and discharge:
is within the Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area
is near or to other critical areas
is within soils with a rapid infiltration rate (greater than 2.4 inches per hour)
involves runoff from land uses with higher potential pollutant loads.
The Required Water Quality Volume is reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.
Calculations documenting that the treatment train meets the 80% TSS removal requirement and, if



# **Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection**Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

# **Checklist for Stormwater Report**

Checklist (continued)		
Sta	andard 4: Water Quality (continued)	
$\boxtimes$	The BMP is sized (and calculations provided) based on:	
	☐ The ½" or 1" Water Quality Volume or	
	☐ The equivalent flow rate associated with the Water Quality Volume and documentation is provided showing that the BMP treats the required water quality volume.	
	The applicant proposes to use proprietary BMPs, and documentation supporting use of proprietary BMP and proposed TSS removal rate is provided. This documentation may be in the form of the propriety BMP checklist found in Volume 2, Chapter 4 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook and submitting copies of the TARP Report, STEP Report, and/or other third party studies verifying performance of the proprietary BMPs.	
	A TMDL exists that indicates a need to reduce pollutants other than TSS and documentation showing that the BMPs selected are consistent with the TMDL is provided.	
Sta	ndard 5: Land Uses With Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPLs)	
	The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) has been included with the Stormwater Report.  The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the SWPPP will be submitted <i>prior</i> to the discharge of stormwater to the post-construction stormwater BMPs.	
	The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit does <i>not</i> cover the land use.	
	LUHPPLs are located at the site and industry specific source control and pollution prevention measures have been proposed to reduce or eliminate the exposure of LUHPPLs to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff, and been included in the long term Pollution Prevention Plan.	
	All exposure has been eliminated.	
	All exposure has <i>not</i> been eliminated and all BMPs selected are on MassDEP LUHPPL list.	
	The LUHPPL has the potential to generate runoff with moderate to higher concentrations of oil and grease (e.g. all parking lots with >1000 vehicle trips per day) and the treatment train includes an oil grit separator, a filtering bioretention area, a sand filter or equivalent.	
Sta	andard 6: Critical Areas	
	The discharge is near or to a critical area and the treatment train includes only BMPs that MassDEP has approved for stormwater discharges to or near that particular class of critical area.	
	Critical areas and BMPs are identified in the Stormwater Report.	



Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

# **Checklist for Stormwater Report**

#### Checklist (continued)

andard 7: Redevelopments and Other Projects Subject to the Standards only to the maximum ent practicable
The project is subject to the Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum Extent Practicable as a:
☐ Limited Project
<ul> <li>☐ Small Residential Projects: 5-9 single family houses or 5-9 units in a multi-family development provided there is no discharge that may potentially affect a critical area.</li> <li>☐ Small Residential Projects: 2-4 single family houses or 2-4 units in a multi-family development with a discharge to a critical area</li> <li>☐ Marina and/or boatyard provided the hull painting, service and maintenance areas are protected</li> </ul>
from exposure to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff
Bike Path and/or Foot Path
Redevelopment Project
Redevelopment portion of mix of new and redevelopment.
Certain standards are not fully met (Standard No. 1, 8, 9, and 10 must always be fully met) and an explanation of why these standards are not met is contained in the Stormwater Report.  The project involves redevelopment and a description of all measures that have been taken to improve existing conditions is provided in the Stormwater Report. The redevelopment checklist found in Volume 2 Chapter 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook may be used to document that the proposed stormwater management system (a) complies with Standards 2, 3 and the pretreatment and structural BMP requirements of Standards 4-6 to the maximum extent practicable and (b) improves existing conditions

#### Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control

A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan must include the following information:

- Narrative;
- Construction Period Operation and Maintenance Plan;
- Names of Persons or Entity Responsible for Plan Compliance;
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention Measures;
- Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan Drawings;
- Detail drawings and specifications for erosion control BMPs, including sizing calculations;
- Vegetation Planning;
- Site Development Plan;
- Construction Sequencing Plan;
- Sequencing of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- Operation and Maintenance of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- Inspection Schedule;
- Maintenance Schedule:
- Inspection and Maintenance Log Form.
- A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan containing the information set forth above has been included in the Stormwater Report.



# **Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection**Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

# **Checklist for Stormwater Report**

Checklist (continued)

	ndard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control ntinued)
	The project is highly complex and information is included in the Stormwater Report that explains why it is not possible to submit the Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan with the application. A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control has <i>not</i> been included in the Stormwater Report but will be submitted <i>before</i> land disturbance begins.
	The project is <i>not</i> covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit.
	The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit and a copy of the SWPPP is in the Stormwater Report.
	The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit but no SWPPP been submitted. The SWPPP will be submitted BEFORE land disturbance begins.
Sta	ndard 9: Operation and Maintenance Plan
	The Post Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan is included in the Stormwater Report and includes the following information:
	Name of the stormwater management system owners;
	□ Party responsible for operation and maintenance;
	Schedule for implementation of routine and non-routine maintenance tasks;
	☑ Plan showing the location of all stormwater BMPs maintenance access areas;
	☐ Description and delineation of public safety features;
	Estimated operation and maintenance budget; and
	The responsible party is <i>not</i> the owner of the parcel where the BMP is located and the Stormwater Report includes the following submissions:
	A copy of the legal instrument (deed, homeowner's association, utility trust or other legal entity) that establishes the terms of and legal responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the project site stormwater BMPs;
	A plan and easement deed that allows site access for the legal entity to operate and maintain BMP functions.
Sta	ndard 10: Prohibition of Illicit Discharges
	The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan includes measures to prevent illicit discharges;
$\boxtimes$	An Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached;
	NO Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached but will be submitted <i>prior to</i> the discharge of any stormwater to post-construction BMPs.

### APPENDIX – G

# Pre-Development Subcatchment Areas Post-Development Subcatchment Areas

